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AVIAN LYSOZYME PROMOTER

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- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): AVIGEN-ICS, INC. [US/US]; 111 Riverbend Road, Athens, GA 30605 (US).
- (72) Inventor; and
- (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): RAPP, Jeffrey, C. [US/US]; 265 Pinewood Circle, Athens, GA 30606 (US).
- (74) Agent: JARECKI-BLACK, Judy, C.; 111 Riverbend Road, Athens, GA 30605 (US).

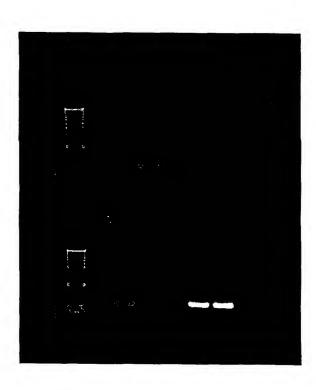
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(54) Title: AVIAN LYSOZYME PROMOTER



(57) Abstract: The present invention provides novel isolated nucleic acids comprising an avian nucleic acid sequence encoding a lysozyme gene expression control region. The isolated nucleic acid of the present invention is useful for reducing the chromosomal positional effect of a transgene operably linked to the lysozyme gene expression control region and transfected into a recipient cell and allows expression of an operably linked heterologous nucleic acid insert in a transfected avian cells such as, for example, an oviduct cell. The isolated avian lysozyme of the present invention may be operably linked with a selected nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide desired to be expressed in a transfected cell. The recombinant DNA of the present invention may further comprise a polyadenylation signal sequence or a chicken lysozyme 3' domain.



WO 02/079447 A2

Title of the Invention

AVIAN LYSOZYME PROMOTER

The present application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Serial No. 09/922,549, filed 03 August 2001, and claiming the benefit of priority from provisional application Serial No. 60/280,004, filed March 30, 2001, and provisional application Serial No. 60/351,550 filed January 25, 2002.

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Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to the identification of an avian lysozyme gene expression control region, specifically from the chicken. More specifically, the invention relates to recombinant nucleic acids and expression vectors, transfected cells and transgenic animals, especially chickens, that comprise the avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid and, optionally, a chicken lysozyme 3' domain. The present invention further relates to the expression of the polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid under the control of the isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region.

Background

The field of transgenics was initially developed to understand the action of a single gene in the context of the whole animal and the phenomena of gene activation, expression, and interaction. This technology has also been used to produce models for various diseases in humans and other animals and is amongst the most powerful tools available for the study of genetics, and the understanding of genetic mechanisms and function. From an economic perspective, the use of transgenic technology to convert animals into "protein factories" for the production of specific proteins or other substances of pharmaceutical interest (Gordon et al., 1987, Biotechnology 5: 1183-1187; Wilmut et al., 1990, Theriogenology 33: 113-123) offers significant advantages over more conventional methods of protein production by gene expression.

Heterologous nucleic acids have been engineered so that an expressed protein may be joined to a protein or peptide that will allow secretion of the transgenic expression product into milk or urine, from which the protein may then be recovered.

These procedures have had limited success and may require lactating animals, with the attendant costs of maintaining individual animals or herds of large species, including cows, sheep, or goats.

Historically, transgenic animals have been produced almost exclusively by microinjection of the fertilized egg. The pronuclei of fertilized eggs are microinjected *in vitro* with foreign, i.e., xenogeneic or allogeneic, heterologous DNA or hybrid DNA molecules. The microinjected fertilized eggs are then transferred to the genital tract of a pseudopregnant female (e.g., <u>Krimpenfort et al.</u>, in U.S. Pat. No. 5,175,384).

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One system that holds potential is the avian reproductive system. The production of an avian egg begins with formation of a large yolk in the ovary of the hen. The unfertilized oocyte or ovum is positioned on top of the yolk sac. After ovulation, the ovum passes into the infundibulum of the oviduct where it is fertilized, if sperm are present, and then moves into the magnum of the oviduct, which is lined with tubular gland cells. These cells secrete the egg-white proteins, including ovalbumin, lysozyme, ovomucoid, conalbumin and ovomucin, into the lumen of the magnum where they are deposited onto the avian embryo and yolk.

The hen oviduct offers outstanding potential as a protein bioreactor because of the high levels of protein production, the promise of proper folding and post-translation modification of the target protein, the ease of product recovery, and the shorter developmental period of chickens compared to other potential animal species. As a result, efforts have been made to create transgenic chickens expressing heterologous proteins in the oviduct by means of microinjection of DNA (PCT Publication WO 97/47739).

The chicken lysozyme gene is highly expressed in the myeloid lineage of hematopoietic cells, and in the tubular glands of the mature hen oviduct (<u>Hauser et al.</u>, 1981, *Hematol. and Blood Transfusion* 26: 175-178; <u>Schutz et al.</u>, 1978, Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quart. Biol. 42: 617-624) and is therefore a suitable candidate for an efficient promoter for heterologous protein production in transgenic animals. The regulatory region of the lysozyme locus extends over at least 12 kb of DNA 5' upstream of the transcription start site, and comprises a number of elements that have

been individually isolated and characterized. The known elements include three enhancer sequences at about -6.1 kb, -3.9 kb, and -2.7 kb (Grewal et al., 1992, Mol. Cell Biol. 12: 2339-2350; Banifer et al., 1996, J. Mol. Med. 74: 663-671), a hormone responsive element (Hecht et al., 1988, E.M.B.O.J. 7: 2063-2073), a silencer element and a complex proximal promoter. The constituent elements of the lysozyme gene expression control region are identifiable as DNAase 1 hypersensitive chromatin sites (DHS). They may be differentially exposed to nuclease digestion depending upon the differentiation stage of the cell. For example, in the multipotent progenitor stage of myelomoncytic cell development, or in erythroblasts, the silencer element is a DHS. At the myeloblast stage, a transcription enchancer located -6.1 kb upstream from the gene transcription start site is a DHS, while at the later monocytic stage another enhancer, at -2.7 kb becomes DNAase sensitive (Huber et al., 1995, DNA and Cell Biol. 14: 397-402).

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Scattered throughout the chicken genome, including the chicken lysozyme locus, are short stretches of nucleic acid that resemble features of Long Terminal Repeats (LTRs) of retrovirus. The function of these elements is unclear but most likely help define the DHS regions of a gene locus (Stein et al., 1983, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80: 6485-6489).

Flanking the lysozyme gene, including the regulatory region, are matrix attachment regions (5' MAR & 3' MAR), alternatively referred to as "scaffold attachment regions" or SARs. The outer boundaries of the chicken lysozyme locus have been defined by the MARs (<u>Phi-Van et al.</u>, 1988, *E.M.B.O.J.* 7: 655-664; <u>Phi-Van, L. and Stratling, W.H.</u>, 1996, *Biochem.* 35: 10735-10742). Deletion of a 1.32 kb or a 1.45 kb halves region, each comprising half of a 5 MAR, reduces positional variation in the level of transgene expression (<u>Phi-Van and Stratling</u>, *supra*).

The 5' matrix-associated region (5' MAR), located about -11.7 kb upstream of the chicken lysozyme transcription start site, can increase the level of gene expression by limiting the positional effects exerted against a transgene (<u>Phi-Van et al.</u>, 1988, supra). At least one other MAR is located 3' downstream of the protein encoding region. Although MAR nucleic acid sequences are conserved, little cross-

hybridization is seen, indicating significant overall sequence variation. However, MARs of different species can interact with the nucleomatrices of heterologous species, to the extent that the chicken lysozyme MAR can associate with the plant tobacco nucleomatrix as well as that of the chicken oviduct cells (Mlynarona et al., 1994, Cell 6: 417-426; von Kries et al., 1990, Nucleic Acids Res. 18: 3881-3885).

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Gene expression must be considered not only from the perspective of cisregulatory elements associated with a gene, and their interactions with trans-acting elements, but also with regard to the genetic environment in which they are located. Chromosomal positioning effects (CPEs), therefore, are the variations in levels of transgene expression associated with different locations of the transgene within the recipient genome. An important factor governing CPE upon the level of transgene expression is the chromatin structure around a transgene, and how it cooperates with the cis-regulatory elements. The cis-elements of the lysozyme locus are confined within a single chromatin domain (Banifer et al., 1996, supra; Sippel et al., pgs. 133-147 in Eckstein F. & Lilley D.M.J. (eds), "Nucleic Acids and Molecular Biology", Vol. 3, 1989, Springer.

Deletion of a cis-regulatory element from a transgenic lysozyme locus is sufficient to reduce or eliminate positional independence of the level of gene expression (Banifer et al., 1996, supra). There is also evidence indicating that positional independence conferred on a transgene requires the cotransfer of many kilobases of DNA other than just the protein encoding region and the immediate cis-regulatory elements.

The lysozyme promoter region of chicken is active when transfected into mouse fibroblast cells and linked to a reporter gene such as the bacterial chloramphenical acetyltransferase (CAT) gene. The promoter element is also effective when transiently transfected into chicken promacrophage cells. In each case, however, the presence of a 5' MAR element increased positional independency of the level of transcription (*Stief et al.*, 1989, *Nature* 341: 343-345; <u>Sippel et al.</u>, pgs. 257 – 265 <u>in</u> Houdeline L.M. (ed), "Transgenic Animals: Generation and Use").

The ability to direct the insertion of a transgene into a site in the genome of an animal where the positional effect is limited offers predictability of results during the development of a desired transgenic animal, and increased yields of the expressed product. Sippel and Steif disclose, in U.S. Patent No. 5,731,178, methods to increase the expression of genes introduced into eukaryotic cells by flanking a transcription unit with scaffold attachment elements, in particular the 5' MAR isolated from the chicken lysozyme gene. The transcription unit disclosed by Sippel and Steif was an artificial construct that combined only the -6.1 kb enhancer element and the proximal promoter element (base position -579 to +15) from the lysozyme gene. Other promoter associated elements were not included. However, although individual cisregulatory elements have been isolated and sequenced, together with short regions flanking DNA, the entire nucleic acid sequence comprising the functional 5' upstream region of the lysozyme gene has not been determined in its entirety and therefore not employed as a functional promoter to allow expression of a heterologous transgene.

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What is still needed, however, is an efficient transcription promoter that will allow expression of a transgene in avian cells that is not subject to positional variation.

What is also needed is a gene expression promoter cassette that will allow expression of a transgene in the oviduct cells of an avian and efficient gene expression regardless of the chromosomal location of the expression system.

Summary of the Invention

Briefly described, the present invention relates to a novel isolated avian nucleic acid comprising an avian lysozyme gene expression control region.

The isolated nucleic acid of the present invention is useful for reducing the chromosomal positional effect of a transgene operably linked to the lysozyme gene expression control region and transfected into a recipient cell. By isolating a region of the avian genome extending from 5' upstream of a 5' MAR of the lysozyme locus to the junction between the signal peptide sequence and a polypeptide-encoding region, cis-elements are also included to allow gene expression in a tissue-specific manner. The lysozyme promoter region of the present invention, therefore, will allow

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expression of an operably linked heterologous nucleic acid insert in a transfected avian cell such as, for example, an oviduct cell.

One aspect of the present invention provides a novel isolated nucleic acid that is located immediately 5' upstream of the native lysozyme-encoding region of the chicken lysozyme gene locus. The novel isolated avian nucleic acid sequence encoding a lysozyme gene expression control region comprises at least one 5' matrix attachment region, an intrinsically curved DNA region, at least one transcription enhancer element, a negative regulatory element, at least one hormone responsive element, at least one avian CR1 repeat element, and a proximal lysozyme promoter and signal peptide-encoding region. Interspersed between these constituent elements are stretches of nucleic acid that serve at least to organize the above elements in an ordered array relative to a polypeptide-encoding region.

In one embodiment of the present invention the isolated nucleic acid is isolated from a chicken.

The isolated avian lysozyme of the present invention may be operably linked with a selected nucleic acid insert, wherein the nucleic acid insert encodes a polypeptide desired to be expressed in a transfected cell. The nucleic acid insert may be placed in frame with a signal peptide sequence. Translation initiation may start with the signal peptide and continue through the nucleic acid insert, thereby producing an expressed polypeptide having the desired amino acid sequence.

The sequence of the expressed nucleic acid insert may be optimized for codon usage by a host cell. This may be determined from the codon usage of at least one, and preferably more than one, protein expressed in a chicken cell. For example, the codon usage may be determined from the nucleic acid sequences encoding the proteins ovalbumin, lysozyme, ovomucin and ovotransferrin of chicken.

The recombinant DNA of the present invention may further comprise a polyadenylation signal sequence that will allow the transcript directed by the novel lysozyme gene expression control region to proceed beyond the nucleic acid insert encoding a polyaeptide and allow the transcript to further comprise a 3' untranslated region and a polyadenylated tail. Any functional polyadenylation signal sequence may

be linked to the 3' end of the nucleic acid insert including the SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence, bovine growth hormone adenylation sequence or the like.

The recombinant DNA of the present invention may also further comprise the chicken lysozyme 3' domain operably linked to the nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide. The 3' domain may include a 3' untranslated region, a polyadenylation signal and a 3' MAR that may reduce positional variation in transgenic avians.

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Yet another aspect of the present invention are expression vectors suitable for delivery to a recipient cell for expression of the vector therein. The expression vector of the present invention may comprise an isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide, and optionally a polyadenylation signal sequence. The expression vector may further comprise a bacterial plasmid sequence, a viral nucleic acid sequence, or fragments or variants thereof that may allow for replication of the vector in a suitable host.

Another aspect of the present invention is a method of expressing a heterologous polypeptide in a eukaryotic cell by transfecting the cell with a recombinant DNA comprising an avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide and, optionally, a polyadenylation signal sequence, and culturing the transfected cell in a medium suitable for expression of the heterologous polypeptide under the control of the avian lysozyme gene expression control region.

Also within the scope of the present invention are recombinant cells, tissues and animals containing non-naturally occurring recombinant nucleic acid molecules according to the present invention and described above. In one embodiment of the present invention, the transformed cell is a chicken oviduct cell and the nucleic acid insert comprises the chicken lysozyme gene expression control region, a nucleic acid insert encoding a human interferon α2b and codon optimized for expression in an avian cell, and an SV40 polyadenylation sequence.

Additional objects and aspects of the present invention will become more apparent upon review of the detailed description set forth below when taken in conjunction with the accompanying figures, which are briefly described as follows.

Brief Description of the Figures

Fig. 1 illustrates the primers (SEQ ID NOS: 1-64) used in the sequencing of the lysozyme gene expression control region (SEQ ID NO: 67).

Fig. 2 schematically illustrates the approximately 12 kb lysozyme gene expression control region (SEQ ID NO: 67), indicating the relative positions and orientations of the primers (SEQ ID NOS: 1-64) used in the sequencing thereof.

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- Fig. 3 illustrates the nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 65) comprising the chicken lysozyme gene expression control region (SEQ ID NO: 67), the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 66 encoding the chicken expression optimized human interferon α2b (IFNMAGMAX) and the SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence (SEQ ID NO: 68).
- Fig. 4 illustrates the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 66 encoding the chicken expression optimized human interferon α 2b (IFNMAGMAX).
- Fig. 5 illustrates the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 67 encoding the chicken lysozyme gene expression control region.
 - Fig. 6 illustrates the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 68 encoding the SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence.
 - Fig. 7 illustrates the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 69 encoding the chicken lysozyme 3' domain.
- Fig. 8 illustrates the nucleic acid sequence SEQ1D NO: 69 encoding the lysozyme gene expression control region (SEQ ID NO: 67) linked to the nucleic acid insert SEQ ID NO: 66 encoding the chicken expression-optimized human interferon o2b (IFNMAGMAX) and the chicken lysozyme 3' domain SEQ ID NO: 69.
- Fig. 9 illustrates the yield of the human interferon α2b, optimized for chicken expression (IFNMAGMAX), in transfected quail oviduet cultured cells.
 - Fig 10 illustrates the yield of the human interferon α 2b, optimized for chicken expression (IFNMAGMAX), in chicken myelomonocytic HD11 cells transfected with plasmids pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2, pAVIJC-A212.89.2.3 or pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.1.
- Fig 11 illustrates the expression of α2b human interferon in the blood of transgenic chickens #8305 and #AA61, as compared to standards.

Fig 12 illustrates the gel analysis of PCR products derived from the serum of transgenic birds. Lane and Samples applied to the gel were: 1, marker; 2, 8301; 3, 8303; 4, 8305; 5, 8305; 6, 8307; 7, 8309; 8, 8311; 9, marker; 10, 8313; 11, 8305; 12, 8305; 13, Neg. Ctrl; 14, Pos. Ctrl (500pg)+Neg. Ctrl; 15, Pos. Ctrl (500pg).

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Reference now will be made in detail to the presently preferred embodiments of the invention, one or more examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Each example is provided by way of explanation of the invention, not limitation of the invention. In fact, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications, combinations, additions, deletions and variations can be made in the present invention without departing from the scope or spirit of the invention. For instance, features illustrated or described as part of one embodiment can be used in another embodiment to yield a still further embodiment. It is intended that the present invention covers such modifications, combinations, additions, deletions and variations as come within the scope of the appended claims and their equivalents.

This description uses gene nomenclature accepted by the Cucurbit Genetics Cooperative as it appears in the *Cucurbit Genetics Cooperative Report* 18:85 (1995), herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Using this gene nomenclature, genes are symbolized by italicized Roman letters. If a mutant gene is recessive to the normal type, then the symbol and name of the mutant gene appear in italicized lower case letters.

For convenience, certain terms employed in the specification, examples, and appended claims are collected here.

Definitions

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The term "animal" is used herein to include all vertebrate animals, including avians and humans. It also includes an individual animal in all stages of development, including embryonic and fetal stages.

The term "avian" as used herein refers to any species, subspecies or race of organism of the taxonomic class *ava*, such as, but not limited to, such organisms as chicken, turkey, duck, goose, quail, pheasants, parrots, finches, hawks, crows and

ratites including ostrich, emu and cassowary. The term includes the various known strains of *Gallus gallus*, or chickens, (for example, White Leghorn, Brown Leghorn, Barred-Rock, Sussex, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Ausstralorp, Minorca, Amrox, California Gray, Italian Partidge-colored), as well as strains of turkeys, pheasants, quails, duck, ostriches and other poultry commonly bred in commercial quantities.

The term "nucleic acid" as used herein refers to any natural and synthetic linear and sequential arrays of nucleotides and nucleosides, for example cDNA, genomic DNA, mRNA, tRNA, oligonucleotides, oligonucleosides and derivatives thereof. For ease of discussion, such nucleic acids may be collectively referred to herein as "constructs," "plasmids," or "vectors." Representative examples of the nucleic acids of the present invention include bacterial plasmid vectors including expression, cloning, cosmid and transformation vectors such as, but not limited to, pBR322, animal viral vectors such as, but not limited to, modified adenovirus, influenza virus, polio virus, pox virus, retrovirus, and the like, vectors derived from bacteriophage nucleic acid, and synthetic oligonucleotides like chemically synthesized DNA or RNA. The term "nucleic acid" further includes modified or derivatised nucleotides and nucleosides such as, but not limited to, halogenated nucleotides such as, but not only, 5-bromouracil, and derivatised nucleotides such as biotin-labeled nucleotides.

The term "isolated nucleic acid" as used herein refers to a nucleic acid with a structure (a) not identical to that of any naturally occurring nucleic acid or (b) not identical to that of any fragment of a naturally occurring genomic nucleic acid spanning more than three separate genes, and includes DNA, RNA, or derivatives or variants thereof. The term covers, for example, (a) a DNA which has the sequence of part of a naturally occurring genomic molecule but is not flanked by at least one of the coding sequences that flank that part of the molecule in the genome of the species in which it naturally occurs; (b) a nucleic acid incorporated into a vector or into the genomic nucleic acid of a prokaryote or eukaryote in a manner such that the resulting molecule is not identical to any vector or naturally occurring genomic DNA; (c) a separate molecule such as a cDNA, a genomic fragment, a fragment produced by

polymerase chain reaction (PCR), ligase chain reaction (LCR) or chemical synthesis, or a restriction fragment; (d) a recombinant nucleotide sequence that is part of a hybrid gene, i.e., a gene encoding a fusion protein, and (e) a recombinant nucleotide sequence that is part of a hybrid sequence that is not naturally occurring. Isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can include, for example, natural allelic variants as well as nucleic acid molecules modified by nucleotide deletions, insertions, inversions, or substitutions such that the resulting nucleic acid molecule still essentially encodes a lysozyme gene expression control region or a variant thereof of the present invention.

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By the use of the term "enriched" in reference to nucleic acid it is meant that the specific DNA or RNA sequence constitutes a significantly higher fraction of the total DNA or RNA present in the cells or solution of interest than in normal or diseased cells or in the cells from which the sequence was taken. Enriched does not imply that there are no other DNA or RNA sequences present, just that the relative amount of the sequence of interest has been significantly increased. The other DNA may, for example, be derived from a yeast or bacterial genome, or a cloning vector, such as a plasmid or a viral vector. The term "significant" as used herein is used to indicate that the level of increase is useful to the person making such an increase.

It is advantageous for some purposes that a nucleotide sequence is in purified form. The term "purified" in reference to nucleic acid represents that the sequence has increased purity relative to the natural environment.

The terms "polynucleotide," "oligonucleotide," and "nucleic acid sequence" are used interchangeably herein and include, but are not limited to, coding sequences (polynucleotide(s) or nucleic acid sequence(s) which are transcribed and translated into polypeptide in vitro or in vivo when placed under the control of appropriate regulatory or control sequences); control sequences (e.g., translational start and stop codons, promoter sequences, ribosome binding sites, polyadenylation signals, transcription factor binding sites, transcription termination sequences, upstream and downstream regulatory domains, enhancers, silencers, and the like); and regulatory sequences (DNA sequences to which a transcription factor(s) binds and alters the

activity of a gene's promoter either positively (induction) or negatively (repression)). No limitation as to length or to synthetic origin are suggested by the terms described herein.

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As used herein the terms "polypeptide" and "protein" refer to a polymer of amino acids of three or more amino acids in a serial array, linked through peptide bonds. The term "polypeptide" includes proteins, protein fragments, protein analogues, oligopeptides and the like. The term "polypeptides" contemplates polypeptides as defined above that are encoded by nucleic acids, produced through recombinant technology (isolated from an appropriate source such as a bird), or synthesized. The term "polypeptides" further contemplates polypeptides as defined above that include chemically modified amino acids or amino acids covalently or noncovalently linked to labeling ligands.

The term "fragment" as used herein to refer to a nucleic acid (e.g., cDNA) refers to an isolated portion of the subject nucleic acid constructed artificially (e.g., by chemical synthesis) or by cleaving a natural product into multiple pieces, using restriction endonucleases or mechanical shearing, or a portion of a nucleic acid synthesized by PCR, DNA polymerase or any other polymerizing technique well known in the art, or expressed in a host cell by recombinant nucleic acid technology well known to one of skill in the art. The term "fragment" as used herein may also refer to an isolated portion of a polypeptide, wherein the portion of the polypeptide is cleaved from a naturally occurring polypeptide by proteolytic cleavage by at least one protease, or is a portion of the naturally occurring polypeptide synthesized by chemical methods well known to one of skill in the art.

The term "gene" or "genes" as used herein refers to nucleic acid sequences (including both RNA or DNA) that encode genetic information for the synthesis of a whole RNA, a whole protein, or any portion of such whole RNA or whole protein. Genes that are not naturally part of a particular organism's genome are referred to as "foreign genes," "heterologous genes" or "exogenous genes" and genes that are naturally a part of a particular organism's genome are referred to as "endogenous genes". The term "gene product" refers to RNAs or proteins that are encoded by the

gene. "Foreign gene products" are RNA or proteins encoded by "foreign genes" and "endogenous gene products" are RNA or proteins encoded by endogenous genes. "Heterologous gene products" are RNAs or proteins encoded by "foreign, heterologous or exogenous genes" and are, therefore, not naturally expressed in the cell.

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The term "expressed" or "expression" as used herein refers to the transcription from a gene to give an RNA nucleic acid molecule at least complementary in part to a region of one of the two nucleic acid strands of the gene. The term "expressed" or "expression" as used herein also refers to the translation from said RNA nucleic acid molecule to give a protein, a polypeptide or a portion thereof.

As used herein, the term "locus" or "loci" refers to the site of a gene on a chromosome. Pairs of genes control hereditary traits, each in the same position on a pair of chromosomes. These gene pairs, or alleles, may both be dominant or both be recessive in expression of that trait. In either case, the individual is said to be homozygous for the trait controlled by that gene pair. If the gene pair (alleles) consists of one dominant and one recessive trait, the individual is heterozygous for the trait controlled by the gene pair. Natural variation in genes or nucleic acid molecules caused by, for example, recombination events or resulting from mutation, gives rise to allelic variants with similar, but not identical, nucleotide sequences. Such allelic variants typically encode proteins with similar activity to that of the protein encoded by the gene to which they are compared, because natural selection typically selects against variations that alter function. Allelic variants can also comprise alterations in the untranslated regions of the gene as, for example, in the 3' or 5' untranslated regions or can involve alternate splicing of a nascent transcript, resulting in alternative exons being positioned adjacently.

The term "operably linked" refers to an arrangement of elements wherein the components so described are configured so as to perform their usual function. Control sequences operably linked to a coding sequence are capable of effecting the expression of the coding sequence. The control sequences need not be contiguous with the coding sequence, so long as they function to direct the expression thereof. Thus,

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for example, intervening untranslated yet transcribed sequences can be present between a promoter sequence and the coding sequence and the promoter sequence can still be considered "operably linked" to the coding sequence.

The terms "transcription regulatory sequences" and "gene expression control regions" as used herein refer to nucleotide sequences that are associated with a gene nucleic acid sequence and which regulate the transcriptional expression of the gene. Exemplary transcription regulatory sequences include enhancer elements, hormone response elements, steroid response elements, negative regulatory elements, and the like. The "transcription regulatory sequences" may be isolated and incorporated into a vector nucleic acid to enable regulated transcription in appropriate cells of portions of the vector DNA. The "transcription regulatory sequence" may precede, but is not limited to, the region of a nucleic acid sequence that is in the region 5' of the end of a protein coding sequence that may be transcribed into mRNA. Transcriptional regulatory sequences may also be located within a protein coding region, in regions of a gene that are identified as "intron" regions, or may be in regions of nucleic acid sequence that are in the region of nucleic acid.

The term "promoter" as used herein refers to the DNA sequence that determines the site of transcription initiation from an RNA polymerase. A "promoter-proximal element" may be a regulatory sequence within about 200 base pairs of the transcription start site.

The terms "matrix attachment regions" or "SAR elements" as used herein refer to DNA sequences having an affinity or intrinsic binding ability for the nuclear scaffold or matrix. The MAR elements of the chicken lysozyme locus were described by Phi-Van et al., 1988, E.M.B.O. J. 76: 665-664 and Phi-Van, L. and Stratling, W.H., 1996, Biochem. 35: 10735-10742, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

The term "coding region" as used herein refers to a continuous linear arrangement of nucleotides which may be translated into a protein. A full length coding region is translated into a full length protein; that is, a complete protein as would be translated in its natural state absent any post-translational modifications. A

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full length coding region may also include any leader protein sequence or any other region of the protein that may be excised naturally from the translated protein.

The term "complementary" as used herein refers to two nucleic acid molecules that can form specific interactions with one another. In the specific interactions, an adenine base within one strand of a nucleic acid can form two hydrogen bonds with thymine within a second nucleic acid strand when the two nucleic acid strands are in opposing polarities. Also in the specific interactions, a guanine base within one strand of a nucleic acid can form three hydrogen bonds with cytosine within a second nucleic acid strand when the two nucleic acid strands are in opposing polarities. Complementary nucleic acids as referred to herein, may further comprise modified bases wherein a modified adenine may form hydrogen bonds with a thymine or modified thymine, and a modified cytosine may form hydrogen bonds with a guanine or a modified guanine.

The term "probe" as used herein, when referring to a nucleic acid, refers to a nucleotide sequence that can be used to hybridize with and thereby identify the presence of a complementary sequence, or a complementary sequence differing from the probe sequence but not to a degree that prevents hybridization under the hybridization stringency conditions used. The probe may be modified with labels such as, but not only, radioactive groups, biotin, and the like that are well known in the art.

The term "capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions" as used herein refers to annealing a first nucleic acid to a second nucleic acid under stringent conditions as defined below. Stringent hybridization conditions typically permit the hybridization of nucleic acid molecules having at least 70% nucleic acid sequence identity with the nucleic acid molecule being used as a probe in the hybridization reaction. For example, the first nucleic acid may be a test sample or probe, and the second nucleic acid may be the sense or antisense strand of a lysozyme gene expression control region or a fragment thereof. Hybridization of the first and second nucleic acids may be conducted under stringent conditions, e.g., high temperature and/or low salt content that tend to disfavor hybridization of dissimilar nucleotide

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sequences. Alternatively, hybridization of the first and second nucleic acid may be conducted under reduced stringency conditions, e.g., low temperature and/or high salt content that tend to favor hybridization of dissimilar nucleotide sequences. Low stringency hybridization conditions may be followed by high stringency conditions or intermediate medium stringency conditions to increase the selectivity of the binding of the first and second nucleic acids. The hybridization conditions may further include reagents such as, but not limited to, dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) or formamide to disfavor still further the hybridization of dissimilar nucleotide sequences. A suitable hybridization protocol may, for example, involve hybridization in 6X SSC (wherein 1X SSC comprises 0.015 M sodium citrate and 0.15 M sodium chloride), at 65° C in an aqueous solution, followed by washing with 1X SSC at 65° C. Formulae to calculate appropriate hybridization and wash conditions to achieve hybridization permitting 30% or less mismatch between two nucleic acid molecules are disclosed, for example, in Meinkoth et al., 1984, Anal. Biochem. 138: 267-284; the content of which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Protocols for hybridization techniques are well known to those of skill in the art and standard molecular biology manuals may be consulted to select a suitable hybridization protocol without undue experimentation. See, for example, Sambrook et al., 1989, "Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual", 2nd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Press, the contents of which are herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Typically, stringent conditions will be those in which the salt concentration is less than about 1.5 M Na ion, typically about 0.01 to 1.0 M Na ion concentration (or other salts) from about pH 7.0 to about pH 8.3 and the temperature is at least about 30° C for short probes (e.g., 10 to 50 nucleotides) and at least about 60° C for long probes (e.g., greater than 50 nucleotides). Stringent conditions may also be achieved with the addition of destabilizing agents such as formamide. Exemplary low stringency conditions include hybridization with a buffer solution of 30 to 35% formamide, 1 M NaCl, 1% SDS (sodium dodecyl sulphate) at 37° Celsius, and a wash in 1x to 2x SSC at 50 to 55° Celsius. Exemplary moderate stringency conditions include hybridization in 40 to 45% formamide, 1 M NaCl, 1% SDS at 37° Celsius.

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and a wash in 0.5x to 1x SSC at 55 to 60° Celsius. Exemplary high stringency conditions include hybridization in 50% formamide, 1 M NaCl, 1% SDS at 37° Celsius, and a wash in 0.1x SSC at 60 to 65° Celsius.

The terms "unique nucleic acid region" and "unique protein (polypeptide) region" as used herein refer to sequences present in a nucleic acid or protein (polypeptide) respectively that is not present in any other nucleic acid or protein sequence. The terms "conserved nucleic acid region" as referred to herein is a nucleotide sequence present in two or more nucleic acid sequences, to which a particular nucleic acid sequence can hybridize under low, medium or high stringency conditions. The greater the degree of conservation between the conserved regions of two or more nucleic acid sequences, the higher the hybridization stringency that will allow hybridization between the conserved region and a particular nucleic acid sequence.

The terms "percent sequence identity" or "percent sequence similarity" as used herein refer to the degree of sequence identity between two nucleic acid sequences or two amino acid sequences as determined using the algorithm of Karlin and Attschul, 1990, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 87: 2264-2268, modified as in Karlin and Attschul, 1993, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 90: 5873-5877. Such an algorithm is incorporated into the NBLAST and XBLAST programs of Attschul et al., 1990, T. Mol. Biol. Q15: 403-410. BLAST nucleotide searches are performed with the NBLAST program, score = 100, wordlength = 12, to obtain nucleotide sequences homologous to a nucleic acid molecule of the invention. BLAST protein searches are performed with the XBLAST program, score = 50, wordlength = 3, to obtain amino acid sequences homologous to a To obtain gapped alignments for comparison purposes, reference polypeptide. Gapped BLAST is utilized as described in Attschul et al., 1997, Nucl. Acids Res. 25: When utilizing BLAST and Gapped BLAST programs, the default parameters of the respective programs (e.g. XBLAST and NBLAST) are used. See http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov. Other algorithms, programs and default settings may also be suitable such as, but not only, the GCG-Sequence Analysis Package of the U.K. Human Genome Mapping Project Resource Centre that includes programs for

nucleotide or amino acid sequence comparisons.

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The term "sense strand" as used herein refers to a single stranded DNA molecule from a genomic DNA that may be transcribed into RNA and translated into the natural polypeptide product of the gene. The term "antisense strand" as used herein refers to the single strand DNA molecule of a genomic DNA that is complementary with the sense strand of the gene.

The term "antisense DNA" as used herein refers to a gene sequence DNA that has a nucleotide sequence complementary to the "sense strand" of a gene when read in reverse orientation, i.e., DNA read into RNA in a 3' to 5' direction rather than in the 5' to 3' direction. The term "antisense RNA" is used to mean an RNA nucleotide sequence (for example that encoded by an antisense DNA or synthesized complementary with the antisense DNA). Antisense RNA is capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions with an antisense DNA. The antisense RNA of the invention is useful for regulating expression of a "target gene" either at the transcriptional or translational level. For example, transcription of the subject nucleic acids may produce antisense transcripts that are capable of inhibiting transcription by inhibiting initiation of transcription or by competing for limiting transcription factors; the antisense transcripts may inhibit transport of the "target RNA", or, the antisense transcripts may inhibit translation of "target RNA".

The term "nucleic acid vector" as used herein refers to a natural or synthetic single or double stranded plasmid or viral nucleic acid molecule that can be transfected or transformed into cells and replicate independently of, or within, the host cell genome. A circular double stranded plasmid can be linearized by treatment with an appropriate restriction enzyme based on the nucleotide sequence of the plasmid vector. A nucleic acid can be inserted into a vector by cutting the vector with restriction enzymes and ligating the pieces together. The nucleic acid molecule can be RNA or DNA.

The term "expression vector" as used herein refers to a nucleic acid vector that comprises the lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleotide sequence coding at least one polypeptide. As used herein, the term

"regulatory sequences" includes promoters, enhancers, and other elements that may control gene expression. Standard molecular biology textbooks such as <u>Sambrook et al.</u> eds., 1989, "Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual", 2nd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Press may be consulted to design suitable expression vectors that may further include an origin of replication and selectable gene markers. It should be recognized, however, that the choice of a suitable expression vector and the combination of functional elements therein depends upon multiple factors including the choice of the host cell to be transformed and/or the type of protein to be expressed.

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The terms "transformation" and "transfection" as used herein refer to the process of inserting a nucleic acid into a host. Many techniques are well known to those skilled in the art to facilitate transformation or transfection of a nucleic acid into a prokaryotic or eukaryotic organism. These methods involve a variety of techniques, such as treating the cells with high concentrations of salt such as, but not only a calcium or magnesium salt, an electric field, detergent, or liposome mediated transfection, to render the host cell competent for the uptake of the nucleic acid molecules, and by such methods as sperm-mediated and restriction-mediated integration.

The term "transfecting agent" as used herein refers to a composition of matter added to the genetic material for enhancing the uptake of heterologous DNA segment(s) into a eukaryotic cell, preferably an avian cell, and more preferably a chicken male germ cell. The enhancement is measured relative to the uptake in the absence of the transfecting agent. Examples of transfecting agents include adenovirus-transferrin-polylysine-DNA complexes. These complexes generally augment the uptake of DNA into the cell and reduce its breakdown during its passage through the cytoplasm to the nucleus of the cell. These complexes can be targeted to the male germ cells using specific ligands that are recognized by receptors on the cell surface of the germ cell, such as the c-kit ligand or modifications thereof.

Other preferred transfecting agents include but are not limited to lipofectin, lipfectamine, DIMRIE C, Supeffect, and Effectin (Qiagen), unifectin, maxifectin, DOTMA, DOGS (Transfectam; dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine), DOPE (1.2-

dioleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamine), DOTAP (1,2-dioleoyl-3-trimethylammonium propane), DDAB (dimethyl dioctadecytammonium bromide), DHDEAB (N,N-di-n-hexadecyl-N,N-dihydroxyethyl ammonium bromide), HDEAB (N-n-hexadecylN,N-dihydroxyethylammonium bromide), polybrene, or poly(ethylenimine) (PEI). These non-viral agents have the advantage that they can facilitate stable integration of xenogeneic DNA sequences into the vertebrate genome, without size restrictions commonly associated with virus-derived transfecting agents.

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The term "recombinant cell" refers to a cell that has a new combination of nucleic acid segments that are not covalently linked to each other in nature. A new combination of nucleic acid segments can be introduced into an organism using a wide array of nucleic acid manipulation techniques available to those skilled in the art. A recombinant cell can be a single eukaryotic cell, or a single prokaryotic cell, or a mammalian cell. The recombinant cell may harbor a vector that is extragenomic. An extragenomic nucleic acid vector does not insert into the cell's genome. A recombinant cell may further harbor a vector or a portion thereof that is intragenomic. The term intragenomic defines a nucleic acid construct incorporated within the recombinant cell's genome.

The terms "recombinant nucleic acid" and "recombinant DNA" as used herein refer to combinations of at least two nucleic acid sequences that are not naturally found in a eukaryotic or prokaryotic cell. The nucleic acid sequences may include, but are not limited to, nucleic acid vectors, gene expression regulatory elements, origins of replication, suitable gene sequences that when expressed confer antibiotic resistance, protein-encoding sequences and the like. The term "recombinant polypeptide" is meant to include a polypeptide produced by recombinant DNA techniques such that it is distinct from a naturally occurring polypeptide either in its location, purity or structure. Generally, such a recombinant polypeptide will be present in a cell in an amount different from that normally observed in nature.

Pharmaceutical compositions comprising agents that will modulate the regulation of the expression of a polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid operably linked to a lysozyme gene expression control region can be administered in dosages and by

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techniques well known to those skilled in the medical or veterinary arts, taking into consideration such factors as the age, sex, weight, species and condition of the recipient animal, and the route of administration. The route of administration can be percutaneous, via mucosal administration (e.g., oral, nasal, anal, vaginal) or via a parenteral route (intradermal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intravenous, intraperitoneal). Pharmaceutical compositions can be administered alone, or can be co-administered or sequentially administered with other treatments or therapies. Forms of administration may include suspensions, syrups or elixirs, and preparations for parenteral, subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular or intravenous administration (e.g., injectable administration) such as sterile suspensions or emulsions. Pharmaceutical compositions may be administered in admixture with a suitable carrier, diluent, or excipient such as sterile water, physiological saline, glucose, or the The compositions can contain auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, adjuvants, gelling or viscosity enhancing additives, preservatives, flavoring agents, colors, and the like, depending upon the route of administration and the preparation desired. Standard pharmaceutical texts, such as "Remington's Pharmaceutical Science", 17th edition, 1985 may be consulted to prepare suitable preparations, without undue experimentation. Dosages can generally range from a few hundred milligrams to a few grams.

As used herein, a "transgenic animal" is any animal, such as an avian species, including the chicken, in which one or more of the cells of the avian may contain heterologous nucleic acid introduced by way of human intervention, such as by transgenic techniques well known in the art. The nucleic acid is introduced into a cell, directly or indirectly by introduction into a precursor of the cell, by way of deliberate genetic manipulation, such as by microinjection or by infection with a recombinant virus. The term genetic manipulation does not include classical cross-breeding, or *in vitro* fertilization, but rather is directed to the introduction of a recombinant DNA molecule. This molecule may be integrated within a chromosome, or it may be extrachromosomally replicating DNA. In the typical transgenic animal, the transgene causes cells to express a recombinant form of the subject polypeptide, *e.g.*, either

agonistic or antagonistic forms, or in which the gene has been disrupted. The terms "chimeric animal" or "mosaic animal" are used herein to refer to animals in which the recombinant gene is found, or in which the recombinant is expressed in some but not all cells of the animal. The term "tissue-specific chimeric animal" indicates that the recombinant gene is present and/or expressed in some tissues but not others.

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As used herein, the term "transgene" means a nucleic acid sequence (encoding, for example, a human interferon polypeptide) that is partly or entirely heterologous, i.e., foreign, to the transgenic animal or cell into which it is introduced, or, is homologous to an endogenous gene of the transgenic animal or cell into which it is introduced, but which is designed to be inserted, or is inserted, into the animal's genome in such a way as to alter the genome of the cell into which it is inserted (e.g., it is inserted at a location which differs from that of the natural gene or its insertion results in a knockout). A transgene according to the present invention will include one or more transcriptional regulatory sequences, polyadenylation signal sequences and any other nucleic acid, such as introns, that may be necessary for optimal expression of a selected nucleic acid.

The term "chromosomal positional effect (CPE)" as used herein refers to the variation in the degree of gene transcription as a function of the location of the transcribed locus within the cell genome. Random transgenesis may result in a transgene being inserted at different locations in the genome so that individual cells of a population of transgenic cells may each have at least one transgene, each at a different location and therefore each in a different genetic environment. Each cell, therefore, may express the transgene at a level specific for that particular cell and dependent upon the immediate genetic environment of the transgene. In a transgenic animal, as a consequence, different tissues may exhibit different levels of transgene expression.

Techniques useful for isolating and characterizing the nucleic acids and proteins of the present invention are well known to those of skill in the art and standard molecular biology and biochemical manuals may be consulted to select suitable protocols without undue experimentation. See, for example, <u>Sambrook et al</u>,

1989, "Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual", 2nd ed., Cold Spring Harbor, the content of which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Abbreviations:

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Abbreviations used in the present specification include the following: aa, amino acid(s); bp, base pair(s); cDNA, DNA complementary to RNA; nt, nucleotide(s); SSC, sodium chloride-sodium citrate; DMSO, dimethyl sulfoxide; MAR; matrix attachment region.

<u>Chicken lysozyme gene expression control region nucleic acid sequences</u>: A series of PCR amplifications of template chicken genomic DNA were used to isolate the gene expression control region of the chicken lysozyme locus. Two amplification reactions used the PCR primer sets SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2 and SEQ ID NOS: 3 and 4. The amplified PCR products were united as a contiguous isolated nucleic acid by a third PCR amplification step with the primers SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 4, as described in Example 1 below.

The isolated PCR-amplified product, comprising about 12 kb of the nucleic acid region 5' upstream of the native chicken lysozyme gene locus, was cloned into the plasmid pCMV-LysSPIFNMM. pCMV-LysSPIFNMM comprises a modified nucleic acid insert encoding a human interferon α2b sequence and an SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence 3' downstream of the interferon encoding nucleic acid. The sequence SEQ ID NO: 66 of the nucleic acid insert encoding human interferon α2b was in accordance with avian cell codon usage, as determined from the nucleotide sequences encoding chicken ovomucin, ovalbumin, ovotransferrin and lysozyme. The novel chicken lysozyme gene expression control region, interferonencoding insert and the SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence of the resulting plasmid construct pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2, constructed as described in Example 1 below, was sequenced using the artificial oligonucleotide primers SEQ ID NOS: 1-64, as illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2.

The nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 65) (GenBank Accession No. AF405538) of the insert in pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 is shown in Fig. 3, with the modified human interferon α 2b encoding nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 66

(GenBank Accession No. AF405539) and the novel chicken lysozyme gene expression control region SEQ ID NO: 67 (GenBank Accession No. AF405540) shown in Figs. 4 and 5 respectively. A polyadenylation signal sequence that is suitable for operably linking to the polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid insert is the SV40 signal sequence SEQ ID NO: 68, as shown in Fig. 6.

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The plasmid pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 was restriction digested with enzyne *FseI* to isolate a 15.4 kb DNA containing the lysozyme 5' matrix attachment region (MAR) and the -12.0 kb lysozyme promotor during the expression of the interferon-encoding insert, as described in Example 2, below. Plasmid pIIIilys was restriction digested with *MluI* and *XhoI* to isolate an approximately 6 kb nucleic acids, comprising the 3' lysozyme domain, the sequence of which (SEQ ID NO: 70) is shown in Fig. 7. The 15.4 kb and 6 kb nucleic acids were ligated and the 21.4 kb nucleic acid comprising the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 70 (GenBank Assession No.AF 497473) as shown in Fig. 8 was transformed into recipient STBL4 cells as described in Example 2, below.

The inclusion of the novel isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention upstream of a codon-optimized interferon-encoding sequence in pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 allowed expression of the interferon polypeptide in transfected avian cells, as described in Example 5, below. The 3' lysozyme domain SEQ ID NO: 69, when operably linked downstream of the heterologous nucleic acid insert, also allows expression of the nucleic acid insert as described in Example 7, below. For example, the nucleic acid insert may encode a heterologous polypeptide such as the α2b interferon having sequence SEQ ID NO: 66.

It is further contemplated that any nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide may be operably linked to the novel isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region and optionally operably linked to the 3' lysozyme domain SEQ ID NO. 69 so as to be expressed in a transfected avian cell. The plasmid construct pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 was transfected into cultured quail oviduct cells, which were then incubated for about 72 hours. ELISA assays of the cultured media showed that the transfected cells synthesized a polypeptide detectable with anti-human

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interferon α2b antibodies. Plasmid construct pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.1 and pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.3 transfected into chicken myelomonocytic HD11 cells yield detectable human α2b interferon, as described in Example 9 and shown in Fig. 10, below.

The novel isolated chicken lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention comprises the nucleotide elements that are positioned 5' upstream of the lysozyme-encoding region of the native chicken lysozyme locus and which are necessary for the regulated expression of a downstream polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid. While not wishing to be bound by any one theory, the inclusion of at least one 5' MAR element in the isolated control region may confer positional independence to a transfected gene operably linked to the novel lysozyme gene expression control region.

The isolated lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention is useful for reducing the chromosomal positional effect of a transgene operably linked to the lysozyme gene expression control region and transfected into a recipient avian cell. By isolating a region of the avian genome extending from a point 5' upstream of a 5' MAR of the lysozyme locus to the junction between the signal peptide sequence and a polypeptide-encoding region, cis-regulatory elements are also included that may allow gene expression in a tissue-specific manner. The lysozyme promoter region of the present invention, therefore, will allow expression of an operably linked heterologous nucleic acid insert in a transfected avian cell such as, for example, an oviduct cell.

It is further contemplated that a recombinant DNA of the present invention may further comprise the chicken lysozyme 3' domain (SEQ. ID NO: 69) linked downstream of the nucleic acid insert encoding a heterologous polypeptide. The lysozyme 3' domain includes a nucleic acid sequence encoding a 3' MAR domain that may cooperate with a 5' MAR to direct the insertion of the construct of the present invention into the chromosome of a transgenic avian, or may act independently of the 5' MAR.

One aspect of the present invention, therefore, provides a novel isolated nucleic acid that comprises the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 67, shown in Fig. 5

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and derivatives and variants thereof, that is located immediately 5' upstream of the native lysozyme-encoding region of the chicken lysozyme gene locus.

In one embodiment of the novel isolated nucleic acid of the present invention, therefore, the avian nucleic acid sequence encoding a lysozyme gene expression control region comprises at least one 5' matrix attachment region, an intrinsically curved DNA region, at least one transcription enhancer element, a negative regulatory element, at least one hormone responsive element, at least one avian CR1 repeat element, and a proximal lysozyme promoter and signal peptide-encoding region. Interspersed between these constituent elements are stretches of nucleic acid that serve at least to organize the above elements in an ordered array relative to a polypeptide-encoding region, such as that encoding for chicken lysozyme. It is contemplated to be within the scope of the present invention that the cis-elements of the lysozyme gene expression control region may be in any linear arrangement that can allow the formation of a transcript comprising the nucleotide sequence or its complement of a nucleic insert operably linked to the lysozyme gene expression control region.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the isolated nucleic acid may be isolated from an avian selected from the group consisting of a chicken, a turkey, a duck, a goose, a quail, a pheasant, a ratite, an ornamental bird or a feral bird.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the isolated nucleic acid is obtained from a chicken. In this embodiment, the isolated nucleic acid has the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 67, as shown in Fig. 5, or a variant thereof.

Another aspect of the present invention provides a novel isolated nucleic avid that comprises the nucleic acid SEQ ID NO: 69 encoding the chicken 3' lysozyme domain operably liked to the nucleic acid having sequence SEQ ID NO: 65.

One embodiment of the isolated nucleic acid of the present invention, therefore, is a lysozyme gene expression control region comprising the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO. 66 operably linked to a nucleic acid for expression in avian cells, and a chicken 3' lysozyme domain having the nucleic acid SEQ ID NO: 70, as shown in Fig. 8.

In another embodiment of the isolated nucleic avid of the present invention, the nucleic acid for expression in avian cells encodes a human interferon $\alpha 2b$ protein optimized for expression in avian cells.

Another aspect of the invention provides nucleic acids that can hybridize under high, medium or low stringency conditions to an isolated nucleic acid that encodes a chicken lysozyme gene expression control region having all, a derivative of, or a portion of the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 67 shown in Fig. 5. The nucleotide sequence determined from the isolation of the lysozyme gene expression control region from a chicken (SEQ ID NO: 67) will allow for the generation of probes designed for use in identifying homologs of lysozyme gene expression control regions in other avian species.

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Fragments of a nucleic acid encoding a portion of the subject lysozyme gene expression control region are also within the scope of the invention. As used herein, a fragment of the nucleic acid encoding an active portion of a lysozyme gene expression control region refers to a nucleotide sequence having fewer nucleotides than the nucleotide sequence encoding the entire nucleic acid sequence of the lysozyme gene expression control region.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the nucleotide sequence of the isolated DNA molecule of the present invention may be used as a probe in nucleic acid hybridization assays for the detection of the lysozyme gene expression control region. The nucleotide sequence of the present invention may be used in any nucleic acid hybridization assay system known in the art, including, but not limited to, Southern blots (Southern, E.M., 1975, J. Mol. Biol. 98: 508), Northern blots (Thomas et al., 1980, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 77: 5201-05), and Colony blots (Grunstein et al., 1975, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 72: 3961-65)(the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties). Alternatively, the isolated DNA molecules of the present invention can be used in a gene amplification detection procedure such as a polymerase chain reaction (Erlich et al., 1991, Science 252: 1643-51, the content of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety) or in restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) diagnostic techniques, as described

in pgs. 519-522 and 545-547 of Watson *et al.*, 2nd ed., 1992, "Recombinant DNA", Scientific American Books (the contents of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety).

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Nucleotides constructed in accordance with the present invention can be labeled to provide a signal as a means of detection. For example, radioactive elements such as ³²P, ³H, and ³⁵S or the like provide sufficient half-life to be useful as radioactive labels. Other materials useful for labeling synthetic nucleotides include fluorescent compounds, enzymes and chemiluminescent moieties. Methods useful in selecting appropriate labels and binding protocols for binding the labels to the synthetic nucleotides are well known to those of skill in the art. Standard immunology manuals, such as <u>Promega: Protocol and Applications Guide</u>, 2nd Edition, 1991 (Promega Corp., Madison, WI, the content of which is incorporated herein in its entirety), may be consulted to select an appropriate labeling protocol without undue experimentation.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an isolated nucleic acid molecule of the present invention includes a nucleic acid that is at least about 75%, preferably at least about 80%, more preferably at least about 85%, even more preferably at least about 90%, still more preferably at least about 95%, and even more preferably at least about 99%, identical to a chicken-derived lysozyme gene expression control region-encoding nucleic acid molecule as depicted in SEQ ID NO: 67.

In another embodiment of the present invention, an avian lysozyme gene expression control region gene or nucleic acid molecule can be an allelic variant of SEQ ID NO: 67.

The present invention also contemplates the use of antisense nucleic acid molecules that are designed to be complementary to a coding strand of a nucleic acid (i.e., complementary to an mRNA sequence) or, alternatively, complimentary to a 5' or 3' untranslated region of the mRNA. Another use of synthetic nucleotides is as primers (DNA or RNA) for a polymerase chain reaction (PCR), ligase chain reaction (LCR), or the like.

Synthesized nucleotides can be produced in variable lengths. The number of bases synthesized will depend upon a variety of factors, including the desired use for the probes or primers. Additionally, sense or anti-sense nucleic acids or oligonucleotides can be chemically synthesized using modified nucleotides to increase the biological stability of the molecule or of the binding complex formed between the anti-sense and sense nucleic acids. For example, acridine substituted nucleotides can be synthesized. Protocols for designing isolated nucleotides, nucleotide probes, and/or nucleotide primers are well-known to those of ordinary skill, and can be purchased commercially from a variety of sources (e.g., Sigma Genosys, The Woodlands, TX or The Great American Gene Co., Ramona, CA).

The nucleic acid sequence of a chicken lysozyme gene expression control region nucleic acid molecule (SEQ ID NO: 67) of the present invention allows one skilled in the art to, for example, (a) make copies of those nucleic acid molecules by procedures such as, but not limited to, insertion into a cell for replication by the cell, by chemical synthesis or by procedures such as PCR or LCR, (b) obtain nucleic acid molecules which include at least a portion of such nucleic acid molecules, including full-length genes, full-length coding regions, regulatory control sequences, truncated coding regions and the like, (c) obtain lysozyme gene expression control region nucleic acid homologs in other avian species such as, but not limited to, turkey, duck, goose, quail, pheasant, parrot, finch, ratites including ostrich, emu and cassowary and, (d) to obtain isolated nucleic acids capable of hybridizing to an avian lysozyme gene expression control region nucleic acid and be used to detect the presence of nucleic acid-related sequences by complementation between the probe and the target nucleic acid.

Such nucleic acid homologs can be obtained in a variety of ways including by screening appropriate expression libraries with antibodies of the present invention, using traditional cloning techniques to screen appropriate libraries, amplifying appropriate libraries or DNA using oligonucleotide primers of the present invention in a polymerase chain reaction or other amplification method, and screening public and/or private databases containing genetic sequences using nucleic acid molecules of

the present invention to identify targets. Examples of preferred libraries to screen, or from which to amplify nucleic acid molecules, include but are not limited to mammalian BAC libraries, genomic DNA libraries, and cDNA libraries. Similarly, preferred sequence databases useful for screening to identify sequences in other species homologous to chicken lysozyme gene expression control region include, but are not limited to, GenBank and the mammalian Gene Index database of The Institute of Genomics Research (TIGR).

Codon-optimized proteins

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Another aspect of the present invention is a recombinant DNA molecule comprising the novel isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention operably linked to a selected polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid insert, and which may express the nucleic acid insert when transfected to a suitable host cell, preferably an avian cell. The nucleic acid insert may be placed in frame with a signal peptide sequence, whereby translation initiation from the transcript may start with the signal peptide and continue through the nucleic acid insert, thereby producing an expressed polypeptide having the desired amino acid sequence.

It is anticipated that the recombinant DNA, therefore, may further comprise a polyadenylation signal sequence that will allow the transcript directed by the novel lysozyme gene expression control region to proceed beyond the nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide and allow the transcript to further comprise a 3' untranslated region and a polyadenylated tail. Any functional polyadenylation signal sequence may be linked to the 3' end of the nucleic acid insert including the SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence, bovine growth hormone adenylation sequence or the like, or derivatives thereof.

In one embodiment of the recombinant DNA of the present invention, the polyadenylation signal sequence is derived from the SV40 virus.

In another embodiment of the recombinant DNA of the present invention, the polyadenylation signal has the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 68 or a variant thereof, as shown in Fig. 6.

It is further anticipated that the recombinant DNA of the present invention may further comprise the chicken lysozyme 3' domain SEQ ID NO: 69, or a variant thereof. The lysozyme 3' domain comprises a 3' untranslated region, a polyadenylation sequence and at least on 3' MAR.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide nucleic acid sequences of a human interferon $\alpha 2b$ protein optimized for expression in avian cells, and derivatives and fragments thereof.

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In derivatives of the human interferon a2b protein of the present invention, for example, it is reasonable to expect that an isolated replacement of a leucine with an isoleucine or valine, an aspartate with a glutamate, a threonine with a serine, or a similar replacement of an amino acid with a structurally related amino acid (i.e. conservative mutations) will not have a major effect on the biological activity of the resulting molecule. Conservative replacements are those that take place within a family of amino acids that are related in their side chains. Genetically encoded amino acids can be divided into four families: (1) acidic = aspartate, glutamate; (2) basic = lysine, arginine, histidine; (3) nonpolar = alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, proline, phenylalanine, methionine, tryptophan; and (4) uncharged polar = glycine, asparagine, glutamine, cysteine, serine, threonine, tyrosine. Phenylalanine, tryptophan, and tyrosine are sometimes classified jointly as aromatic amino acids. In similar fashion, the amino acid repertoire can be grouped as (1) acidic = aspartate, glutamate; (2) basic = lysine, arginine histidine, (3) aliphatic = glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, serine, threonine, with serine and threonine optionally be grouped separately as aliphatic-hydroxyl; (4) aromatic = phenylalanine, tyrosine, tryptophan; (5) amide = asparagine, glutamine; and (6) sulfur-containing = cysteine and methionine. (see, for example, "Biochemistry", 2nd ed, L. Stryer, ed., WH Freeman and Co., 1981). Peptides in which more than one replacement has taken place can readily be tested in the same manner.

One embodiment of the present invention is a recombinant DNA molecule comprising the isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention, operably linked to a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide, and a

polyadenylation signal sequence optionally operably linked thereto. It is contemplated that when the recombinant DNA is to be delivered to a recipient cell for expression therein, the sequence of the nucleic acid sequence may be modified so that the codons are optimized for the codon usage of the recipient species. For example, if the recombinant DNA is transfected into a recipient chicken cell, the sequence of the expressed nucleic acid insert is optimized for chicken codon usage. This may be determined from the codon usage of at least one, and preferably more than one, protein expressed in a chicken cell. For example, the codon usage may be determined from the nucleic acid sequences encoding the proteins ovalbumin, lysozyme, ovomucin and ovotransferrin of chicken.

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In one embodiment of the recombinant DNA of the present invention, therefore, the nucleic acid insert encodes the human interferon α2b polypeptide. Optimization of the sequence for codon usage elevates the level of translation in avian eggs. In this embodiment, the sequence (SEQ ID NO: 66) of the optimized human interferon sequence is shown in Fig. 4.

In yet another embodiment of the present invention, the recombinant DNA comprises the isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid encoding a human interferon α2b and the SV40 polyadenylation sequence, the recombinant DNA having the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO: 65, as shown in Fig. 3, or a variant thereof.

In still another embodiment of the present invention, the recombinant DNA comprises the isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to the nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide, and the chicken lysozyme 3' domain SEQ ID NO: 69. In one embodiment of the present invention, the nucleic acid insert is SEQ ID NO: 66 encoding a human α2b interferon, and the recombinant DNA construct has the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 70.

The protein of the present invention may be produced in purified form by any known conventional techniques. For example, chicken cells may be homogenized and centrifuged. The supernatant is then subjected to sequential ammonium sulfate precipitation and heat treatment. The fraction containing the protein of the present

invention is subjected to gel filtration in an appropriately sized dextran or polyacrylamide column to separate the proteins. If necessary, the protein fraction may be further purified by HPLC.

Another potentially useful application of the novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention is the possibility of increasing the amount of a heterologous protein present in a bird, (especially the chicken) by gene transfer. In most instances, a heterologous polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid insert transferred into the recipient animal host will operably linked with the lysozyme gene expression control region, to allow the cell to initiate and continue production of the genetic product protein. A recombinant DNA molecule of the present invention can be transferred into the extra-chromosomal or genomic DNA of the host.

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The recombinant DNA nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be delivered to cells using conventional recombinant DNA technology. The recombinant DNA molecule may be inserted into a cell to which the recombinant DNA molecule is heterologous (i.e. not normally present). Alternatively, as described more fully below, the recombinant DNA molecule may be introduced into cells which normally contain the recombinant DNA molecule, for example, to correct a deficiency in the expression of a polypeptide, or where over-expression of the polypeptide is desired.

For expression in heterologous systems, the heterologous DNA molecule is inserted into the expression system or vector of the present invention in proper sense orientation and correct reading frame. The vector contains the necessary elements for the transcription and translation of the inserted protein-coding sequences, including the novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region.

U.S. Patent No. 4,237,224 to <u>Cohen and Boyer</u>, hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, describes the production of expression systems in the form of recombinant plasmids using restriction enzyme cleavage and ligation with DNA ligase. These recombinant plasmids are then introduced to a cell by means of transformation and replicated in cultures, including eukaryotic cells grown in tissue

culture.

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One aspect of the present invention, therefore, is an expression vector suitable for delivery to a recipient cell for expression of the vector therein. It is contemplated to be within the scope of the present invention for the expression vector to comprise an isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide, and optionally a polyadenylation signal sequence. The expression vector of the present invention may further comprise a bacterial plasmid sequence, a viral nucleic acid sequence, or fragments or variants thereof that may allow for replication of the vector in a suitable host.

The novel isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention (SEQ ID NO: 67) and a polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid sequence operably linked thereto, such as, for example, SEQ ID NO: 66 or a derivative or truncated variant thereof, and optionally a polyadenylation signal sequence such as, for example, SEQ ID NO: 68 or the chicken lysozyme 3' domain may be introduced into viruses such as vaccinia virus. Methods for making a viral recombinant vector useful for expressing a protein under the control of the lysozyme promoter are analogous to the methods disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112; 4,769,330; 5,174,993; 5,505,941; 5,338,683; 5,494,807; 4,722,848; Paoletti, E., 1996, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 93: 11349-11353; Moss, B., 1996, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 93: 11341-11348; Roizman, 1996, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 93: 11371-11377; Grunhaus et al., 1993, Seminars in Virology 3: 237-252 and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,591,639; 5,589,466; and 5,580,859 relating to DNA expression vectors, inter alia; the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

Recombinant viruses can also be generated by transfection of plasmids into cells infected with virus. Suitable vectors include, but are not limited to, viral vectors such as lambda vector system λgt11, λgt WES.tB, Charon 4, and plasmid vectors such as pBR322, pBR325, pACYC177, pACYC184, pUC8, pUC9, pUC18, pUC19, pLG339, pR290, pKC37, pKC101, SV 40, pBluescript II SK +/- or KS +/- (see "Stratagene Cloning Systems" Catalog (1993) from Stratagene, La Jolla, Calif., which

is hereby incorporated by reference), pQE, pIH821, pGEX, pET series (see Studier, F.W. et. al., 1990, Use of T7 RNA Polymerase to Direct Expression of Cloned Genes in "Gene Expression Technology," vol. 185, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety) and any derivatives thereof. Recombinant molecules can be introduced into cells via transformation, particularly transduction, conjugation, mobilization, or electroporation. The DNA sequences are cloned into the vector using standard cloning procedures in the art, as described by Maniatis et al., 1982, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Springs Laboratory, Cold Springs Harbor, N.Y., which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

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A variety of host-vector systems may be utilized to express the proteinencoding sequence(s). Primarily, the vector system must be compatible with the host cell used. The use of eukaryotic recipient host cells permits partial or complete posttranslational modification such as, but not only, glycosylation and/or the formation of the relevant inter- or intra-chain disulfide bonds. Host-vector systems include but are not limited to the following: bacteria transformed with bacteriophage DNA, plasmid DNA, or cosmid DNA; microorganisms such as yeast containing yeast vectors; vertebrate cell systems infected with virus (e.g., vaccinia virus, adenovirus, etc.); insect cell systems infected with virus (e.g., baculovirus) or avian embryonic cells inoculated with the recombinant nucleic acid. The expression elements of these vectors vary in their strength and specificities. Depending upon the host-vector system utilized, any one of a number of suitable transcription and translation elements can be used.

Once the novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention has been cloned into a vector system, it is ready to be incorporated into a host cell. Such incorporation can be carried out by the various forms of transformation noted above, depending upon the vector/host cell system. Suitable host cells include, but are not limited to, bacteria, virus, yeast, mammalian cells, and the like. Alternatively, it is contemplated that the incorporation of the DNA of the present invention into a recipient cell may be by any suitable method such as, but not limited to, viral transfer, electroporation, gene gun insertion, sperm mediated transfer

to an ovum, microinjection and the like.

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Another aspect of the present invention, therefore, is a method of expressing a heterologous polypeptide in a eukaryotic cell by transfecting the cell with a recombinant DNA comprising an avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide and, optionally, a polyadenylation signal sequence, and culturing the transfected cell in a medium suitable for expression of the heterologous polypeptide under the control of the avian lysozyme gene expression control region.

In one embodiment of the method of the present invention, the recipient eukaryotic cell is derived from an avian. In one embodiment, the avian is a chicken.

Yet another aspect of the present invention is a eukaryotic cell transformed with an expression vector according to the present invention and described above. In one embodiment of the present invention, the transformed cell is a chicken oviduct cell and the nucleic acid insert comprises the chicken lysozyme gene expression control region, a nucleic acid insert encoding a human interferon α 2b and codon optimized for expression in an avian cell, and an SV40 polyadenylation sequence.

It is contemplated that the transfected cell according to the present invention may be transiently transfected, whereby the transfected recombinant DNA or expression vector may not be integrated into the genomic nucleic acid. It is further contemplated that the transfected recombinant DNA or expression vector may be stably integrated into the genomic DNA of the recipient cell, thereby replicating with the cell so that each daughter cell receives a copy of the transfected nucleic acid. It is still further contemplated for the scope of the present invention to include a transgenic animal producing a heterologous protein expressed from a transfected nucleic acid according to the present invention.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the transgenic animal is an avian selected from a turkey, duck, goose, quail, pheasant, ratite, an ornamental bird or a feral bird. In another embodiment, the avian is a chicken and the heterologous protein produced under the transcriptional control of the isolated avian lysozyme gene

expression control region according to the present invention is produced in the white of an egg.

Viral vector <u>cell transformation</u>:

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An exemplary approach for the *in vivo* introduction of a nucleic acid encoding the subject novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region into a cell is by use of a viral vector containing nucleic acid, e.g. a cDNA, encoding the gene product. Infection of cells with a viral vector has the advantage that a large proportion of the targeted cells can receive the nucleic acid. Additionally, molecules encoded within the viral vector, e.g., by a cDNA contained in the viral vector, are expressed efficiently in cells that have taken up viral vector nucleic acid.

Retrovirus vectors and adeno-associated virus vectors are generally understood to be the recombinant gene delivery system of choice for the transfer of exogenous genes in vivo. These vectors provide efficient delivery of genes into cells, and the transferred nucleic acids are stably integrated into the chromosomal DNA of the host. Recombinant retrovirus can be constructed in the part of the retroviral coding sequence (gag, pol, env) that has been replaced by nucleic acid encoding a lysozyme gene expression control region, thereby rendering the retrovirus replication defective. Protocols for producing recombinant retroviruses and for infecting cells in vitro or in vivo with such viruses can be found in Ausubel et al, 1989, "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology," Sections 9.10-9.14, Greene Publishing Associates, and other standard laboratory manuals. Examples of suitable retroviruses include pLJ, pZIP, pWE and pEM, all of which are well known to those skilled in the art. Examples of suitable packaging virus lines for preparing both ecotropic and amphotropic retroviral systems include psiCrip, psiCre, psi2 and psiAm.

Furthermore, it is possible to limit the infection spectrum of retroviruses and consequently of retroviral-based vectors, by modifying the viral packaging proteins on the surface of the viral particle (see, for example PCT publications WO93/25234, WO94/06920, and WO94/11524). For instance, strategies for the modification of the infection spectrum of retroviral vectors include coupling antibodies specific for cell surface antigens to the viral env protein (Roux et al., 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 86:

9079-9083; Julan et al., 1992, J. Gen. Virol. 73: 3251-3255 and Goud et al., 1983, Virology 163: 251-254) or coupling cell surface ligands to the viral env proteins (Neda et al., 1991, J. Biol. Chem. 266: 14143-14146)(all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties). Coupling can be in the form of the chemical cross-linking with a protein or other moiety (e.g., lactose to convert the env protein to an asialoglycoprotein), as well as by generating fusion proteins (e.g., single-chain antibody/env fusion proteins). This technique, while useful to limit or otherwise direct the infection to certain tissue types, can also be used to convert an ecotropic vector into an amphotropic vector.

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Another viral gene delivery system useful in the present invention utilizes adenovirus-derived vectors. The genome of an adenovirus can be manipulated such that it encodes a gene product of interest, but is inactivated in terms of its ability to replicate in a normal lytic viral life cycle (see, for example, Berkner et al., 1988, BioTechniques 6: 616; Rosenfeld et al., 1991, Science 252: 43 1434; and Rosenfeld et al., 1992, Cell 68: 143-155, all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties). Suitable adenoviral vectors derived from the adenovirus strain Ad type 5 dl324 or other strains of adenovirus (e.g., Ad2, Ad3, Ad7 etc.) are well known to those skilled in the art. The virus particle is relatively stable and amenable to purification and concentration, and as above, can be modified so as to affect the spectrum of infectivity. Additionally, introduced adenoviral DNA (and foreign DNA contained therein) is not integrated into the genome of a host cell but remains episomal, thereby avoiding potential problems that can occur as a result of insertional mutagenesis in situations where introduced DNA becomes integrated into the host Most replication-defective adenoviral vectors genome (e.g., retroviral DNA). currently in use and therefore favored by the present invention are deleted for all or parts of the viral E1 and E3 genes but retain as much as 80% of the adenoviral genetic material (see, e.g., Jones et al., 1979, Cell 16:683; Berkner et al., supra; and Graham et al., 1991, pp. 109-127 in "Methods in Molecular Biology," vol. 7, E. J. Murray, ed., Humana, Clifton, N.J., all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties). Expression of an inserted gene such as, for example, encoding the human

interferon α2b, can be under control of the exogenously added lysozyme gene expression control region sequences.

Yet another viral vector system useful for delivery of, for example, the subject avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide, is the adeno-associated virus (AAV). Vectors containing as little as 300 base pairs of AAV can be packaged and can integrate. Space for exogenous DNA is limited to about 4.5 kb. An AAV vector, such as that described in Tratschin et al., 1985, Mol. Cell. Biol. 5: 3251-3260, can be used to introduce DNA into cells. A variety of nucleic acids have been introduced into different cell types using AAV vectors (see, for example, Hermonat et al., 1984, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 81: 6466-6470; Tratschin et al., 1985, Mol. Cell. Biol. 4: 2072-2081; Wondisford et al., 1988, Mol. Endocrinol. 2: 32-39; Tratschin et al., 1984, J. Virol. 51: 611-619; and Flotte et al., 1993, J. Biol. Chem. 268: 3781-3790, all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties).

15 <u>Non-viral expression vectors</u>:

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Most non-viral methods of gene transfer rely on normal mechanisms used by eukaryotic cells for the uptake and intracellular transport of macromolecules. In preferred embodiments, non-viral gene delivery systems of the present invention rely on endocytic pathways for the uptake of the subject lysozyme gene expression control region and operably linked polypeptide-encoding nucleic acid by the targeted cell. Exemplary gene delivery systems of this type include liposomal derived systems, poly-lysine conjugates, and artificial viral envelopes.

In a representative embodiment, a nucleic acid comprising the novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention can be entrapped in liposomes bearing positive charges on their surface (e.g., lipofectins) and (optionally) which are tagged with antibodies against cell surface antigens of the target tissue (Mizuno et al., 1992, NO Shinkei Geka 20: 547-551; PCT publication WO91/06309; Japanese patent application 1047381; and European patent publication EP-A-43075, all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties).

In similar fashion, the gene delivery system comprises an antibody or cell

surface ligand that is cross-linked with a gene binding agent such as polylysine (see, for example, PCT publications WO93/04701, WO92/22635, WO92/20316, WO92/19749, and WO92/06180, all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties). It will also be appreciated that effective delivery of the subject nucleic acid constructs via receptor-mediated endocytosis can be improved using agents which enhance escape of gene from the endosomal structures. For instance, whole adenovirus or fusogenic peptides of the influenza HA gene product can be used as part of the delivery system to induce efficient disruption of DNA-containing endosomes (Mulligan et al., 1993, Science 260-926; Wagner et al., 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 89: 7934; and Christiano et al., 1993, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 90: 2122, all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties). It is further contemplated that a recombinant DNA molecule comprising the novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention may be delivered to a recipient host cell by other non-viral methods including by gene gun, microinjection, sperm-mediated transfer, or the like.

Transgenic animals:

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Another aspect of the present invention concerns transgenic animals, such as chickens, having a transgene comprising the novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention and which preferably (though optionally) express a heterologous gene in one or more cells in the animal. Suitable methods for the generation of transgenic avians having heterologous DNA incorporated therein are described, for example, in WO 99/19472 to <u>Ivarie et al.</u>; WO 00/11151 to <u>Ivarie et al.</u>; and WO 00/56932 to <u>Harvey et al.</u>, all of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

In various embodiments of the present invention, the expression of the transgene may be restricted to specific subsets of cells, tissues or developmental stages utilizing, for example, *cis*-acting sequences acting on the lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention and which control gene expression in the desired pattern. Tissue-specific regulatory sequences and conditional regulatory sequences can be used to control expression of the transgene in certain spatial

patterns. Moreover, temporal patterns of expression can be provided by, for example, conditional recombination systems or prokaryotic transcriptional regulatory sequences. The inclusion of a 5 MAR region in the novel isolated lysozyme gene expression control region of the present invention may allow the heterologous expression unit to escape the chromosomal positional effect (CPE) and therefore be expressed at a more uniform level in transgenic tissues that received the transgene by a route other than through germ line cells.

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One embodiment of the present invention, therefore, is a transgenic avian having a heterologous polynucleotide sequence comprising a nucleic acid insert encoding the heterologous polypeptide and operably linked to the novel isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region, the lysozyme gene expression control region comprising at least one 5 matrix attachment region, an intrinsically curved DNA region, at least one transcription enhancer, a negative regulatory element, at least one hormone responsive element, at least one avian CR1 repeat element, and a proximal lysozyme promoter and signal peptide-encoding region.

In an embodiment of the present invention, the transgenic avian is selected from a chicken, a turkey, a duck, a goose, a quail, a pheasant, a ratite, an ornamental bird or a feral bird.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the transgenic avian is a chicken.

In still another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the transgenic avian includes an avian lysozyme gene expression control region comprising the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 67, or a degenerate variant thereof.

In yet another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the transgenic avian further comprises a polyadenylation signal sequence.

In still yet another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the polyadenylation signal sequence is derived from the SV40 virus.

In an embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the polyadenylation signal sequence comprises the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 68, or a degenerate variant thereof.

In still another embodiment of transgenic avian of the present invention, the transgenic avian comprises the chicken lysozyme 3' domain having the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 69.

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In another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide has a codon complement optimized for protein expression in an avian.

In yet another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the nucleic acid insert encodes an interferon $\alpha 2b$ polypeptide.

In still another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the nucleic acid insert encoding an interferon α 2b polypeptide comprises the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 66, or a degenerate variant thereof.

In one embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the transgenic avian comprises the nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO: 65, or a degenerate variant thereof.

In yet another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the transgenic avian comprises the nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO: 70, or a degenerate variant thereof.

In another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the transgenic avian produces the heterologous polypeptide in the serum or an egg white.

In another embodiment of the transgenic avian of the present invention, the transgenic avian produces the heterologous polypeptide in an egg white.

The present invention is further illustrated by the following examples, which are provided by way of illustration and should not be construed as limiting. The contents of all references, published patents and patents cited throughout the present application are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

Example 1: Construction of lysozyme promoter plasmids

The chicken lysozyme gene expression control region was isolated by PCR amplification. Ligation and reamplification of the fragments thereby obtained yielded a contiguous nucleic acid construct comprising the chicken lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid sequence optimized for codon usage in the chicken (SEQ ID NO: 66) and encoding a human interferon α 2b polypeptide optimized for expression in an avian cell.

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White Leghorn Chicken (*Gallus gallus*) genomic DNA was PCR amplified using the primers 5pLMAR2 (SEQ ID NO: 1) (see Fig. 1) and LE-6.1kbrev1 (SEQ ID NO: 2) in a first reaction, and Lys-6.1 (SEQ ID NO: 3) and LysE1rev (SEQ ID NO: 4) as primers in a second reaction. PCR cycling steps were: denaturation at 94°C for 1 minute; annealing at 60°C for 1 minute; extension at 72°C for 6 minutes, for 30 cycles using TAQ PLUS PRECISIONTM DNA polymerase (Stratagene, LaJolla, CA). The PCR products from these two reactions were gel purified, and then united in a third PCR reaction using only 5pLMAR2 (SEQ ID NO: 1) and LysE1rev (SEQ ID NO: 4) as primers and a 10-minute extension period. The resulting DNA product was phosphorylated, gel-purified, and cloned into the *EcoR* V restriction site of the vector pBluescript KS, resulting in the plasmid p12.0-lys.

p12.0-lys was used as a template in a PCR reaction with primers 5pLMAR2 (SEQ ID NO: 1) and LYSBSU (SEQ ID NO: 5) and a 10 minute extension time. The resulting DNA was phosphorylated, gel-purified, and cloned into the *EcoR* V restriction site of pBluescript KS, forming plasmid p12.0lys-B.

p12.0lys-B was restriction digested with *Not* I and *Bsu*36 I, gel-purified, and cloned into *Not* I and *Bsu*36 I digested pCMV-LysSPIFNMM, resulting in p12.0-lys-LSPIFNMM. p12.0-lys-LSPIFNMM was digested with *Sal* I and the SalItoNotI primer (SEQ ID NO: 6) was annealed to the digested plasmid, followed by *Not* I digestion. The resulting 12.5 kb *Not* I fragment, comprising the lysozyme promoter region linked to IFNMAGMAX-encoding region and an SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence, was gel-purified and ligated to *Not* I cleaved and dephosphorylated pBluescript KS, thereby forming the plasmid pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2. The lysozyme

promoter/IFN construct contained in plasmid pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 was sequenced as described in Example 3.

Example 2: Construction of plasmids which contain the 3' lysozyme domain.

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The plasmid pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 was restriction digested with *FseI* and blunt-ended with T4 DNA polymerase. The linearized, blunt-ended pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 plasmid was then digested with *XhoI* restriction enzyme, followed by treatment with alkaline phosphatase. The resulting 15.4 kb DNA band containing the lysozyme 5'matrix attachment region (MAR) and –12.0 kb lysozyme promoter driving expression of a human interferon was gel purified by electroelution.

The plasmid pIIIilys was restriction digested with *Mlu*I, then blunt-ended with the Klenow fragment of DNA polymerase. The linearized, blunt-ended pIIIilys plasmid was digested with *Xho*I restriction enzyme and the resulting 6 kb band containing the 3' lysozyme domain from exon 3 to the 3' end of the 3' MAR was gel purified by electroelution. The 15.4 kb band from pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 and the 6 kb band from pIIIilys were ligated with T4 DNA ligase and transformed into STBL4 cells (Invitrogen Life Technologies, Carlsbad, CA) by electroporation. The resulting 21.3 kb plasmids from two different bacterial colonies were named pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.1 and pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.3 respectively.

Example 3: Sequencing Reactions

Plasmid DNA (pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2) produced as described in Example 1 was purified with QIAGENTM columns (Qiagen, Valencia, CA). Sequencing reactions were performed according to the Applied Biosystems (Foster City, CA) protocol for BIGDYETM Terminators, version 2.0, using an ABI 373 Stretch sequencer. Sequencing primers used are listed in Fig. 1, and a schematic diagram illustrating the sequencing reactions using the different primers is shown in Fig. 2. Sequence data was analyzed with SEQUENCHERTM software, version 4.0 (Gene Codes Corp., Ann Arbor, MI).

Example 4: Complete lysozyme promoter and IFNMAGMAX sequences

The complete nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 65), shown in Fig. 3, of the 12.5 kb chicken lysozyme promoter region/IFNMAGMAX construct spans the 5'

matrix attachment region (5' MAR), through the lysozyme signal peptide, to the sequence encoding the gene IFNMAGMAX and the subsequent polyadenylation signal sequence. The IFNMAGMAX nucleic acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 66), shown in Fig. 4, encoded human interferon α 2b (IFN) that had been synthesized based on a codon usage table compiled from the four most abundantly expressed hen egg white proteins ovalbumen, ovotransferrin, ovomucoid and lysozyme. The expressed IFN α 2b sequence within plasmid pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 functioned as a reporter gene for lysozyme promoter activity. This plasmid construct may also be used for production of interferon α 2b in the egg white of transgenic chickens. The isolated sequence of the 11.94 kb chicken lysozyme promoter region (SEQ ID NO: 67) alone is shown in Fig. 5. The sequence of the SV40 polyadenylation signal sequence (SEQ ID NO: 68) is shown in Fig. 6.

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Example 5: Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (BLAST) Analysis of the Complete Lysozyme Promoter Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 65)

The complete 12.5 kb lysozyme promoter/IFNMAGMAX sequence (SEQ ID NO: 65) was submitted to the National Center for Biotechnology Information for BLAST alignments with database sequences. Percent identities between the lysozyme promoter sequence (SEQ ID NO: 67, included within SEQ ID NO: 65) and corresponding known lysozyme promoter features are shown in Table II below:

Table II. BLAST Results of the Complete 12.0 kb Lysozyme Promoter Sequence

Description of DNA element	Coordinates in	GenBank accession	% identity
	this sequence	number	
5' matrix attachment region	1-237, 261-1564	AJ277960	96
5' matrix attachment region	1-237, 261-1564	X98408	96
5' matrix attachment region	1564-1912	X84223	99
	1930-2015		
Intrinsically curved DNA	2011-2671	X52989	98
Transcription enhancer (-6.1	5848-5934	Grewal et al., 1992	100
kb)			

Transcription enhancer (E-2.7	9160-9329	X05461	98
kb)			
Negative regulatory element	9325-9626	X05463	98
Hormone response element	9621-9666	X12509	99
	9680-10060		
CR1 chicken repeat element	10576-10821,	U88211, K02907	87
	10926-11193		
Transcription enhancer (E-0.2	11655-11797	X05462	100
kb)			
Proximal promoter and	11563-11877	M12532	100
lysozyme signal peptide			
Proximal promoter and	11424-11938	J00886	99
lysozyme signal peptide			

Features that have been previously identified as individual elements isolated from other component elements of the lysozyme promoter region include the 5' MAR, three transcription enhancers, a hormone-responsive element, and a chicken repeat 1 (CR1) element. The IFNMAGMAX sequence (SEQ ID NO: 66) extended from nucleotide positions 11946 to 12443 of SEQ ID NO: 65, shown in Fig. 3.

Example 6: Expression in Transfected Cultured Avian Oviduct Cells of Human Interferon α2b Regulated by the 12kb Lysozyme Promoter

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The oviduct was removed from a Japanese quail (Coturnix coturnix japonica) and the magnum portion minced and enzymatically dissociated with 0.8 mg/ml collagenase (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO) and 1.0 mg/ml dispase (Roche Molecular Biochemicals, Indianapolis, IN) by shaking and titurating for 30 minutes at 37°C. The cell suspension was then filtered through sterile surgical gauze, washed three times with F-12 medium (Life Technologies, Grand Island, NY) by centrifugation at 200 x g, and resuspended in OPTIMEMTM (Life Technologies) such that the OD₆₀₀ was approximately 2. Cell suspension (300 μ l) was plated per well of a 24-well dish. For each transfection, 2.5 μ l of DMRIE-C liposomes (Life

Technologies) and 1 μ g of DNA were preincubated for 15 minutes at room temperature in 100 μ l of OPTIMEMTM, and then added to the oviduct cells. Cells with DNA/liposomes were incubated for 5 hours at 37°C in 5% CO₂. Next, 0.75 ml of DMEM (Life Technologies) supplemented with 15% fetal bovine serum (FBS) (Atlanta Biologicals, Atlanta, GA), 2X penicillin/streptomycin (Life Technologies), 10^{-6} M insulin (Sigma), 10^{-8} M β -estradiol (Sigma), and 10^{-7} M corticosterone (Sigma) was added to each well, and incubation was continued for 72 hours. Medium was then harvested and centrifuged at 110 x g for 5 minutes. The supernatant was analyzed by ELISA for human interferon α 2b content.

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The human interferon $\alpha 2b$ contents of medium derived from cultured oviduct cells transfected with either the -12.0 kb IFN plasmid (pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2) or the negative control plasmid pCMV-EGFP as shown in Fig. 7. Bars to the right of the figure represent the standards for the IFN ELISA.

Example 7: Transfection of chicken HD11 cells with pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.1 and pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.3

Chicken cells transfected with plasmids having the 3 lysozyme domain linked to a nucleic acid expressing human α 2b interferon express the heterologous polypeptide. Chicken myelomonocytic HD11 cells were transfected with plasmid pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.1 and pAVIJCR-A212.89.2.3 to test the functionality of the plasmids. One million HD11 cells were plated per each well of a 24-well dish. The next day, HD11 cells were transfected with 1 µg of plasmid DNA per 4 µl of LipofectAMINE 2000 (Invitrogen Life Technologies). For comparison, independent wells were also transfected with the parent vector pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2. After 5 hours of transfection, the cell medium was changed with fresh medium. 48 hours later, cell medium was harvested by centrifugation at 110 X g for 5 min and assayed for human interferon by ELISA (PBL Biomedicals, Flanders, NJ).

The transfected cells expressed the heterologous human α 2b interferon at least to the level seen with a plasmid not having the 3—lysozyme domain operably linked to the human α 2b interferon encoding nucleic acid, as shown in Fig. 10.

Example 8: Expression of human α2b interferon in a transgenic avian platform

The plasmid pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 (containing the -12.0 kb lysozyme promoter controlling expression of human interferon α-2b) was purified with a Qiagen Plasmid Maxi Kit (Qiagen, Valencia, CA), and 100 micrograms of the plasmid were restriction digested with *Not*I restriction enzyme. The digested DNA was phenol/CHCl₃ extracted and ethanol precipitated. Recovered DNA was resuspended in 1mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0) and 0.1mM EDTA, then placed overnight at 4° C. DNA was quantified by spectrophotometry and diluted to the appropriate concentration. DNA samples were resuspended in 0.25 M KCl and bound with a SV40 T antigen nuclear localization signal peptide (NLS peptide, amino acid sequence CGGPKKKRKVG-NH₂; SEQ ID NO.: 71) by adding the NLS at a peptide:DNA molar ratio of 100:1 (Collas and Alestrom, 1996, Mol. Reprod. Develop. 45: 431-438; the contents of which is incoprporated by refeence in its entirety).

Cytoplasmic Microinjection of DNA: Approximately two nanoliters of DNA were injected into the germinal disk of stage I White Leghorn embryos obtained two hours after oviposition of the previous egg. DNA amounts per injection ranged from 10 picograms to 400 picograms. Injected embryos were surgically transferred to recipient hens via ovum transfer according to the method of Christmann et al (PCT/US01/26723 to Christmann et al; the contents of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety)

Analysis of chick blood DNA by PCR for IFN transgene: Whole blood from one week old chicks was collected with heparinized capillary tubes. Red blood cell (RBC) nuclei were released and washed with lysis buffer solution. DNA's from RBC nuclei were extracted by digestion with proteinase K (1mg/ml) and precipitated with ethanol. Purified DNA was resuspended in 1mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0) and 0.1mM EDTA and quantitated. Genomic DNA samples were analysed by PCR using primers LYS051 (SEQ ID NO.: 72) for 5'-TGCATCCTTCAGCACTTGAG-3' and IFN-3 (SEQ ID NO.: 73) for 5'-AACTCCTCTTGAGGAAAGCC-3'. This primer set amplifies a 584 bp region of the transgene carried by the pAVIJCR-A115.93.1.2 plasmid. Three hundred nanograms of genomic DNA were added to a 50μl reaction mixture (1 X Promega PCR Buffer with 1.5mM MgCl₂, 200μM of each dNTP, 5μM primers) and

1.25 units of Taq DNA polymerase (Promega). The reaction mixtures were heated for 4 minutes at 94°C, and then amplified for 34 cycles at 94°C for 1 min, 60°C for 1 min and 72°C for 1 min. The samples were heated in a final cycle for 4 minutes at 72°C. PCR products were detected on a 0.8% agarose gel with ethidium bromide staining.

- 5 Human interferon α-2b expression in chick blood by ELISA: One week after hatch, blood was collected from chicks using heparinized capillary tubes; added to an equal volume of phosphate buffered saline and centrifuged at 200 x g. 100 microliters of the supernatant were assayed by human IFN ELISA (PBL Biomedical Laboratories, New Brunswick, New Jersey).
- 10 Human interferon α-2b expression in egg white of transgenic hens: once hens reached sexual maturity and began to lay (approximately 22 24 weeks of age), eggs were collected and egg white assayed by ELISA using human IFN ELISA (PBL Biomedical Laboratories, New Brunswick, New Jersey) according to maufacturer's instructions.
- 15 Results of PCR and ELISA analysis of blood and egg white: Table III below summarizes results of PCR and ELISA analysis.

Birds Tested Bird# Method PCR (Blood) **ELISA ELISA** (egg white) (Blood) 8305 - NLS + + NA (male) 69 (2.5%) 8340 - NLS **AA123** + NLS + + NA (immature) + + AA61 +NLS " + **AA105** +NLS 43 (9%) + **AA115** +NLS

Table III: Analysis of Transgene presence and Interferon Expression

-NLS: DNA injected without NLS peptide; + NLS: DNA injected with NLS peptide; NA: not applicable

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As shown in Table III, one bird (#8305) of 69 produced using microinjection of DNA without the NLS peptide, was positive for both presence of the transgene and expression of interferon in the blood. Because this bird is a male, he will be bred to a non-transgenic hen to examine germline transmission of the transgene. Figure 11 demonstrates expression of human interferon in the blood of #8305, as compared to standards. Figure 12 illustrates PCR results from the serum of for several birds,

including #8305, obtained at different intervals after hatch. As can be seen in lanes 4, 5, 11, and 12, positive signal was seen indicating the presence of the transgene at two different collection periods.

Other positives were seen in birds produced under microinjection of DNA covalently linked to the NLS peptide as described above. Table III illustrates 4 birds (AA123, AA61, AA105 and AA115) out of 43 tested that were PCR positive, ELISA positive or both. Expression levels of human IFN in AA61, as compared to standards, is also illustrated in Figure 11. Males will be bred to determine germline transmission, and eggs collected from transgenic females to assay for IFN expression, as described above, as chicks reach sexual maturity.

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Example 9: Expression of a human monoclonal antibody (Mab) in a transgenic avian platform

Transgenic chickens were produced as described in Example 8 above, except
that two distinct constructs were coinjected into Stage 1 embryos. The constructs
comprised the 12 kb lysozyme promoter, as described above in Example 4, driving
either a heavy chain or light chain of a human monoclonal antibody against CTLA-4
(WO 01/14424 A2 to Korman et al.; the contents of which is incorporated herein in its
entirety). ELISA analysis of serum, conducted as described above in Example 8, is
summarized below:

Table IV. ELISA analysis of Mab expression in hatched birds:

Bird #	Method	ELISA	ELISA	# Birds
		(serum)	(egg white)	Tested
214	+ NLS	+	NA (immature)	
228	+ NLS	+	EE .	13

+ NLS: DNA injected with NLS peptide; NA: not available

Results indicate that two birds of the thirteen tested to date, #214 and #228, are positive for Mab expression in the serum.

Although preferred embodiments of the invention have been described using specific terms, devices, and methods, such description is for illustrative purposes only. The

words used are words of description rather than of limitation. It is to be understood that changes and variations may be made by those of ordinary skill in the art without departing from the spirit or the scope of the present invention, which is set forth in the following claims. In addition, it should be understood that aspects of the various embodiments may be interchanged both in whole or in part.

What is Claimed Is:

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1. An isolated nucleic acid comprising an isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region comprising:

- (a) at least one 5 matrix attachment region;
- (b) an intrinsically curved DNA region;
- (c) at least one transcription enhancer;
- (d) a negative regulatory element;
- (e) at least one hormone responsive element;
- (f) at least one avian CR1 repeat element; and

10 (g) a proximal lysozyme promoter and signal peptide-encoding region.

- 2. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 1, wherein the avian is selected from the group consisting of a chicken, a turkey, a duck, a goose, a quail, a pheasant, a ratite, an ornamental bird or a feral bird.
- 3. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 1, wherein the lysozyme gene expression control region comprises the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 67, or a degenerate variant thereof.
 - 4. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 1 comprising a sequence at least 75% identical to SEQ ID NO: 67.
 - 5. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 1 comprising a sequence at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO: 67.
 - 6. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 1 comprising a sequence at least 99% identical to SEQ ID NO: 67.
 - 7. A recombinant DNA molecule comprising an isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide, wherein the lysozyme gene expression control region comprises:
 - (a) at least one 5 matrix attachment region;
 - (b) an intrinsically curved DNA region;
 - (c) at least one transcription enhancer;
 - (d) a negative regulatory element;
- 30 (e) at least one hormone responsive element;

(f) at least one avian CR1 repeat element; and

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- (g) a proximal lysozyme promoter and signal peptide-encoding region.
- 8. The recombinant DNA molecule of Claim 7, wherein the avian is selected from the group consisting of a chicken, a turkey, a duck, a goose, a quail, a pheasant, a ratite, an ornamental bird or a feral bird.
- 9. The recombinant DNA molecule of Claim 7, wherein the lysozyme gene expression control region comprises the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 67, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 10. The recombinant DNA molecule of Claim 7, further comprising a polyadenylation signal sequence, said polyadenylation signal sequence optionally comprising the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 68, or a degenerate variant thereof.
 - 11. The recombinant DNA molecule of Claim 7, wherein the nucleic acid insert encodes an interferon α2b polypeptide; said polypeptide optionally comprising the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 66, or a degenerate variant thereof.
 - 12. The recombinant DNA molecule of Claim 7 having the nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO: 65, or a degenerate variant thereof.
 - 13. The recombinant DNA molecule of Claim 7 having the nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO: 70, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 20 14. An expression vector that integrates into a host cell and comprising an isolated avian lysozyme gene expression control region operably linked to a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide, wherein the expression control region directs production of a transcript, wherein the lysozyme gene expression control region comprises:
- 25 (a) at least one 5 matrix attachment region;
 - (b) an intrinsically curved DNA region;
 - (c) at least one transcription enhancer;
 - (d) a negative regulatory element;
 - (e) at least one hormone responsive element;
- 30 (f) at least one avian CR1 repeat element; and

- (g) a proximal lysozyme promoter and signal peptide-encoding region.
- 15. The expression vector of Claim 14, wherein the lysozyme gene expression control region comprises the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 67, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 5 16. The expression vector of Claim 14 wherein the nucleic acid insert encodes an interferon α2b polypeptide; said polypeptide optionally comprising the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 66, or a degenerate variant thereof.
 - 17. The expression vector of Claim 16, wherein the nucleic acid insert encoding an interferon α2b polypeptide comprises the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 66, or a degenerate variant thereof.

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- 18. The expression vector of Claim 14 having the nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO: 65, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 19. The expression vector of Claim 14 comprising the nucleotide sequence in SEQID NO: 70, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 15 20. A method of expressing a heterologous polypeptide in a host cell, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) transfecting a eukaryotic cell with a recombinant DNA molecule as claimed in Claim 5, thereby generating a transfected cell;
 - (b) culturing the transfected cell in a medium suitable for expression of a heterologous polypeptide under the control of an avian lysozyme gene expression control region encoded by the recombinant DNA molecule.
 - 21. A eukaryotic cell transformed with the expression vector according to Claim 14, or a progeny of the cell, wherein the cell or the progeny thereof expresses a heterologous polypeptide.
 - 22. The eukaryotic cell of Claim 21, wherein the cell is an oviduct cell of a chicken or a cultured cell.
 - 23. The eukaryotic cell of Claim 21, wherein the expression vector has a nucleic acid insert encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of an

- interferon or a monoclonal antibody, and wherein said nucleic acid insert has a codon complement optimized for protein expression in an avian.
- 24. The eukaryotic cell of Claim 23, wherein the nucleic acid insert encoding the interferon α2b polypeptide comprises the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 66, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 25. The eukaryotic cell of Claim 23, wherein the insert encoding the interferon α2b polypeptide comprises the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 70, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- A transgenic avian having a heterologous polynucleotide sequence comprising a nucleic acid insert encoding the heterologous polypeptide and operably linked to an avian lysozyme gene expression control region, wherein the lysozyme gene expression control region comprises:
 - (a) at least one 5 matrix attachment region;
 - (b) an intrinsically curved DNA region;
 - (c) at least one transcription enhancer;
 - (d) a negative regulatory element;

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- (e) at least one hormone responsive element;
- (f) at least one avian CR1 repeat element; and
- (g) a proximal lysozyme promoter and signal peptide-encoding region.
- 20 27. The transgenic avian of Claim 26, wherein the avian is selected from the group consisting of a chicken, a turkey, a duck, a goose, a quail, a pheasant, a ratite, an ornamental bird or a feral bird.
 - 28. The transgenic avian of Claim 26, wherein the lysozyme gene expression control region comprises the nucleic acid sequence in SEQ ID NO: 67, or a degenerate variant thereof.
 - 29. The transgenic avian of Claim 26, wherein the nucleic acid insert encodes an protein or a monoclonal antibody.
- The transgenic avian of Claim 26, wherein the nucleic acid insert encoding the an interferon α2b polypeptide comprises the sequence in SEQ ID NO: 66, or a degenerate variant thereof.

31. The transgenic avian of Claim 26 having the nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO: 65, or a degenerate variant thereof.

- 32. The transgenic avian of Claim 26 having the nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NO: 70, or a degenerate variant thereof.
- 5 33. The transgenic avian of Claim 26 wherein the transgenic avian produces the heterologous polypeptide in the serum or an egg white.

SEQ ID NOS: 1-64

5pLMAR2 TGCCGCCTTCTTTGATATTC	SEQ	ID	NO:	1
LE-6.1kbrev1 TTGGTGGTAAGGCCTTTTTG	SEQ	ID	NO:	2
Lys-6.1 CTGGCAAGCTGTCAAAAACA	SEQ	ID	NO:	3
LysElrev CAGCTCACATCGTCCAAAGA	SEQ	ID	NO:	4
LYSBSU CCCCCCCTAAGGCAGCCAGGGCAGGAAGCAAA	SEQ	ID	NO:	5
SalltoNotI TCGAGCGGCCGC	SEQ	ID	NO:	6
T7 TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG	SEQ	ID	NO:	7
lys61enfor1 CGTGGTGATCAAATCTTTGTG	SEQ	ID	NO:	8
lys61enrev1 AGGAGGGCACAGTAGGGATC	SEQ	ID	NO:	9
5MARfor1 GTGGCCTGTGTCTGTGCTT	SEQ	ID	NO:	10
IFN-3rev AACTCCTCTTGAGGAAAGCC	SEQ	ID	NO:	11
lys001rev TCCTGTTTGGGATGAATGGT	SEQ	ID	NO:	12
lys002for CTCTCAGAATGCCCAACTCC	SEQ	ID	NO:	13
lys003for TGTATTGGTCTCCCTCCTGC	SEQ	ID	NO:	14
lys005for TGTTGAAATTGCAGTGTGGC	SEQ	ID	NO:	15
lys006rev TGACAATGCAAATTTGGCTC	SEQ	ID	NO:	16

lys007for GATATCCTTGCAGTGCCCAT	SEQ	ID	NO:	17
lys008rev GGACAAGCAAGTGCATCAGA	SEQ	ID	NO:	18
lys009for CTGATGTGCTTCAGCTCTGC	SEQ	ID	NO:	19
lys010rev TCCATGGTGGTCAAACAGAA	SEQ	ID	NO:	20
lys011for GTACTAGACCAGGCAGCCCA	SEQ	ID	NO:	21
lys012rev GTGGGAAGTACCACATTGGC	SEQ	ID	NO:	22
lys013for CGCTCAGGAGAAAGTGAACC	SEQ	ID	NO:	23
lys014rev CGGTTTTGCCTTTGTGTTTT	SEQ	ID	NO:	24
lys015rev AAATGCTCGATTTCATTGGG	SEQ	ID	NO:	25
lys016rev GCCAATCAGACTGCATTTCA	SEQ	ID	NO:	26
lys017rev AACCGCTGAATGGAACAGTC	SEQ	ID	NO:	27
lys018for ACACGCACATATTTTGCTGG	SEQ	ID	NO:	28
lys019rev CAGGAGCTGGATTCCTTCAG	SEQ	ID	NO:	29
lys020for AAAGGATGCAGTCCCAAATG	SEQ	ID	NO:	30
lys021rev GCCCCTAGACTCCATCTTCC	SEQ	ID	NO:	31
lys022rev ATTTGCTGTGGTGGATGTGA			NO:	
lys024for CCTTGCAGTCCTTGGTTTGT			NO:	

lys025rev ATGATCCTTCTGATGGGCTG	SEQ	ID	NO:	34
lys026rev ACAGTGATAGCACAAGGGGG	SEQ	ID	NO:	35
lys027rev GTAAACAGCTGCAACAGGCA	SEQ	ID	NO:	36
lys028rev CAACACAAAAGTTGGACAGCA	SEQ	ID	NO:	37
lys029rev TTTGCAGATGAGACGTTTGC	SEQ	ID	NO:	38
lys030rev CCACAAGTTCTTGTTTGGGC	SEQ	ID	NO:	39
lys031rev ATCAATCCATGCCAGTAGCC	SEQ	ID	NO:	40
lys032rev GTTTAAGGCCCCTTCCAATC	SEQ	ID	NO:	41
lys033for GAGAGGGGTTGGGTGTATT	SEQ	ID	NO:	42
lys034for ACAGTGGAAGCATTCAAGGG	SEQ	ID	NO:	43
lys037for CCAATGCCTTTGGTTCTGAT	SEQ	ID	NO:	44
lys038for AAAACACAAAGGCAAAACCG	SEQ	ID	NO:	45
lys039rev CTAAGCCTCGCCAGTTTCAA	SEQ	ID	NO:	46
lys040rev TGCCATGAAAACCCTACTGA	SEQ	ID	NO:	47
lys041for GGAATGTACCCTCAGCTCCA	SEQ	ID	NO:	48
lys042rev CCTCTTTAGGAGGCCAGCTT	SEQ	ID	NO:	49
lys043rev AAGATGATCAGAGGGCTGGA	SEQ	ID	NO:	50

lys044rev GCAGCGCTGGTAATCTTCAT		SEQ ID NO: 51
lys045for CTTCAGATCCCAGGAAGTGC		SEQ ID NO: 52
lys046for TTCCTGCCTTACATTCTGGG		SEQ ID NO: 53
lys047for CCCACTGCAGGCTTAGAAAG		SEQ ID NO: 54
lys048for AGTTCTCCATAGCGGCTGAA		SEQ ID NO: 55
lys051for TGCATCCTTCAGCACTTGAG		SEQ ID NO: 56
lys052rev GCAGGAGGGAGACCAATACA		SEQ ID NO: 57
lys053for TGCACAAGGATGTCTGGGTA		SEQ ID NO: 58
lys054for TCCTAGCAACTGCGGATTTT		SEQ ID NO: 59
lys056for TCTTCCATGTTGGTGACAGC		SEQ ID NO: 60
lys058for CCCCCTTGTGCTATCACTGT		SEQ ID NO: 61
lys059for CTGACAGACATCCCAGCTCA		SEQ ID NO: 62
lys060for AAGTTGTGCTTCTGCGTGTG		SEQ ID NO: 63
lys061for TTGTTCCTGCTGTTCCTCCT		SEQ ID NO: 64

Fig. 1

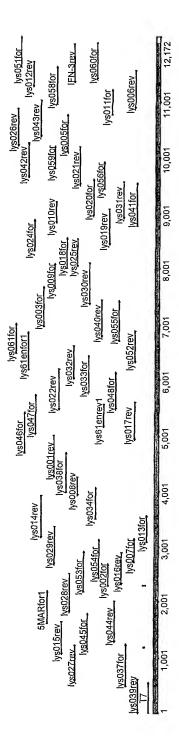


Fig.2

				-		
TGCCGCCTTC	TTTGATATTC	ACTCTGTTGT	ATTTCATCTC	TTCTTGCCGA	TGAAAGGATA	60
TAACAGTCTG	TATAACAGTC	TGTGAGGAAA	TACTTGGTAT	TTCTTCTGAT	CAGTGTTTTT	120
ATAAGTAATG	TTGAATATTG	GATAAGGCTG	TGTGTCCTTT	GTCTTGGGAG	ACAAAGCCCA	180
CAGCAGGTGG	TGGTTGGGGT	GGTGGCAGCT	CAGTGACAGG	AGAGGTTTTT	TTGCCTGTTT	240
TTTTTTTTTT	TTTTTTTTT	AAGTAAGGTG	TTCTTTTTTC	TTAGTAAATT	TTCTACTGGA	300
CTGTATGTTT	TGACAGGTCA	GAAACATTTC	TTCAAAAGAA	GAACCTTTTG	GAAACTGTAC	360
AGCCCTTTTC	TTTCATTCCC	TTTTTGCTTT	CTGTGCCAAT	GCCTTTGGTT	CTGATTGCAT	420
TATGGAAAAC	GTTGATCGGA	ACTTGAGGTT	TTTATTTATA	GTGTGGCTTG	AAAGCTTGGA	480
TAGCTGTTGT	TACACGAGAT	ACCTTATTAA	GTTTAGGCCA	GCTTGATGCT	TTATTTTTTC	540
CCTTTGAAGT	AGTGAGCGTT	CTCTGGTTTT	TTTCCTTTGA	AACTGGTGAG	GCTTAGATTT	600
TTCTAATGGG	ATTTTTTACC	TGATGATCTA	GTTGCATACC	CAAATGCTTG	TAAATGTTTT	660
CCTAGTTAAC	ATGTTGATAA	CTTCGGATTT	ACATGTTGTA	TATACTTGTC	ATCTGTGTTT	720
CTAGTAAAAA	TATATGGCAT	TTATAGAAAT	ACGTAATTCC	TGATTTCCTT	TTTTTTTATC	780
TCTATGCTCT	GTGTGTACAG	GTCAAACAGA		ATTTTTTTTT	ATAGAATTTT	840
ATATGCAGTC	TGTCGTTGGT	TCTTGTGTTG	TAAGGATACA	GCCTTAAATT	TCCTAGAGCG	900
ATGCTCAGTA	AGGCGGGTTG	TCACATGGGT	TCAAATGTAA	AACGGGCACG	TTTGGCTGCT	960
GCCTTCCCGA	GATCCAGGAC	ACTAAACTGC	TTCTGCACTG	AGGTATAAAT	CGCTTCAGAT	1020
CCCAGGGAAG	TGCAGATCCA	CGTGCATATT	CTTAAAGAAG	AATGAATACT	TTCTAAAATA	1080
TTTTGGCATA	GGAAGCAAGC	TGCATGGATT	TGTTTGGGAC	TTAAATTATT	TTGGTAACGG	1140
AGTGCATAGG	TTTTAAACAC	AGTTGCAGCA	TGCTAACGAG	TCACAGCGTT	TATGCAGAAG	1200
TGATGCCTGG	ATGCCTGTTG	CAGCTGTTTA	CGGCACTGCC	TTGCAGTGAG	CATTGCAGAT	1260
AGGGGTGGGG	TGCTTTGTGT	CGTGTTCCCA	CACGCTGCCA	CACAGCCACC	TCCCGGAACA	1320
CATCTCACCT	GCTGGGTACT	TTTCAAACCA	TCTTAGCAGT	AGTAGATGAG	TTACTATGAA	1380
ACAGAGAAGT	TCCTCAGTTG	GATATTCTCA	TGGGATGTCT	TTTTTCCCAT	GTTGGGCAAA	1440
GTATGATAAA	GCATCTCTAT	TTGTAAATTA	TGCACTTGTT	AGTTCCTGAA	TCCTTTCTAT	1500
AGCACCACTT	ATTGCAGCAG	GTGTAGGCTC	TGGTGTGGCC	TGTGTCTGTG	CTTCAATCTT	1560
TTAAAGCTTC	TTTGGAAATA	CACTGACTTG	ATTGAAGTCT	CTTGAAGATA	GTAAACAGTA	1620
CTTACCTTTG	ATCCCAATGA	AATCGAGCAT	TTCAGTTGTA	AAAGAATTCC	GCCTATTCAT	1680
ACCATGTAAT	GTAATTTTAC	ACCCCCAGTG	CTGACACTTT	GGAATATATT	CAAGTAATAG	1740
ACTTTGGCCT	CACCCTCTTG	TGTACTGTAT	TTTGTAATAG	$\mathtt{AAAATATTTT}$	AAACTGTGCA	1800
TATGATTATT	ACATTATGAA	AGAGACATTC	TGCTGATCTT	CAAATGTAAG	AAAATGAGGA	1860
GTGCGTGTGC	TTTTATAAAT	ACAAGTGATT	GCAAATTAGT	GCAGGTGTCC	TTAAAAAAAAA	1920
AAAAAAAAAG	TAATATAAAA	AGGACCAGGT	GTTTTACAAG	TGAAATACAT	TCCTATTTGG	1980
TAAACAGTTA	CATTTTTATG	AAGATTACCA	GCGCTGCTGA	CTTTCTAAAC	ATAAGGCTGT	2040
ATTGTCTTCC	TGTACCATTG	CATTTCCTCA	TTCCCAATTT	GCACAAGGAT	GTCTGGGTAA	2100
ACTATTCAAG	AAATGGCTTT	GAAATACAGC	ATGGGAGCTT	GTCTGAGTTG	GAATGCAGAG	2160
TTGCACTGCA	AAATGTCAGG	AAATGGATGT	CTCTCAGAAT	GCCCAACTCC	AAAGGATTTT	2220
ATATGTGTAT	ATAGTAAGCA			CAAAGAGTCT	GCTGAATGTT	2280
			GGTAAGATGG			2340
	TTCAGCAGAA					
	TATACTTGAA					
	AGACTGTTAA					
	ACCTTGTATT					
	TTTTGACTTG					
	ATCAAAACTT					
	CTGAAACTAG					
	GCTAGTGAGA					
	TTTTTTCATT					
	TCTGATTGGC					
	AGGAAGTTAA					
	ACCTGGATTT					
	TGAAAGGGCT					
	TATTTACTGC					
	ACTATAGCCT					
GTGCTGGGCT	GTGGCTGGGG	GGACTGTGGG	GACTCCAAGC	TGAGCTTGGG	GTGGGCAGCA	3300

CAGGGAAAAG	TGTGGGTAAC	TATTTTAAG	TACTGTGTTG	CAAACGTCTC	ATCTGCAAAT	3360
ACGTAGGGTG	TGTACTCTCG	AAGATTAACA	GTGTGGGTTC	AGTAATATAT	GGATGAATTC	3420
ACAGTGGAAG	CATTCAAGGG	TAGATCATCT	AACGACACCA	GATCATCAAG	CTATGATTGG	3480
AAGCGGTATC	AGAAGAGCGA	GGAAGGTAAG	CAGTCTTCAT	ATGTTTTCCC	TCCACGTAAA	3540
GCAGTCTGGG	AAAGTAGCAC	CCCTTGAGCA	GAGACAAGGA	AATAATTCAG	GAGCATGTGC	3600
TAGGAGAACT	TTCTTGCTGA	ATTCTACTTG	CAAGAGCTTT	GATGCCTGGC	TTCTGGTGCC	3660
	CCTGCAAGGC	CCAGAGCCTG	TGGTGAGCTG	GAGGGAAAGA	TTCTGCTCAA	3720
GTCCAAGCTT	CAGCAGGTCA	TTGTCTTTGC	· ·	AGCACTGTGC	AGCAGAGTGG	3780
	GAAGCCTCCT	GTCCACTACC	TGTTGCTGCA		TCTCAGAAAA	3840
AACTGATGTC				= " -	GAAAACACAA	3900
	CTCTATGCCA	TAGTCTGAAG	GTAAAATGGG	TTTTAAAAAA		
AGGCAAAACC	GGCTGCCCCA	TGAGAAGAAA		ACATGGTAGA		3960
AAGCCCCCAG		AGGCCCCTCC		AGGCGGGAAC	AAGCTTCCCT	4020
GCCTAGGGCT	CTGCCCGCGA	AGTGCGTGTT	TCTTTGGTGG	GTTTTGTTTG	GCGTTTGGTT	4080
TTGAGATTTA	GACACAAGGG	AAGCCTGAAA	GGAGGTGTTG	GGCACTATTT	TGGTTTGTAA	4140
AGCCTGTACT	TCAAATATAT	ATTTTGTGAG	GGAGTGTAGC	GAATTGGCCA	ATTTAAAATTA	4200
AAGTTGCAAG	AGATTGAAGG	CTGAGTAGTT	GAGAGGGTAA	CACGTTTAAT	GAGATCTTCT	4260
GAAACTACTG	CTTCTAAACA	CTTGTTTGAG	TGGTGAGACC	TTGGATAGGT	GAGTGCTCTT	4320
GTTACATGTC	TGATGCACTT	GCTTGTCCTT	TTCCATCCAC	ATCCATGCAT	TCCACATCCA	4380
СССАТТТСТС	ACTTATCCCA	TATCTGTCAT	ATCTGACATA	CCTGTCTCTT	CGTCACTTGG	4440
	CAGATGTGAT	AATCCCCAGC	CGCCCCAAGT	TTGAGAAGAT	GGCAGTTGCT	4500
TCTTTCCCTT	TTTCCTGCTA	AGTAAGGATT	TTCTCCTGGC	TTTGACACCT	CACGAAATAG	4560
TCTTCCTGCC	TTACATTCTG	GGCATTATTT	CAAATATCTT	TGGAGTGCGC	TGCTCTCAAG	4620
	CCTACTCTTA	GAGTGAATGC	TCTTAGAGTG	AAAGAGAAGG	AAGAGAAGAT	4680
TTTGTGTCTT		GAACACACCT	CTGAATAATG	GCCAAAGGTG	GGTGGGTTTC	4740
GTTGGCCGCA					TGCAGTTATT	4800
TCTGAGGAAC	GGGCAGCGTT	TGCCTCTGAA		TCTGCGGAGT		
TTGCAACTGA		GGTGCTTAAA		TAGGTTCCCT	GCTACTTCTT	4860
	GCAGTCAGTT		AGACAAACAG	CCACCCCCAC	TGCAGGCTTA	4920
	GGCTCTGCCT	GGGTGTGTTA		CTGGTGAAAG	GGGATTAAAA	4980
CGGGCACCAT	TCATCCCAAA	CAGGATCCTC		CAAGCTGTAA	GGAACTTGGG	5040
CTCCAACCTC	AAAACATTAA	TTGGAGTACG	AATGTAATTA		CTCGCATTCC	5100
TAAGTCATTT	AGTCTGGACT	CTGCAGCATG		GCTCCCACTT	TCTCAAAGAC	5160
CACTGATGGA	GGAGTAGTAA	AAATGGAGAC	CGATTCAGAA	CAACCAACGG	AGTGTTGCCG	5220
AAGAAACTGA	TGGAAATAAT	GCATGAATTG	TGTGGTGGAC	ATTTTTTTTA	AATACATAAA	5280
CTACTTCAAA	TGAGGTCGGA	GAAGGTCAGT	GTTTTATTAG	CAGCCATAAA	ACCAGGTGAG	5340
CGAGTACCAT	TTTTCTCTAC	AAGAAAAACG	ATTCTGAGCT	CTGCGTAAGT	ATAAGTTCTC	5400
CATAGCGGCT	GAAGCTCCCC	CCTGGCTGCC	TGCCATCTCA	GCTGGAGTGC	AGTGCCATTT	5460
CCTTGGGGTT	TCTCTCACAG	CAGTAATGGG	ACAATACTTC	ACAAAAATTC	TTTCTTTTCC	5520
TGTCATGTGG	GATCCCTACT	GTGCCCTCCT	GGTTTTACGT	TACCCCCTGA	CTGTTCCATT	5580
CAGCGGTTTG	GAAAGAGAAA	AAGAATTTGG	AAATAAAACA	TGTCTACGTT	ATCACCTCCT	5640
	GGTTTTTAAT	TATGTCAATA	ACTGGCTTAG	ATTTGGAAAT	GAGAGGGGGT	5700
				TCAAGTCTTT		5760
				TTAAGTGAAT		
				TATGCCACGG		
				CAATTTCCTT		
				CCACTTCTTT		
				GTCAAGTGAA		
				TTGTGTGAGG		
				CTCTATGACA		
				GAGGGTCTTC		
				GAATACAGCC		
				CCCCTTCTGA		
				TTCCTCCTGG		
				GCCTGAATTT		
				TATAGTTATT		
CTGTGTTTAA	CCCCTTAAGG	CATTCAGAAC	AACTAGAATC	ATAGAATGGT	TTGGATTGGA	6600

7000000000	776756756	7 mmm	~~~~~~~~~~~	CCCECCEC	ar coar amac	CCC0
				GGCTGCTTGC		6660
	CCAGGGCCCC	ATCCAGCCTG		CCTCCAGGGA		6720
ACAGCTTCTC	TGGGCAGCCT	GTGCCAACAC	CTCACCACTC	TCTGGGTAAA	GAATTCTCTT	6780
TTAACATCTA	ATCTAAATCT	CTTCTCTTTT	AGTTTAAAGC	CATTCCTCTT	TTTCCCGTTG	6840
CTATCTGTCC	AAGAAATGTG	TATTGGTCTC	CCTCCTGCTT	ATAAGCAGGA	AGTACTGGAA	6900
GGCTGCAGTG	AGGTCTCCCC	ACAGCCTTCT	CTTCTCCAGG	CTGAACAAGC	CCAGCTCCTT	6960
CAGCCTGTCT	TCGTAGGAGA	TCATCTTAGT	GGCCCTCCTC	TGGACCCATT	CCAACAGTTC	7020
CACGGCTTTC	TTGTGGAGCC	CCAGGTCTGG		TCAGATGGGG	CCTTACAAAG	7080
	TGGGGACAAT	CGCTTACCCC	TCCCTGCTGG	CTGCCCCTGT	TTTGATGCAG	7140
CCCAGGGTAC	TGTTGGCCTT	TCAGGCTCCC		CTGATTTGTG	TCAAGCTTTT	7200
	AACCCACGCT	TCCTGGTTAA			TAAGCTTGTT	7260
				TACCTGCCCT		
TCAGGAGACT	TCCATTCTTT	AGGACAGACT				7320
ATATACATTT	CAGTTCATGT	TTCCTGTAAC		ATGTATTCCT	CTAACAAAAA	7380
	ATTCCTAGTG	CCATCTCAGT		TGGCAGTATT	AGCACATAGT	7440
CAATTTGCTG	CAAGTACCTT	CCAAGCTGCG	GCCTCCCATA	AATCCTGTAT	TTGGGATCAG	7500
TTACCTTTTG	GGGTAAGCTT	TTGTATCTGC	AGAGACCCTG	GGGGTTCTGA	TGTGCTTCAG	7560
CTCTGCTCTG	TTCTGACTGC	ACCATTTTCT	AGATCACCCA	GTTGTTCCTG	TACAACTTCC	7620
TTGTCCTCCA	TCCTTTCCCA	GCTTGTATCT	TTGACAAATA	CAGGCCTATT	TTTGTGTTTG	7680
CTTCAGCAGC	CATTTAATTC	TTCAGTGTCA	TCTTGTTCTG	TTGATGCCAC	TGGAACAGGA	7740
TTTTCAGCAG	TCTTGCAAAG	AACATCTAGC	TGAAAACTTT	CTGCCATTCA	ATATTCTTAC	7800
CAGTTCTTCT	TGTTTGAGGT	GAGCCATAAA	TTACTAGAAC	TTCGTCACTG	ACAAGTTTAT	7860
GCATTTTATT	ACTTCTATTA	TGTACTTACT	TTGACATAAC	ACAGACACGC		7920
	CACAGTGTCT	CTGTGTCCTT	CACATGGTTT	TACTGTCATA		7980
AACCTTGGCA		CTGCCCATCA		GATTCCTTTT	TTATTACTTC	8040
TCTTCAGCCA		TGTGAGAAGC		ACTTGTGGGG		8100
				ATTAAGAAAT		8160
TGTCAGACAG		TTTATACAGG				. –
					CTGTCTGCCA	
		GTTTGTAAGA		GTAACTTTTC	TGGTGAATTG	8280
	CATGATGGCA			TAAGATGCTA		8340
		CTGTAGGTGC			GGCACTCGCA	-
			GATGCTGGGG		GGGTCCCATG	8460
	ATTAGCATCA			TCAGAAGGAT	CATCCCAAGC	8520
TGAGGAAAGT	TGCTCATCTT	CTTCACATCA			ATGCCTCCCG	8580
GATGCTTAAA	TGTGGTCACT	GACATCTTTA	TTTTTCTATG	ATTTCAAGTC	AGAACCTCCG	8640
GATCAGGAGG	GAACACATAG	TGGGAATGTA		CAAGGCCAGA	TCTTCCTTCA	8700
ATGATCATGC		GGAAGGTGTG		TGTAGAATTG	CCTTTGTTAT	8760
TTTTTCTTCC	TGCTGTCAGG	AACATTTTGA	ATACCAGAGA	AAAAGAAAAG	TGCTCTTCTT	8820
GGCATGGGAG	GAGTTGTCAC	ACTTGCAAAA	TAAAGGATGC	AGTCCCAAAT	GTTCATAATC	8880
TCAGGGTCTG	AAGGAGGATC	AGAAACTGTG	TATACAATTT	CAGGCTTCTC	TGAATGCAGC	8940
TTTTGAAAGC	TGTTCCTGGC	CGAGGCAGTA	CTAGTCAGAA	CCCTCGGAAA	CAGGAACAAA	9000
TGTCTTCAAG	GTGCAGCAGG	AGGAAACACC	TTGCCCATCA	TGAAAGTGAA	TAACCACTGC	9060
					TGAAACAACA	
					TTATGGTACA	
					CTGGGAATAT	
					TAATAATTCT	
					ACAGCACAGT	
					AATAAATCTA	
					CCTCTACTGG	
					CTGAGGTCAA	
					TGTAATTTTA	
					AATGTTAATC	
					GAAATCAAGG	
ATCACAGCTC						
AGGGCCTCAA						
AGGCAATCCT	GGAATTTTCT	CTCCGCTGCA	CAGTTCCAGT	CATCCCAGTT	TGTACAGTTC	9900

TGGCACTTTT	TGGGTCAGGC	CGTGATCCAA	GGAGCAGAAG	TTCCAGCTAT	GGTCAGGGAG	9960
TGCCTGACCG	TCCCAACTCA	CTGCACTCAA	ACAAAGGCGA	AACCACAAGA	GTGGCTTTTG	10020
TTGAAATTGC	AGTGTGGCCC	AGAGGGGCTG	CACCAGTACT	GGATTGACCA	CGAGGCAACA	10080
TTAATCCTCA	GCAAGTGCAA	TTTGCAGCCA	TTAAATTGAA	CTAACTGATA	CTACAATGCA	10140
ATCAGTATCA	ACAAGTGGTT	TGGCTTGGAA	GATGGAGTCT	AGGGGCTCTA	CAGGAGTAGC	10200
TACTCTCTAA	TGGAGTTGCA	TTTTGAAGCA	GGACACTGTG	AAAAGCTGGC	CTCCTAAAGA	10260
GGCTGCTAAA	CATTAGGGTC	AATTTTCCAG	TGCACTTTCT	GAAGTGTCTG	CAGTTCCCCA	10320
TGCAAAGCTG	CCCAAACATA	GCACTTCCAA	TTGAATACAA	TTATATGCAG	GCGTACTGCT	10380
TCTTGCCAGC	ACTGTCCTTC	TCAAATGAAC	TCAACAAACA	ATTTCAAAGT	CTAGTAGAAA	10440
GTAACAAGCT	TTGAATGTCA	TTAAAAAGTA	TATCTGCTTT	CAGTAGTTCA	GCTTATTTAT	10500
GCCCACTAGA	AACATCTTGT	ACAAGCTGAA	CACTGGGGCT	CCAGATTAGT	GGTAAAACCT	10560
ACTTTATACA	ATCATAGAAT	CATAGAATGG	CCTGGGTTGG	AAGGGACCCC	AAGGATCATG	10620
AAGATCCAAC	ACCCCCGCCA	CAGGCAGGGC	CACCAACCTC	CAGATCTGGT	ACTAGACCAG	10680
GCAGCCCAGG	GCTCCATCCA	ACCTGGCCAT	GAACACCTCC	AGGGATGGAG	CATCCACAAC	10740
CTCTCTGGGC	AGCCTGTGCC	AGCACCTCAC	CACCCTCTCT	GTGAAGAACT	TTTCCCTGAC	10800
ATCCAATCTA	AGCCTTCCCT	CCTTGAGGTT	AGATCCACTC	CCCCTTGTGC	TATCACTGTC	10860
TACTCTTGTA	AAAAGTTGAT	TCTCCTCCTT	TTTGGAAGGT	TGCAATGAGG	TCTCCTTGCA	10920
GCCTTCTTCT	CTTCTGCAGG	ATGAACAAGC	CCAGCTCCCT	CAGCCTGTCT	TTATAGGAGA	10980
GGTGCTCCAG	CCCTCTGATC	ATCTTTGTGG	CCCTCCTCTG	GACCCGCTCC	AAGAGCTCCA	11040
CATCTTTCCT	GTACTGGGGG	CCCCAGGCCT	GAATGCAGTA	CTCCAGATGG	GGCCTCAAAA	11100
GAGCAGAGTA	AAGAGGGACA	ATCACCTTCC	TCACCCTGCT	GGCCAGCCCT	CTTCTGATGG	11160
AGCCCTGGAT	ACAACTGGCT	TTCTGAGCTG	CAACTTCTCC	TTATCAGTTC	CACTATTAAA	11220
ACAGGAACAA	TACAACAGGT	GCTGATGGCC	AGTGCAGAGT	TTTTCACACT	TCTTCATTTC	11280
GGTAGATCTT	AGATGAGGAA	CGTTGAAGTT	GTGCTTCTGC	GTGTGCTTCT	TCCTCCTCAA	11340
ATACTCCTGC	CTGATACCTC	ACCCCACCTG	CCACTGAATG	GCTCCATGGC	CCCCTGCAGC	11400
CAGGGCCCTG	ATGAACCCGG	CACTGCTTCA	GATGCTGTTT	AATAGCACAG	TATGACCAAG	11460
TTGCACCTAT	GAATACACAA	ACAATGTGTT	GCATCCTTCA	GCACTTGAGA	AGAAGAGCCA	11520
AATTTGCATT	GTCAGGAAAT	GGTTTAGTAA	TTCTGCCAAT	TAAAACTTGT	TTATCTACCA	11580
TGGCTGTTTT	TATGGCTGTT	AGTAGTGGTA	CACTGATGAT	GAACAATGGC	TATGCAGTAA	11640
AATCAAGACT	GTAGATATTG	CAACAGACTA	TAAAATTCCT	CTGTGGCTTA	GCCAATGTGG	11700
TACTTCCCAC	ATTGTATAAG	AAATTTGGCA	AGTTTAGAGC	AATGTTTGAA	GTGTTGGGAA	11760
ATTTCTGTAT	ACTCAAGAGG	GCGTTTTTGA	CAACTGTAGA	ACAGAGGAAT	CAAAAGGGGG	11820
TGGGAGGAAG	TTAAAAGAAG	AGGCAGGTGC	AAGAGAGCTT	GCAGTCCCGC	TGTGTGTACG	11880
ACACTGGCAA	CATGAGGTCT	TTGCTAATCT	TGGTGCTTTG	CTTCCTGCCC	CTGGCTGCCT	11940
TAGGGTGCGA	TCTGCCTCAG	ACCCACAGCC	TGGGCAGCAG	GAGGACCCTG	ATGCTGCTGG	12000
CTCAGATGAG	GAGAATCAGC	CTGTTTAGCT	GCCTGAAGGA	TAGGCACGAT	TTTGGCTTTC	12060
CTCAAGAGGA	GTTTGGCAAC	CAGTTTCAGA	AGGCTGAGAC	CATCCCTGTG	CTGCACGAGA	12120
TGATCCAGCA	GATCTTTAAC	CTGTTTAGCA	CCAAGGATAG	CAGCGCTGCT	TGGGATGAGA	12180
CCCTGCTGGA	TAAGTTTTAC	ACCGAGCTGT	ACCAGCAGCT	GAACGATCTG	GAGGCTTGCG	12240
TGATCCAGGG	CGTGGGCGTG	ACCGAGACCC	CTCTGATGAA	GGAGGATAGC	ATCCTGGCTG	12300
TGAGGAAGTA	CTTTCAGAGG	ATCACCCTGT	ACCTGAAGGA	GAAGAAGTAC	AGCCCCTGCG	12360
			GGAGCTTTAG			
AGAGCTTGAG	GTCTAAGGAG	TAAAAAGTCT	AGAGTCGGGG	CGGCCGGCCG	CTTCGAGCAG	12480
ACATGATAAG	ATACATTGAT	GAGTTTGGAC	AAACCACAAC	TAGAATGCAG	TGAAAAAAAT	12540
			CTTTATTTGT			
AACAAGTTAA	CAACAACAAT	TGCATTCATT	TTATGTTTCA	GGTTCAGGGG	GAGGTGTGGG	12660
AGGTTTTTTA	AAGCAAGTAA	AACCTCTACA	AATGTGGTAA	AATCGATAAG	GATCCGTCGA	12720
GCGGCCGC	12728					

FIG. 3

SEQ ID NO: 66

TGCGATCTGC	CTCAGACCCA	CAGCCTGGGC	AGCAGGAGGA	CCCTGATGCT	GCTGGCTCAG	60
ATGAGGAGAA	TCAGCCTGTT	TAGCTGCCTG	AAGGATAGGC	ACGATTTTGG	CTTTCCTCAA	120
GAGGAGTTTG	GCAACCAGTT	TCAGAAGGCT	GAGACCATCC	CTGTGCTGCA	CGAGATGATC	180
CAGCAGATCT	TTAACCTGTT	TAGCACCAAG	GATAGCAGCG	CTGCTTGGGA	TGAGACCCTG	240
CTGGATAAGT	TTTACACCGA	GCTGTACCAG	CAGCTGAACG	ATCTGGAGGC	TTGCGTGATC	300
CAGGGCGTGG	GCGTGACCGA	GACCCCTCTG	ATGAAGGAGG	ATAGCATCCT	GGCTGTGAGG	360
AAGTACTTTC	AGAGGATCAC	CCTGTACCTG	AAGGAGAAGA	AGTACAGCCC	CTGCGCTTGG	420
GAAGTCGTGA	GGGCTGAGAT	CATGAGGAGC	TTTAGCCTGA	GCACCAACCT	GCAAGAGAGC	480
TTGAGGTCTA	AGGAGTAA 49	8				

Fig. 4

SEQ ID NO: 67

TGCCGCCTTC	TTTGATATTC	ACTCTGTTGT	ATTTCATCTC	TTCTTGCCGA	TGAAAGGATA	60
TAACAGTCTG	TATAACAGTC	TGTGAGGAAA	TACTTGGTAT	TTCTTCTGAT	CAGTGTTTTT	120
ATAAGTAATG	TTGAATATTG	GATAAGGCTG	TGTGTCCTTT	GTCTTGGGAG	ACAAAGCCCA	180
CAGCAGGTGG	TGGTTGGGGT	GGTGGCAGCT	CAGTGACAGG	AGAGGTTTTT	TTGCCTGTTT	240
TTTTTTTTT	TTTTTTTTT	AAGTAAGGTG	TTCTTTTTTC	TTAGTAAATT	TTCTACTGGA	300
CTGTATGTTT	TGACAGGTCA	GAAACATTTC	TTCAAAAGAA	GAACCTTTTG	GAAACTGTAC	360
AGCCCTTTTC	TTTCATTCCC	TTTTTGCTTT	CTGTGCCAAT	GCCTTTGGTT	CTGATTGCAT	420
TATGGAAAAC	GTTGATCGGA	ACTTGAGGTT	TTTATTTATA	GTGTGGCTTG	AAAGCTTGGA	480
TAGCTGTTGT	TACACGAGAT	ACCTTATTAA	GTTTAGGCCA	GCTTGATGCT	TTATTTTTC	540
CCTTTGAAGT	AGTGAGCGTT	CTCTGGTTTT	TTTCCTTTGA	AACTGGTGAG	GCTTAGATTT	600
TTCTAATGGG	ATTTTTTACC	TGATGATCTA	GTTGCATACC	CAAATGCTTG	TAAATGTTTT	660
CCTAGTTAAC	ATGTTGATAA	CTTCGGATTT	ACATGTTGTA	TATACTTGTC	ATCTGTGTTT	720
CTAGTAAAAA	TATATGGCAT	TTATAGAAAT	ACGTAATTCC	TGATTTCCTT	TTTTTTTATC	780
TCTATGCTCT	GTGTGTACAG	GTCAAACAGA	CTTCACTCCT	ATTTTTTTTT	ATAGAATTTT	840
ATATGCAGTC	TGTCGTTGGT	TCTTGTGTTG	TAAGGATACA	GCCTTAAATT	TCCTAGAGCG	900
ATGCTCAGTA	AGGCGGGTTG	TCACATGGGT	TCAAATGTAA	AACGGGCACG	TTTGGCTGCT	960
GCCTTCCCGA	GATCCAGGAC	ACTAAACTGC	TTCTGCACTG	AGGTATAAAT	CGCTTCAGAT	1020
CCCAGGGAAG	TGCAGATCCA	CGTGCATATT	CTTAAAGAAG	AATGAATACT	TTCTAAAATA	1080
TTTTGGCATA	GGAAGCAAGC	TGCATGGATT	TGTTTGGGAC	TTAAATTATT	TTGGTAACGG	1140
AGTGCATAGG	TTTTAAACAC	AGTTGCAGCA	TGCTAACGAG	TCACAGCGTT	TATGCAGAAG	1200
TGATGCCTGG	ATGCCTGTTG	CAGCTGTTTA	CGGCACTGCC	TTGCAGTGAG	CATTGCAGAT	1260
AGGGGTGGGG	TGCTTTGTGT	CGTGTTCCCA	CACGCTGCCA	CACAGCCACC	TCCCGGAACA	1320
CATCTCACCT	GCTGGGTACT	TTTCAAACCA	TCTTAGCAGT	AGTAGATGAG	TTACTATGAA	1380
ACAGAGAAGT	TCCTCAGTTG	GATATTCTCA	TGGGATGTCT	TTTTTCCCAT	GTTGGGCAAA	1440
GTATGATAAA	GCATCTCTAT	TTGTAAATTA	TGCACTTGTT	AGTTCCTGAA	TCCTTTCTAT	1500
AGCACCACTT	ATTGCAGCAG	GTGTAGGCTC	TGGTGTGGCC	TGTGTCTGTG	CTTCAATCTT	1560
TTAAAGCTTC	TTTGGAAATA	CACTGACTTG	ATTGAAGTCT	CTTGAAGATA	GTAAACAGTA	1620
CTTACCTTTG	ATCCCAATGA	AATCGAGCAT	TTCAGTTGTA	AAAGAATTCC	GCCTATTCAT	1680
ACCATGTAAT	GTAATTTTAC	ACCCCCAGTG	CTGACACTTT	GGAATATATT	CAAGTAATAG	1740
ACTTTGGCCT	CACCCTCTTG	TGTACTGTAT	TTTGTAATAG	AAAATATTTT	AAACTGTGCA	1800
		AGAGACATTC	TGCTGATCTT		AAAATGAGGA	1860
	TTTTATAAAT	ACAAGTGATT	GCAAATTAGT	GCAGGTGTCC	TTAAAAAAAA	1920
AAAAAAAAAG	TAATATAAAA		GTTTTACAAG	TGAAATACAT	TCCTATTTGG	1980
TAAACAGTTA	CATTTTTATG		GCGCTGCTGA	CTTTCTAAAC	ATAAGGCTGT	2040
ATTGTCTTCC	TGTACCATTG	CATTTCCTCA	TTCCCAATTT	GCACAAGGAT	GTCTGGGTAA	2100
	AAATGGCTTT		ATGGGAGCTT	GTCTGAGTTG	GAATGCAGAG	
	AAATGTCAGG		CTCTCAGAAT	GCCCAACTCC		2220
	ATAGTAAGCA		TCCAGCAGGC	011110110-0-	GCTGAATGTT	2280
	AGACCTGTAT	TTCTCAACAA	GGTAAGATGG	TATCCTAGCA		2340
TTAATACATT		GTACTTAGTT				
	TATACTTGAA					
	AGACTGTTAA					
	ACCTTGTATT					
	TTTTGACTTG					
	ATCAAAACTT					
	CTGAAACTAG					
	GCTAGTGAGA					
	TTTTTTCATT					
	TCTGATTGGC AGGAAGTTAA					
	ACCTGGATTT					
	TGAAAGGGCT					
	TATTTACTGC					
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THE TOTAL	3 C M 7 M 7 C C C M	CCCMMaaaa	CCCT CCTCT T	CCMMCCCAMC	CCECCAACCA	2240
				GGTTGGGATG		
GTGCTGGGCT				TGAGCTTGGG		
CAGGGAAAAG	TGTGGGTAAC	TATTTTTAAG	TACTGTGTTG	CAAACGTCTC	ATCTGCAAAT	3360
ACGTAGGGTG	TGTACTCTCG	AAGATTAACA	GTGTGGGTTC	AGTAATATAT	GGATGAATTC	3420
ACAGTGGAAG	CATTCAAGGG	TAGATCATCT	AACGACACCA	GATCATCAAG	CTATGATTGG	3480
AAGCGGTATC	AGAAGAGCGA	GGAAGGTAAG	CAGTCTTCAT	ATGTTTTCCC	TCCACGTAAA	3540
GCAGTCTGGG	AAAGTAGCAC	CCCTTGAGCA	GAGACAAGGA	AATAATTCAG	GAGCATGTGC	3600
TAGGAGAACT	TTCTTGCTGA	ATTCTACTTG	CAAGAGCTTT	GATGCCTGGC	TTCTGGTGCC	3660
TTCTGCAGCA	CCTGCAAGGC	CCAGAGCCTG	TGGTGAGCTG	GAGGGAAAGA	TTCTGCTCAA	3720
GTCCAAGCTT		TTGTCTTTGC	TTCTTCCCCC	AGCACTGTGC	AGCAGAGTGG	3780
AACTGATGTC	GAAGCCTCCT	GTCCACTACC	· =	GGCAGACTGC	TCTCAGAAAA	3840
	CTCTATGCCA	TAGTCTGAAG	GTAAAATGGG	TTTTAAAAAA	GAAAACACAA	
AGGCAAAACC				ACATGGTAGA		3960
	GCAGTGTGAC			AGGCGGGAAC		4020
GCCTAGGGCT		AGTGCGTGTT		GTTTTGTTTG	GCGTTTGGTT	4020
	GACACAAGGG				TGGTTTGTAA	• • • •
AGCCTGTACT	-	ATTTTGTGAG				
				GAATTGGCCA		
	AGATTGAAGG			CACGTTTAAT	GAGATCTTCT	4260
GAAACTACTG		CTTGTTTGAG	TGGTGAGACC	TTGGATAGGT	GAGTGCTCTT	4320
GTTACATGTC	TGATGCACTT	GCTTGTCCTT		ATCCATGCAT	TCCACATCCA	
	ACTTATCCCA		ATCTGACATA		CGTCACTTGG	4440
	CAGATGTGAT		CGCCCCAAGT	TTGAGAAGAT	GGCAGTTGCT	4500
TCTTTCCCTT		AGTAAGGATT	TTCTCCTGGC	TTTGACACCT	CACGAAATAG	4560
TCTTCCTGCC	TTACATTCTG	GGCATTATTT	CAAATATCTT	TGGAGTGCGC	TGCTCTCAAG	4620
TTTGTGTCTT	CCTACTCTTA	GAGTGAATGC	TCTTAGAGTG	AAAGAGAAGG	AAGAGAAGAT	4680
GTTGGCCGCA	GTTCTCTGAT	GAACACACCT	CTGAATAATG	GCCAAAGGTG	GGTGGGTTTC	4740
TCTGAGGAAC	GGGCAGCGTT	TGCCTCTGAA	AGCAAGGAGC	TCTGCGGAGT	TGCAGTTATT	4800
TTGCAACTGA	TGGTGGAACT	GGTGCTTAAA	GCAGATTCCC	TAGGTTCCCT	GCTACTTCTT	4860
TTCCTTCTTG	GCAGTCAGTT	TATTTCTGAC	AGACAAACAG	CCACCCCCAC	TGCAGGCTTA	4920
GAAAGTATGT	GGCTCTGCCT	GGGTGTGTTA	CAGCTCTGCC	CTGGTGAAAG	GGGATTAAAA	4980
CGGGCACCAT	TCATCCCAAA	CAGGATCCTC	ATTCATGGAT	CAAGCTGTAA	GGAACTTGGG	5040
CTCCAACCTC	AAAACATTAA	TTGGAGTACG	AATGTAATTA	AAACTGCATT	CTCGCATTCC	5100
TAAGTCATTT	AGTCTGGACT	CTGCAGCATG	TAGGTCGGCA	GCTCCCACTT	TCTCAAAGAC	5160
CACTGATGGA	GGAGTAGTAA	AAATGGAGAC	CGATTCAGAA	CAACCAACGG	AGTGTTGCCG	5220
AAGAAACTGA		GCATGAATTG		ATTTTTTTA		
				CAGCCATAAA		5340
CGAGTACCAT		AAGAAAAACG			ATAAGTTCTC	
	GAAGCTCCCC			GCTGGAGTGC		5460
CCTTGGGGTT		CAGTAATGGG			TTTCTTTTCC	5520
				TACCCCCTGA		5580
				TGTCTACGTT		
				ATTTGGAAAT		
				TCAAGTCTTT		
				TTAAGTGAAT		
				TATGCCACGG		
				CAATTTCCTT		
				CCACTTCTTT		
				GTCAAGTGAA		
				TTGTGTGAGG		
				CTCTATGACA		
				GAGGGTCTTC		
				GAATACAGCC		
				CCCCTTCTGA		
				TTCCTCCTGG		
CACTATTTCA	CTGCTCCCAC	GGTTACAAAC	CAAAGATACA	GCCTGAATTT	TTTCTAGGCC	6480

ACATTACATA	AATTTGACCT	GGTACCAATA	TTGTTCTCTA	TATAGTTATT	TCCTTCCCCA	6540
CTGTGTTTAA	CCCCTTAAGG	CATTCAGAAC	AACTAGAATC	ATAGAATGGT	TTGGATTGGA	6600
AGGGGCCTTA	AACATCATCC	ATTTCCAACC	CTCTGCCATG	GGCTGCTTGC	CACCCACTGG	6660
CTCAGGCTGC	CCAGGGCCCC	ATCCAGCCTG	GCCTTGAGCA	CCTCCAGGGA	TGGGGCACCC	6720
ACAGCTTCTC	TGGGCAGCCT	GTGCCAACAC	CTCACCACTC	TCTGGGTAAA	GAATTCTCTT	6780
	ATCTAAATCT	CTTCTCTTTT	AGTTTAAAGC	CATTCCTCTT	TTTCCCGTTG	6840
				ATAAGCAGGA	AGTACTGGAA	6900
•	AAGAAATGTG	TATTGGTCTC				
		ACAGCCTTCT	CTTCTCCAGG	CTGAACAAGC	CCAGCTCCTT	6960
CAGCCTGTCT	TCGTAGGAGA	TCATCTTAGT	GGCCCTCCTC	TGGACCCATT	CCAACAGTTC	7020
CACGGCTTTC	TTGTGGAGCC	CCAGGTCTGG	ATGCAGTACT	TCAGATGGGG	CCTTACAAAG	7080
GCAGAGCAGA	TGGGGACAAT	CGCTTACCCC	TCCCTGCTGG	CTGCCCCTGT	TTTGATGCAG	7140
CCCAGGGTAC	TGTTGGCCTT	TCAGGCTCCC	AGACCCCTTG	CTGATTTGTG	TCAAGCTTTT	7200
CATCCACCAG	AACCCACGCT	TCCTGGTTAA	TACTTCTGCC	CTCACTTCTG	TAAGCTTGTT	7260
TCAGGAGACT	TCCATTCTTT	AGGACAGACT	GTGTTACACC	TACCTGCCCT	ATTCTTGCAT	7320
ATATACATTT	CAGTTCATGT	TTCCTGTAAC	AGGACAGAAT	ATGTATTCCT	CTAACAAAAA	7380
TACATGCAGA	ATTCCTAGTG	CCATCTCAGT	AGGGTTTTCA	TGGCAGTATT	AGCACATAGT	7440
CAATTTGCTG	CAAGTACCTT	CCAAGCTGCG		AATCCTGTAT	TTGGGATCAG	7500
TTACCTTTTG	GGGTAAGCTT	TTGTATCTGC	AGAGACCCTG	GGGGTTCTGA	TGTGCTTCAG	7560
CTCTGCTCTG	TTCTGACTGC	ACCATTTTCT	AGATCACCCA	GTTGTTCCTG	TACAACTTCC	7620
		GCTTGTATCT	TTGACAAATA	CAGGCCTATT	ТТТСТСТТТС	7680
TTGTCCTCCA	TCCTTTCCCA					
CTTCAGCAGC	CATTTAATTC	TTCAGTGTCA	TCTTGTTCTG	TTGATGCCAC	TGGAACAGGA	7740
TTTTCAGCAG	TCTTGCAAAG	AACATCTAGC	TGAAAACTTT	CTGCCATTCA	ATATTCTTAC	7800
CAGTTCTTCT	TGTTTGAGGT	GAGCCATAAA	TTACTAGAAC	TTCGTCACTG	ACAAGTTTAT	7860
GCATTTTATT	ACTTCTATTA	TGTACTTACT	TTGACATAAC	ACAGACACGC	ACATATTTTG	7920
CTGGGATTTC	CACAGTGTCT	CTGTGTCCTT	CACATGGTTT	TACTGTCATA	CTTCCGTTAT	7980
AACCTTGGCA	ATCTGCCCAG	CTGCCCATCA	CAAGAAAAGA	GATTCCTTTT	TTATTACTTC	8040
TCTTCAGCCA	ATAAACAAAA	TGTGAGAAGC	CCAAACAAGA	ACTTGTGGGG	CAGGCTGCCA	8100
TCAAGGGAGA	GACAGCTGAA	GGGTTGTGTA	GCTCAATAGA	ATTAAGAAAT	AATAAAGCTG	8160
TGTCAGACAG	TTTTGCCTGA	TTTATACAGG	CACGCCCCAA	GCCAGAGAGG	CTGTCTGCCA	8220
AGGCCACCTT	GCAGTCCTTG	GTTTGTAAGA	TAAGTCATAG	GTAACTTTTC	TGGTGAATTG	8280
CGTGGAGAAT	CATGATGGCA	GTTCTTGCTG	TTTACTATGG	TAAGATGCTA	AAATAGGAGA	8340
CAGCAAAGTA	ACACTTGCTG	CTGTAGGTGC	TCTGCTATCC	AGACAGCGAT	GGCACTCGCA	8400
CACCAAGATG	AGGGATGCTC	CCAGCTGACG	GATGCTGGGG	CAGTAACAGT	GGGTCCCATG	8460
CTGCCTGCTC	ATTAGCATCA	CCTCAGCCCT	CACCAGCCCA	TCAGAAGGAT	CATCCCAAGC	8520
TGAGGAAAGT	TGCTCATCTT	CTTCACATCA	TCAAACCTTT	GGCCTGACTG	ATGCCTCCCG	8580
GATGCTTAAA	TGTGGTCACT	GACATCTTTA	TTTTTCTATG	ATTTCAAGTC	AGAACCTCCG	8640
GATCAGGAGG	GAACACATAG	TGGGAATGTA	CCCTCAGCTC	CAAGGCCAGA	TCTTCCTTCA	
ATGATCATGC	ATGCTACTTA	GGAAGGTGTG	TGTGTGTGAA	TGTAGAATTG	CCTTTGTTAT	8760
TTTTTCTTCC	TGCTGTCAGG	AACATTTTGA	ATACCAGAGA		TGCTCTTCTT	8820
		ACTTGCAAAA			GTTCATAATC	8880
					TGAATGCAGC	
					CAGGAACAAA	
					TAACCACTGC	
					TGAAACAACA	
					TTATGGTACA	
					CTGGGAATAT	
					TAATAATTCT	
					ACAGCACAGT	
					AATAAATCTA	
AGTTTGAAGA	CAATGAGGTT	TTAGCTGCAT	TTGACATGAA	GAAATTGAGA	CCTCTACTGG	9480
					CTGAGGTCAA	
GTATGAACTC	AGGTCTCTCG	GGCTACTGGC	ATGGATTGAT	TACATACAAC	TGTAATTTTA	9600
					AATGTTAATC	
					GAAATCAAGG	
					CTTTATGTAC	
111 0110110010	1131 0 0 0 0 1 0 0					

AGGCARTCT GGAATTTCT CTCCGCTGCA CAGTTCCAGT CATCCAGTT TGTACAGTC 9900 TGGCACTTTT TGGGTCAGGC CGTGATCCAA GGAGCAGAAG TTCCAGCTAT GGTCAGGGAG 9960 TGCCTGACCG TCCCAACTCA CTGCACTCAA ACAAGGCGA ACCACAAGA GTGGCTTTTG 1020 TTGAAATTGC AGTGTGGCCC AGAGGGGCTG CACCAGTACT GGATTAGACCA CGAGGCAACA 10080 TTAAATCCTCA GCAAGTGCAT TTTGCAGCCA TTAAATTGAA CTAACTGATA CAGAGGTAGC 10200 TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTGCA TTTTGAAGCA GACACACTGTG AAAAGCTGC CTCCTAAAGA 10200 TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTGCA TTTTGAAGCA GACACACTGTG AAAAGCTGC CTCCTAAAGA 10200 TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTGCA TTTTGAAGCA GACACACTGT AAAAGCTGC CTCCTAAAGA 10200 TGCTAACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACA	AGGGCCTCAA	GATAACTGAT	GTTAGTCAGA	AGACTTTCCA	TTCTGGCCAC	AGTTCAGCTG	9840
TGCCTGACCG TCCCAACTCA CTGCACTCAA ACAAAGGCGA AACCACAAGA GTGGCTTTTG 10020 TTGAAATTGC AGTGTGGCCC AGAGGGGCTG CACCAGTACT GGATTGACCA CGAGGCAACA 10080 TTAATCCTCA GCAAGTGCAA TTTGCAGCCA TTAAATTGAA CTAACTGATA CTACAATGCA 10140 ATCAGTATCA ACAAGTGCTT TGGCTGGAA GATGGCTCTT AGAGGGCTCTA CAGGAGTAGC 10200 TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTCCA TTTTGAAGCA GAACACTGTG AAAAGCTGGC CTCCTAAAGA 10260 GGCTGCTAAA CATTAGGGTC AATTTCCAG TGCACTTTCT GAAGTGTCT CAGGAGTACC 10200 TGCAAAACATA CACTACCAA TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG CAGTTCCCCA 10320 TGCAAAACAC ACTGTCCTT CTCAAAAACA TTATATGCAG CGCTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTT TCAAATGAAC TTATATGCAG CGCTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTT TCAAAAAGAA ATTTCAAAGT CTAAGTAGAAA 10440 GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGCA TTAAAAAGAA TATTCAAAGT CTAAGTAGAAA 10440 GTAACAAACAC ATCAATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GGCACTTTAT 10550 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACCTGCCC AAGGACCCC AAGGACCAC AAGGACCCC AAGGCAGGGC CACCAAACCT CAGGATCATG GGTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCAATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CACCACACCT CAGGATCAGG ACCACCCC AAGGCACCCC AAGCACCCC AAGCACCCC CAGGCAGG			CTCCGCTGCA	CAGTTCCAGT	CATCCCAGTT	TGTACAGTTC	9900
TTGAAATTGC AGTGTGCCC AGAGGGGCTG CACCAGTACT GGATTGACCA CGAGGCAACA 10080 TTAATCCTCA GCAAGTGCAA TTTGCAGCCA TTAAATTGAA CTAACTGATA CTACAATGCA 10140 ATCAGTATCA ACAACTGGTT TGGCTTGGAA GATGGAGTCT AGGGGCTCTA CAGGAGTAGC 10200 TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTGCA TTTTGAAGCA GATGGAGTCT AGGGGCTCTA CAGGAGTAGC 10200 GGCTGCTAAAA CATTAGGGTC AATTTCCAG TGCACTTTCT GAAGCTGGC CTCCTAAAGA 10260 GGCTGCTAAAA CATTAGGGTC AATTTCCAG TGCACTTTCT GAAGTGTCT CAGTTCCCCA 10320 TCCTACACAACATA GCACTTCCAA TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG GCGTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTC TCAAATGAAC TCAACAAACA ATTTCAAAGT CTAGTAGAAA 10440 GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGCAA TTAAAAAGTA TATCTGCTTT CAGATATGTCA GCTTATTTAT 10500 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCC CCAGATTAGT GGTAAAAACC 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATG CACCTGCC CAGATTAGT GGTAAAACC 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATG CACCACCC CAGATTAGT GGTAAAACCT 10620 AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATTCGT ACATGACCAG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTC CAGATCTGGT ACTAGACCAG 10740 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CTTGAGGTT AGACCCTC CAGCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACT TTTCCCTGCA 10800 ATCCAATCTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGAT TTTCCCTGCA 10800 ATCCAATCTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGAGT TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTCTT CTTCTGCAGG ATCAACACACC CCCCTCCTC GGACCCTCCT TATCAACTGC 10800 GCGGGCCCAG CCCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTG CCCTCCTCT GACCACCTC CACCCTCTCT TATAAGAGA 10980 GGGGGCCCCAG CCCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTG CCCTCCTCT GACCACCCC CACCACCCT CACCCTCTCT TATAAGAGA 10980 GAGCAGAGTA AAAAGTGGT TCTCTGAGCTG CACACCTCC CACCCTCCT TTATAAGAGA 10980 GAGCAGAGTA AACACGGC CCCCAGGCCT GAACTCCC CACCCTCCT TTATAAGAGA 10980 GAGCAGAGTA AACACGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAACTCCC CACCCTCCT TTATAAGAGA 10980 GAGCAGAGTA AACACGGG CCCCAAGGCCT GAACTTCCC CTCCTCTG GACCCCCT CACCACCTG CACCCTCCT ACCCTCCTAAAA 11040 GAGCAGAGTA AACACAGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAACTTCCC CTCCTCTG GACCCCCT CACCACCTG GACCCCT CACCACCTG	TGGCACTTTI	TGGGTCAGGC	CGTGATCCAA	GGAGCAGAAG	TTCCAGCTAT	GGTCAGGGAG	9960
TTAATCCTCA GCAAGTGCAA TTTGCAGCCA TTAAATTGAA CTAACTGATA CTACAATGCA 10140 ATCAGTATCA ACAAGTGGTT TGGCTTGGAA GATGGAGTCT AGGGGCTCTA CAGGAGTAGC 10200 TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTGCA TTTTGAAGCA GACACTGTG AAAAGCTGGC CTCCTAAAGA 10260 GGCTGCTAAA CATTAGGGTC AATTTTCCAG TGCACTTTCT GAAGTGCTC CAGGTTCCCCA 10320 TGCAAAGCTG CCCAAACATA GCACTTCCAA TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG GCGTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTTC TCAAATGAAC TCAACAAACA ATTTCAAAGT CTAGTACAAAA 10440 GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGTCA TTAAAAAGTA TATCTGCTTT CAGTAGTACAAACT 10500 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GCTAATTTAT 10500 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GGTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CCTGGGTTGG AAGGGACCCC AAGGACCTC CAGATCATG ACCTCCACACA ACCTGGCCAT CACCAACCTC CAGATCATGG ACTGACACAC ACCTGGCCAT CACCAACCTC CAGATCATGG ACTGACACAC 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTCC AGGGATGAGG CATCACACAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGCCC CCTGGAGTT AGAACACCTC GGGATCATG TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AACATTGAT TCTCCTCTT TTTGGAAGT TGCAATGAGAC TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCTT TTTGGAAGT TGCAATGAGA TTTCCCTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCCCCC CAGCCTC TTATAAGAGT 10920 GCGTGCTCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTCTCTT TTTGGAAGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCTTGCA 10920 GGGGGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTCTCTT TTTGGAAGT TGCAATGAG TCTCTCTTGCA 10980 GGGGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTCTCTC TTTGGAAGT TCCAACTGC TAACACTCC AAGAGCCCC AACACCTC CCCTCTGCA ACCACCTCC CACCCTGCT TTATAGAGAG 10980 GGGGCCTCAG ACCACGCCC ATCTCCCT TCTCCTCTC TTTCAATGAG 10980 AACACCCTGAT ACAACAGGC CCCCAGGCCC TCTCTCTCT TTATCAGTC CCCCTTCTACA 11040 CAGCCCTGAT ACAACAGGT GCTGATGGC CACCACCTC TTTCAACTGC TCTCTCTATAA 11220 GGGAGACAA TACAACAGG CCTTGAAGTT TCTCACCTTC TTTCCACCTTC TTTCCACCTA 11280 GGGAGACCAA TACAACAGC CACCACCTC CACCACCTC TTTCCACCT TCTCCTCAA 11280 GGTGGATAAA TACAACAGA CCTTGAAGTT TCTGAGCGA TATGACCAA TCTCTCC TTTCCACT TTTCCACCT TCTCCTCAA 11280 GGTGCTGAT ACAACTGGCT TCTGAGGTA TCTCC	TGCCTGACCG	TCCCAACTCA	CTGCACTCAA	ACAAAGGCGA	AACCACAAGA	GTGGCTTTTG	10020
ATCAGTATCA ACAAGTGETT TGGCTTGGAA GATGGAGTCT AGGGGCTCTA CAGGAGTAGC 10200 TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTGCA TTTTGAAGCA GGACACTGTG AAAAGCTGGC CTCCTAAAGA 10260 GGCTGCTAAA CATTAGGGTC AATTTTCCAG TGCACTTTCT GAAGTGTCTC CAAGTTCCCCA 10320 TGCAAAGCTG CCCAAACATA GCACTTCCAA TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG GCGTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTTC TCAAATGAAC TCAACAAACA ATTTCAAAGT CTAGTAGAAA 10440 GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGTCA TTAAAAAGTA TATCTGCTTT CAGTAGTTCA GCTTATTTAT 10500 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GGCTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATG CCTGGGGTTG AAGGACCCC CAGGATCAGT 10680 ACAGCCCACCAG GCCCCCA CAGGCAGGC CACCACCCC CAGCATCGG CACTCCCT GAGAGACCAC CAGCACCAC CACCACCCC CAGCACCAC CACCACCCC CACCACCTC CAGCATGGG CATCCACAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGCC AGCACCTCC CACCCTCC GTGAAGAACCT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CTTGAGGGTT AGACCACC CACCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACCT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAACC CACCCTCCC CACCTTGTC TATCACTGC 10860 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAACC CCCCCTCTCT GACCCTGC TATCACTGC 10800 CATCTTTTCCT GTACTGAGG CCCCAGGCCT CAGCCTGCT TTATAGGAGA 10920 GCGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTGG CCCTCCCTT GACCCGGTC CAGCCTTGCA 10920 GGGGGCCCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTGG CCCTCCCTC GACCCGCTCC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGT TTTATAGGAGA 11100 GAGCAGAGAA AAGAGGGAA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GCCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACAGGT GCTGATGGC CACCTCTCCT TTATCACACT TCTTCTTTCA 11280 GGTAGACCAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGC CACCTCTCCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTTATAG 11220 GGTAGACCAA TACAACAGGT GCTGAGGCC CACCTGCTC CTTCTTACACCT TCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCT ACCCCCTG CACCTGCT TTATCACACT TCTTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCT ACCCCACCTG CACCTGCTT TATCACACT TCTTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTG ATGACACA ACAACTTCC CACCTGCT TTATCACACT TCTTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTG ATGACACA ACAACTTCTC TCTCTCAA TATAACCAA ACAACTTCTC TCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTG ATGACACA ACAACTTCT CACCTTCA GCCCTTCTTC TCTCCCCAA 11340 ATACTCCTG ATGACACA ACAACTTCT CACCTTCT CACCCTGC TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTG ATGACACA A	TTGAAATTGC	AGTGTGGCCC	AGAGGGGCTG	CACCAGTACT	GGATTGACCA	CGAGGCAACA	10080
TACTCTCTAA TGGAGTTGCA TTTTGAAGCA GCACACTGTG AAAAGCTGGC CTCCTAAAGA 10260 GGCTGCTAAA CATTAGGGTC AATTTCCAG TGCACTTCT GAAGTGTCTG CAGTTCCCCA 10320 TGCAAAGCTG CCCAAACATA GCACTTCCAA TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG GCGTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTTC TCAAATGAAC TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG GCGTACTGCT 10380 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CATTCTGCTTT CAGATAGAT CTAGATACAA GCCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGACTAA CACGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GCTAATACAA ATCATAGAAT CAAAGCTGAA ACCCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATTAGT GCTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CCTGGGTTG AAGGGACCC AAGGATCATG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTC CAGATTGGT ACAGACCAG 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGTCCC AGCACCTCAC CACCCTCCT GTGAAGACAT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGACTTCCT CCTTGAGGGT AGAACACCTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGC 10860 ATCCTTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TCCCATTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAG ATGAACAACC CACCCTCCT CAGCCTTGCC TATCACTGC 10860 ATCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCCCCC CAGCCCTC TATCACTGC 10800 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTGG CCCTCCTT GTGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCTTCTTCT GTACTGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGT TTTCCTTGCA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTGG CCCTCCTTT GCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTGG CCCTCCTCTT GCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTGG CCCTCCTTCT GCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11040 CATCTTTCCT GAACGGGG CCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGT TCCCAGATG GCCCTCAAAA 11100 AAGAGAACAA AACAGGG TCCAAGGCC TCCTAGAGCT TCTCAGTTC CTTCTATGAG 11100 AAGAGAACAA TACACCTCC CACCTTCC TATCAGGTC CACCTAAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACACCTTCC TCACCTTCC TTATCAGGTC CACTATAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACACCTCC CACCCTG CACCTGCT TTTTCATTC TCCTCTCAT 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGACAA ACACGC CACTGAAGT TTTTCACACCT TCTCCTTCATTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGACAA ACAATGGCT TCTGAAGTT TATCACAGAC TTTCTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CACTGAATG GCCCACTTGAA TATACCTCC TTTCTATTC 11280 GTGAGACAA TACACCAA ACAATGGCT TCTGAAGAC TTTTCACACA 11580 ATTTGCACTAT AGATACACA ACAATGGTT TATGACAAA TACACAA ACAATGTGTT TATAGCACAA TACACAA ACAATGTGTT TAAAACTTTC TATAGCACAA TACACTTCA TAAAACTTGT	TTAATCCTCA	GCAAGTGCAA	TTTGCAGCCA	TTAAATTGAA	CTAACTGATA	CTACAATGCA	10140
GGCTGCTAAA CATTAGGGTC AATTTTCCAG TGCACTTTCT GAAGTGTCTG CAGTTCCCCA 10320 TGCAAAGCTG CCCAAACATA GCACTTCCAA TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG GCGTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTC TCAAATGAAC TCAACAAACA ATTTCAAAGT CTAGTAGAAA 10440 GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGCAA TACAAGCTA ACACTTCTA ACAAGCTGAA ACACTTGCTT CAGTAGAAA ACACTTGT ACAAGCTGAA ACACTTGT ACAAGCTGAA ACACTTGT ACAAGAGCT CCAGATTAGT GGTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CCTGGGTTGG AAGGGACCCC AAGGATCATG 10620 AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATCTGGT ACTAGACCAG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTCC AGGGATGGAG CATCCACAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTTCCCT CTTGAGGTT AGAACCCTC CAGCTTGTG TATCACTGCT 10880 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CTTTGAGGTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TATCCACTC 10880 GCTTCTTCTT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAACC CCCCTCTCT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATAGAG TCTCCTTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAACC CCCCTCTCT GAGCCTC CAGCCTCT TATCACTGC 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTG CCCCTCTCTG GACCCCTC CAGCCTC TATCACTCC 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTG CCCTCTCTT GAGCTAG GGCCTCCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAAGGGGAC ATCACCTC TCCACCTCCT GACCCTCCT CAGCCTC CTTCTGATG 11040 CATCTTTCT GAACCAGGT GCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGT CCCCTGTTC TCTTGATG 11040 CAGCAGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGC CAACTTCTC TATCACCTTC CACCCTGCT CACCCTC CTTCTGATG 111040 CAGGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC CACCTTCTCC TTATCACCTTC TTCTGAGCT CAACTTCTC CACCTTCT TCTTCACCTTC TCTCTGATC ACCCTTCTC TCTCTGAGCT CAACTTCTC CACCTGCT TTATCACACT TCCTCTCAAA 11220 ACAGGGACCAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC CACCTTCTCC TTATCACCTTC TTCTCACCTTC TCTCTCAAA 11220 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCCCTG CACCTTCTC TTATCACCAT TCTTCAAACACA ACACTTCTC CACCTGCT TATCACCAT TCTTCACCTTC TCTCTCAAAA 11220 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCCTG CACCTTCTC TTATCACCAT TCTTCACCTTC TCTCCTCAAA 11200 CAGGGACCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTTC AGCCCT TTATCACCAT TCTTCACCTTC TCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC TAGAACCCG CACTGCTTC AGCCCT TTATCACCAT TTTTCACACT TCTTCCTCAAA 11220 ATACTCCTGC TAGAACCCG CACTGCTTC AGCCCTTCTAAAA 11220 ATACTCCTGC TAGAACCCG CACTGCTTC AGCCTTCTAAAA 11200 CAGGGACCTT ACAACCGG CACTGCTTC AGCCCT TTATCACCA TTTTCACCAT TCTC	ATCAGTATCA	ACAAGTGGTT	TGGCTTGGAA	GATGGAGTCT	AGGGGCTCTA	CAGGAGTAGC	10200
TGCAAAGCTG CCCAAACATA GCACTTCCAA TTGAATACAA TTATATGCAG GCGTACTGCT 10380 TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTTC TCAAATGAAC TCAACAAACA ATTTCAAAGT CTAGTAGAAA 10440 GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGTCA TTAAAAAGTA TATCTGCTTT CAGTAGTCA GCTTATTTAT 10500 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GGTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CCTGGGTTG AAGGGACCCC AAGGATCATG 10620 AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCACGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATTGGT ACTAGAACCA 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTC AGGGATCAGA CATCCACACAC ACCCTCTTGGGC AGCCTTCCT GTGAAGAACT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGAACACCTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGCT 10860 TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAG ATCAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGCT TATCACTGCT 10920 GCCTTCTTCT GTACTGGGG ATCAACAAGC CCAGCTCCT CAGCCTGCT TATAAGAAGA 10980 GCTGCTCCAG CCCCTGATC ACCCAGCCT GAATGCAGT CTCCAGATG GGCCTCAAAA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGT CTCCCAGAAC 11040 CACCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TCTCTGAGCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 CAGCAGAGACAA ACAACTGGCT TCTCGAGCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 CAGCAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGC CAACTTCC TTATCAGTC CTTCTGATG 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT ACAACTGGC TTCCTGAG GGCCCTCAAAA 11100 CAGGGACCAG ACAACTGGC CCCCACCTG CACCTTCCC TTTTCAACTC CTTCTCTAAA 11220 ACAGGGACCAA ACAACTGGCT TCTCGAGGT TTTTCACACCT TCTCTCTCT TTATCAGGTC CCCCTCCAAA 11100 CAGGGACCAG ACAACTGGC CCCCACCTG CACCTTCCC GGCCCTC CTCCTCTCAA 11340 ACACCTGGAT ACAACAGGT GCTGATGGC CACCTCTCC GGCCCT TCTCTCAAT 11340 ATACCCCTGC AGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GAACACCAG CCCCTGCAG TTTCCCCTCAA 11400 ATACCCTGC AGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GAACACCAG TATGACCAAA ACAATGTTT GCATTCC TATACACAA ACAATGTTT TATCGCTGAA TTATCACCAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCCACCT TAAAACCAAA ACAATGTTT AAAACTTGT TATCCACCT TAAAACCAAA ACAATGTTT AAAACTTGT TATCCACAT TAAAACTAA ACAATGTTT TATCGCACT TAAAACTTGT TATCCACAT TAAAACTAA ACAATGTTT AAAACTTGT TAAAACTTGT TATTCTACCA 11580 AATTCGACTAT TATGGCTGTT AGAACAGAC TAAAACACAA ACAATGTTA TAAAACTTGT TAAAACTTGT TATTCTACCA 11580	TACTCTCTAA	TGGAGTTGCA	TTTTGAAGCA	GGACACTGTG	AAAAGCTGGC	CTCCTAAAGA	10260
TCTTGCCAGC ACTGTCCTTC TCAAATGAAC TCAACAACA ATTTCAAAGT CTAGTAGAAA 10440 GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGTCA TTAAAAAGTA TATCTGCTTT CAGTAGTCA GCTTATTTAT 10500 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GGTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATG CCTGGGTTG AAGGGACCCC AAGGATCATG 10620 AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATCTGGT ACTAGACCAG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGCCT GACACCTCC GTGAAGAAC TTCCCCTAGACCAC ACCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACT TTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CCTTGAGGTT AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGACT TCCCCTTGAC 10800 GCTTCTTCTT AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGAGT TCCACTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCT CAGCCTGCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTG CCCCTCCTT GACCCTGCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTG CCCCTCCTT GACCCTGCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTG CCCCTCCTT GACCCTGCT CAGCCTGCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTG CCCCTCCTT GACCCGGCCT CAGCCTCC AAGAGCCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGT CTCCAGATG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGATA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTCTGATG 1160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TCCTGAGGT CAACTTCCC TTATCAGTTC CACCTATAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGAAGGT TCCTCTGC GTGCTTCT CACCTTGCT TCCTCCTAA 11340 ACACGCCTG ATGAACCAG CACCTCCACTG CCCCTGCAGC CCCCCTCCAAAA 11220 ACAGGGACCAA TACACCAGC CACCTCCC CACCTGC GTGCCTT TCCTCCTAA 11340 ACACGCCTG ATGAACCAG CACCTCCACTG CCCCTGAAGC TCCCCTCCAA 11340 ATTCCACCTAT GAATACCAA ACAATGGTT GACCACCTG CCCCTGCAGC CCCCTCCAAAA 11400 AATTCCACTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAACT TACACTTC GACCTTCAAAACTTCT TATGCACAA ACAATGGTT TATGCACAA ACAATGGTT TATGCACAA ACAATGGTT TATGCACTA TAAAACTTGT TATGCACTA 11580 AATTTCCATT TATGGCTGTT AGTAACTA ACACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TAAAACTTGT TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATTCAAGACC GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCACATGGC TATGCACTA 11580 AATTCAAGACC GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCACATGGC TATGCACTA 11640 AATTCAAGACC GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCACATGGC TATGCACAA 11640 AATTCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA	GGCTGCTAAA	CATTAGGGTC	AATTTTCCAG	TGCACTTTCT	GAAGTGTCTG	CAGTTCCCCA	10320
GTAACAAGCT TTGAATGTCA TTAAAAAGTA TATCTGCTTT CAGTAGTTCA GCTTATTTAT 10500 GCCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GGTAAAACCT 10560 AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATTGGT ACTAGACCAG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTC AGGGATGGAG CATCCACAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTTCCC CCTTGAGGTT AGACTCCATCA AGCCTTCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGACTCTCT GTGAAGAAC TTTCCCTGCC 10800 AACACCTC CTCTTGTA AAAACTTGAT TCTCCTCTT TTTGGAAGAT TCTCCTTGGT ATCACTGC ATCCATGAC 10980 GCTCTTCTT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGCT TATCACTGC 10800 AGGGTGCTCAG CCCTTGATC ATCTTCTGAAGAAC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGCT TTATAGAGAA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTGTA AAAACTTCC TCCTTGTG CCAGCCTCC AAGAGCTCC AAGAGCTCCA 10920 ACCCCTCCAG CCCTTGATC ATCTTTTTGTAGAGAAAC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTTTGTG CCCTCCTCTT GAACAAGC CCAGCCCT CAGCCTGCT AAGAGCTCCA 10920 ACCCCTCCAGACAAA 11100 ACCATCTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT CAGCCTTCCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 ACCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCT GAACCAGTA CTCCAGATG GGCCTCCAAAA 11100 ACCAGGAACAA ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCT CAACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT CACCCTGCT CACCTATAAA 11220 ACCAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGAAGGT TTCTGAAGTT CACCCTGCT CACCTATAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGAAGGT TTTTCAACACT TCTCCTCAA 11340 ACAACAGGCCCT ATGAACCCG CACTGCTCA ACCCCACCTG CACCTGCTC CACCTGCT CACCTGCTC CACCTGCTC CACCTGCAGC TTCTCCTCAAAA 11400 ACCCCACCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTCA ACCCCACCTG CACCTGCTC AACCTCC CACCTGCTC CACCTGCAGC TTCTCCTCAAAA 11400 ACCCCACCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTCA ACCCCACCTG CACCTGCAGC TTCTCCTCAAAA 11400 ACCCCACCTG ATGAACCAGA ACAATGGTT AAAACTTCT TCTCCTCAAAA 11580 AATTCCACTT TATGGCTGTT AACACAGA ACAATGGTT AAAACTGT TAAAACTGT TAAAACTGT TAAAACTGT TATGCAGTAA 11580 AATTCCAAGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	TGCAAAGCTG	CCCAAACATA	GCACTTCCAA	TTGAATACAA	TTATATGCAG	GCGTACTGCT	10380
GCCACTAGA AACATCTTGT ACAAGCTGAA CACTGGGGCT CCAGATTAGT GGTAAAACCT 10560 ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CCTGGGTTGG AAGGGACCCC AAGGATCATG 10620 AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATCTGGT ACTAGACCAG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTCC AGGGATGGAG CATCCACAAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGTCC ACCACCTCAC CACCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGACTTCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGATCCACTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGTC 10860 TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCT CAGCCTGTCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTT GAGCTCCT CAGCCTGCT AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGACAC 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGAACAACAACAACAGACAA ACAACTGGCT TCTCTGAGGT TTATCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GGGAGCAGATA ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCC TATCCAGTCC CACCTATACA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGAAGGTT GTGCATCTC TTATCAGATC CACCTATTACA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGAAGGTT GTGCCTTCT TTATCACACT TCTCTCATTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATCACAA ACAATGTGTT GTGCTTCTC GTGCCTTCT TCCCCCTCAGC 11400 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CACCTGAAG GCCCCATGGCC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GAGCCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCACTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT TATGGCTGT AGTAGTGTA CACTGAATG TAAAACTTGT TTATCACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGTA TAAAACTTGT TATACACTGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCCAAGACT TATGGCTGTT AGACAGACT TAAAACTTGT TATGCCAGTAA 11640 AATCCAAGACT TATGGCTGTT AGACAGACT TAAAACTTGT TATGCCAGTAA 11640 AATCCAAGACT TATGGCTGTT AGACAGACT TAAAACTTGT TATGCCAGTAA 11640 AATCCAAGACT TATGGCTGTT AGACAGAAT TAAAACTTGT TATGCCAGTAA 11640	TCTTGCCAGC	ACTGTCCTTC	TCAAATGAAC	TCAACAAACA	ATTTCAAAGT	CTAGTAGAAA	10440
ACTTTATACA ATCATAGAAT CATAGAATGG CCTGGGTTGG AAGGGACCC AAGGATCATG 10620 AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATCTGGT ACTAGACCAG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTC AGGGATGGAG CATCCACAAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGTGCC AGCACCTCAC CACCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGATCCACTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGTC 10860 TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGTCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTT GACCCGCTC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGATA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGGTG CAACTTCTCC TATCCAGTT CTTCTGATGG 11160 ACAGGAACAA ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGGTG CAACTTCTC TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTC 1280 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CACTGAATG GCCCCTCCTAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CACTGAATG CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCACA ACATGTCT GCACTGAATG GCCCCTTCCTAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCCCCTTCCTAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCCCCTTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCCCCTTCCT TCCTCCAAA 11220 AATACTCCTGC CTGAAACAA ACAATGTGTT GTGCTTCTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 AATTTGCATTT GAAAACAAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 AATCCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 AATCCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580	GTAACAAGCI	TTGAATGTCA	TTAAAAAGTA	TATCTGCTTT	CAGTAGTTCA	GCTTATTTAT	10500
AAGATCCAAC ACCCCGCCA CAGGCAGGGC CACCAACCTC CAGATCTGGT ACTAGACCAG 10680 GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTCC AGGGATGGAG CATCCACAAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGTGCC AGCACCTCAC CACCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGATCCACTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGTC 10860 TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGTCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTCTG GACCCGCTC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGAA AAGAAGGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGGCC CAACTTCTCC TTATCAGTTC CACCTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTT AAAACCAGG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCACCTATCA AACAAGGCC TTTCTGCAGC 11400 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGAT AGTAGTGGT CACCTGATGA TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 AATTTGCATT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGAT CACCTGATGAT GAACCAAGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 AATTTGCATT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG TATGCAATGTG TAAAACTTGT CTGTGTTATCAACATGT TAAAACTTGT TATGCAATGTA 11640	GCCCACTAGA	AACATCTTGT	ACAAGCTGAA	CACTGGGGCT	CCAGATTAGT	GGTAAAACCT	10560
GCAGCCCAGG GCTCCATCCA ACCTGGCCAT GAACACCTCC AGGGATGGAG CATCCACAAC 10740 CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGTGCC AGCACCTCAC CACCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGATCCACTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGTC 10860 TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCCTCCT CAGCCTGCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTCTG GACCCGCTCC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TCTCGAGGCC AGCCCTC TTATCAGTTC CACCTATAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTCA TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGT AGTAGTGAC CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCCAAGACT GTAGAATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGACAA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580	ACTTTATACA	ATCATAGAAT	CATAGAATGG	CCTGGGTTGG	AAGGGACCCC	AAGGATCATG	10620
CTCTCTGGGC AGCCTGTGCC AGCACCTCAC CACCCTCTCT GTGAAGAACT TTTCCCTGAC 10800 ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGATCCACTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGTC 10860 TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGCTC TTATAAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTTG GACCCGCTCC AAGAGCCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTC TTATCAGTTC CACTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGA CACTGATGA GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TATTCTACCA 11580 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TATGCAGTAA 11640	AAGATCCAAC	ACCCCCGCCA	CAGGCAGGGC	CACCAACCTC	CAGATCTGGT	ACTAGACCAG	10680
ATCCAATCTA AGCCTTCCCT CCTTGAGGTT AGATCCACTC CCCCTTGTGC TATCACTGTC 10860 TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGTCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTCTG GACCCGCTCC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTC TTATCAGTTC CACTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGAA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	GCAGCCCAGG	GCTCCATCCA	ACCTGGCCAT	GAACACCTCC	AGGGATGGAG	CATCCACAAC	10740
TACTCTTGTA AAAAGTTGAT TCTCCTCCTT TTTGGAAGGT TGCAATGAGG TCTCCTTGCA 10920 GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGCTC TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTCTG GACCCGCTCC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTCC TTATCAGTTC CACCTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	CTCTCTGGGC	AGCCTGTGCC	AGCACCTCAC	CACCCTCTCT	GTGAAGAACT	TTTCCCTGAC	10800
GCCTTCTTCT CTTCTGCAGG ATGAACAAGC CCAGCTCCCT CAGCCTGTCT TTATAGGAGA 10980 GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTCT GACCCGCTCC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTCC TTATCAGTTC CACCTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	ATCCAATCTA	AGCCTTCCCT	CCTTGAGGTT	AGATCCACTC	CCCCTTGTGC	TATCACTGTC	10860
GGTGCTCCAG CCCTCTGATC ATCTTTGTGG CCCTCCTCTG GACCCGCTCC AAGAGCTCCA 11040 CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTCC TTATCAGTTC CACTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGAC CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAACTTGT TATGCAGTAA 11640	TACTCTTGTA	AAAAGTTGAT	TCTCCTCCTT	TTTGGAAGGT	TGCAATGAGG	TCTCCTTGCA	10920
CATCTTTCCT GTACTGGGGG CCCCAGGCCT GAATGCAGTA CTCCAGATGG GGCCTCAAAA 11100 GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTCC TTATCAGTTC CACTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGATA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	GCCTTCTTCI	CTTCTGCAGG	ATGAACAAGC	CCAGCTCCCT	CAGCCTGTCT	TTATAGGAGA	10980
GAGCAGAGTA AAGAGGGACA ATCACCTTCC TCACCCTGCT GGCCAGCCCT CTTCTGATGG 11160 AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTCC TTATCAGTTC CACTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	GGTGCTCCAG	CCCTCTGATC	ATCTTTGTGG	CCCTCCTCTG	GACCCGCTCC	AAGAGCTCCA	11040
AGCCCTGGAT ACAACTGGCT TTCTGAGCTG CAACTTCTCC TTATCAGTTC CACTATTAAA 11220 ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	CATCTTTCCT	GTACTGGGGG	CCCCAGGCCT	GAATGCAGTA	CTCCAGATGG	GGCCTCAAAA	11100
ACAGGAACAA TACAACAGGT GCTGATGGCC AGTGCAGAGT TTTTCACACT TCTTCATTTC 11280 GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACCTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	GAGCAGAGTA	AAGAGGGACA	ATCACCTTCC	TCACCCTGCT	GGCCAGCCCT	CTTCTGATGG	11160
GGTAGATCTT AGATGAGGAA CGTTGAAGTT GTGCTTCTGC GTGTGCTTCT TCCTCCTCAA 11340 ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	AGCCCTGGAT	ACAACTGGCT	TTCTGAGCTG	CAACTTCTCC	TTATCAGTTC	CACTATTAAA	11220
ATACTCCTGC CTGATACCTC ACCCCACCTG CCACTGAATG GCTCCATGGC CCCCTGCAGC 11400 CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	ACAGGAACAA	TACAACAGGT	GCTGATGGCC	AGTGCAGAGT	TTTTCACACT	TCTTCATTTC	11280
CAGGGCCCTG ATGAACCCGG CACTGCTTCA GATGCTGTTT AATAGCACAG TATGACCAAG 11460 TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	GGTAGATCTT	AGATGAGGAA	CGTTGAAGTT		GTGTGCTTCT	TCCTCCTCAA	
TTGCACCTAT GAATACACAA ACAATGTGTT GCATCCTTCA GCACTTGAGA AGAAGAGCCA 11520 AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	ATACTCCTGC	CTGATACCTC	ACCCCACCTG	CCACTGAATG	GCTCCATGGC	CCCCTGCAGC	11400
AATTTGCATT GTCAGGAAAT GGTTTAGTAA TTCTGCCAAT TAAAACTTGT TTATCTACCA 11580 TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	CAGGGCCCTG	ATGAACCCGG	CACTGCTTCA		AATAGCACAG	TATGACCAAG	11460
TGGCTGTTTT TATGGCTGTT AGTAGTGGTA CACTGATGAT GAACAATGGC TATGCAGTAA 11640 AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	TTGCACCTAT	GAATACACAA	ACAATGTGTT	GCATCCTTCA	GCACTTGAGA	AGAAGAGCCA	11520
AATCAAGACT GTAGATATTG CAACAGACTA TAAAATTCCT CTGTGGCTTA GCCAATGTGG 11700	AATTTGCATT	GTCAGGAAAT	GGTTTAGTAA	TTCTGCCAAT	TAAAACTTGT	TTATCTACCA	11580
	TGGCTGTTTT	TATGGCTGTT	AGTAGTGGTA	CACTGATGAT	GAACAATGGC	TATGCAGTAA	11640
TACTTCCCAC ATTGTATAAG AAATTTGGCA AGTTTAGAGC AATGTTTGAA GTGTTGGGAA 11760	AATCAAGACT	GTAGATATTG	CAACAGACTA	TAAAATTCCT	CTGTGGCTTA	GCCAATGTGG	
	TACTTCCCAC	ATTGTATAAG	AAATTTGGCA	AGTTTAGAGC	AATGTTTGAA	GTGTTGGGAA	11760
ATTTCTGTAT ACTCAAGAGG GCGTTTTTGA CAACTGTAGA ACAGAGGAAT CAAAAGGGGG 11820	ATTTCTGTAT	ACTCAAGAGG	GCGTTTTTGA	CAACTGTAGA	ACAGAGGAAT		11820
TGGGAGGAAG TTAAAAGAAG AGGCAGGTGC AAGAGAGCTT GCAGTCCCGC TGTGTGTACG 11880	TGGGAGGAAG	TTAAAAGAAG		AAGAGAGCTT			
ACACTGGCAA CATGAGGTCT TTGCTAATCT TGGTGCTTTG CTTCCTGCCC CTGGCTGCCT 11940			TTGCTAATCT	TGGTGCTTTG	CTTCCTGCCC	CTGGCTGCCT	11940
TAGGG 11945							

FIG. 5

SEQ ID NO: 68

AAAGTCTAGAGTCGGGGCGGCCGGCCGCTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTGATGAG	60
TTTGGACAAACCACAACTAGAATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGAT	120
GCTATTGCTTTATTTGTAACCATTATAAGCTGCAATAAACAAGTTAACAACAACAATTGC	180
ATTCATTTTATGTTTCAGGTTCAGGGGGGGGGTGTGGGAGGTTTTTTAAAGCAAGTAAAAC	240
CTCTA CA A TCCCCTA A A TCCATA A CCATCCCTCCA CCCCCCC 285	

FIG. 6

SEQ ID NO: 69

1 CGCGTGGTAGGTGGCGGGGGGTTCCCAGGAGAGCCCCCAGCGCGGACGGC AGCGCCGTCACTCACCGCTCCGTCTCCCTCCGCCCAGGGTCGCCTGGCGC AACCGCTGCAAGGGCACCGACGTCCAGGCGTGGATCAGAGGCTGCCGGCT 200 GAGCGCGACGCTACCCGCTTGGCAGTTTTAAACGCATCCCTCATTAAAAC GACTATACGCAAACGCCTTCCCGTCGGTCCGCGTCTCTTTCCGCCGCCAG CAACCGTCGCCCGTGACGCACCGCCCCGCCCCGTGACGCGGTGCGGG TGTTCAAGAGAATGGCTGAGTTCGGGCCTGACTCCGGGGGCAGGGTGAAG 600 CCGGGGCCTCTGCCGGCCCGGCTCGGGCTGCTGCGGCGCTTACGGG CGCGCTTCTCGCCGCTGCCGCTTCTCTTCTCTCCCGCGCAAGGGCGTCAC CATCGTGAAGCCGGTAGTGTACGGGAACGTGGCGCGGTACTTCGGGAAGA AGAGGGAGGACGGCACACGCATCAGTGGACGGTTTACGTGAAGCCC 800 TACAGGAACGAGGTAGGGCCCGAGCGCGTCGGCCGCTTCTCGGAGCGC CGGAGCCGTCAGCGCCGCGCCTGGGTGCGCTGTGGGACACAGCGAGCTTC TCTCGTAGGACATGTCCGCCTACGTGAAAAAAATCCAGTTCAAGCTGCAC GAGAGCTACGGGAATCCTCTCCGAGGTGGGTGTTGCGTCGGGGGGTTTGC 1000 AGTCGTTACCAAACCGCCGTACGAGATCACCGAAACGGGCTGGGGCGAAT TTGAAATCATCAAGATATTTTTCATTGATCCAAACGAGCGACCCGTA AGTACGCTCAGCTTCTCGTAGTGCTTCCCCCGTCCTGGCGGCCCCGGGGCT GGGCTGCTGCTGCCGGTCACAGTCCCGCCAGCCGCGGAGCTGACTG AGCTCCCTTTCCCGGGACGTGTGCTCTGTGTTCGGTCAGCGAGGCTATCG GGAGGGCTTTGGCTGCATTTGGCTTCTCTGGCGCTTAGCGCAGGAGCACG TTGTGCTACGCCTGAACTACAGCTGTGAGAAGGCCGTGGAAACCGCTCTC AAACTGATTTATTGGCGAAATGGCTCTAAACTAAATCGTCTCCTCTTT GGAAATGCTTTAGAGAAGGTCTCTGTGGTAGTTCTTATGCATCTATCCTA AAGCACTTGGCCAGACAATTTAAAGACATCAAGCAGCATTTATAGCAGGC ACGTTTAATAACGAATACTGAATTTAAGTAACTCTGCTCACGTTGTATGA 1600 CGTTTATTTTCGTATTCCTGAAAGCCATTAAAATCCTGTGCAGTTGTTTA GTAAGAACAGCTGCCACTGTTTTGTATCTAGGAGATAACTGGTGTTTCCC TACAGTTCTCAAGCTGATAAAACTCTGTCTTTGTATCTAGGTAACCCTGT ATCACTTGCTGAAGCTTTTTCAGTCTGACACCAATGCAATCCTGGGAAAG 1800 AAAACTGTAGTTTCTGAATTCTATGATGAAATGGTATGAAAATTTTAATG TCAACCGAGCCTGACTTTATTTAAAAAAAATTATTGATGGTGCTGTGTAT TTTGGTCCTTCCTTAGATATTTCAAGATCCTACTGCCATGATGCAGCAAC TGCTAACGACGTCCCGTCAGCTGACACTTGGTGCTTACAAGCATGAAACA 2000 GAGTGTAAGTGCAAAATGAGGATACCTTCGCCGACCGTCATTCACTACTA ATGTTTTCTGTGGGATGTGATCGTACAGTGAGTTTGGCTGTGTGAAATTT GAATAGCTTGGTATTGGCAGTGATGACGTGATCGATGCCTTGCTTATCAT GTTTGAAATGAAGTAGAATAAATGCAGCCTGCTTTATTTGAGATAGTTTG 2200 GTTCATTTTATGGAATGCAAGCAAAGATTATACTTCCTCACTGAATTGCA CTGTCCAAAGGTGTGAAATGTGTGGGGGATCTGGAGGACCGTGACCGAGGG ACATTGGATCGCTATCTCCCATTTCTTTTGCTGTTACCAGTTCAGATTTT

	CTTTTCACCTAGTCTTTAATTCCCAGGGTTTTGTTTTTTCCTTGGTCATA
2400	GTTTTTGTTTTTCACTCTGGCAAATGATGTTGTGAATTACACTGCTTCAG
	CCACAAAACTGATGGACTGAATGAGGTCATCAAACAAACTTTTCTTCTTC
	CGTATTTCCTTTTTTTTCCCCCACTTATCATTTTTACTGCTGTTGTTGAG
	TCTGTAAGGCTAAAAGTAACTGTTTTGTGCTTTTTCAGGACGTGTGCTTT
2600	CCAAATTACTGCCACATATATAAAGAAAGGTTGGAATTTTAAAGATAATT
	CATGTTTCTTCTTTTTTTGCCACCACAGTTGCAGATCTTGAAGTAAAA
	ACCAGGGAAAAGCTGGAAGCTGCCAAAAAGAAAACCAGTTTTGAAATTGC
	TGAGCTTAAAGAAAGGTTAAAAGCAAGTCGTGAAACCATCAACTGCTTAA
2800	AGAGTGAAATCAGAAAACTCGAAGAGGATGATCAGTCTAAAGATATGTGA
	TGAGTGTTGACTTGGCAGGGAGCCTATAATGAGAATGAAAGGACTTCAGT
	CGTGGAGTTGTATGCGTTCTCTCCAATTCTGTAACGGAGACTGTATGAAT
	TTCATTTGCAAATCACTGCAGTGTGTGACAACTGACTTTTTATAAATGGC
3000	AGAAAACAAGAATGAATGTATCCTCATTTTATAGTTAAAATCTATGGGTA
	TGTACTGGTTTATTTCAAGGAGAATGGATCGTAGAGACTTGGAGGCCAGA
	TTGCTGCTTGTATTGACTGCATTTGAGTGGTGTAGGAACATTTTGTCTAT
	GGTCCCGTGTTAGTTTACAGAATGCCACTGTTCACTGTTTTGTTTTGTAT
3200	TTTACTTTTCTACTGCAACGTCAAGGTTTTAAAAGTTGAAAATAAAACA
	TGCAGGTTTTTTTAAATATTTTTTTTTTTCTCTCTATCCAGTTTGGGCTTCAA
	GTATTATTGTTAACAGCAAGTCCTGATTTAAGTCAGAGGCTGAAGTGTAA
	TGGTATTCAAGATGCTTAAGTCTGTTGTCAGCAAAACAAAAGAGAAAACT
3400	TCATAAAATCAGGAAGTTGGCATTTCTAATAACTTCTTTATCAACAGATA
	AGAGTTTCTAGCCCTGCATCTACTTTCACTTATGTAGTTGATGCCTTTAT
	ATTTTGTGTGTTTTGGATGCAGGAAGTGATTCCTACTCTGTTATGTAGATA
	TTCTATTTAACACTTGTACTCTGCTGTGCTTAGCCTTTCCCCATGAAAAT
3600	TCAGCGGCTGTAAATCCCCCTCTTCTTTTGTAGCCTCATACAGATGGCAG
	ACCCTCAGGCTTATAAAGGCTTGGGCATCTTCTTTACTGCTTTGAGATTC
	TGTGTTGCAGTAACCTCTGCCAGAGAGAGAAAAGCCCCACAAACCTCAT
	CCCCTTCTTCTATAGCAATCAGTATTACTAATGCTTTGAGAACAGAGCAC
3800	TGGTTTGAAACGTTTGATAATTAGCATTTAACATGGCTTGGTAAAGATGC
	AGAACTGAAACAGCTGTGACAGTATGAACTCAGTATGGAGACTTCATTAA
	GACAAACAGCTGTTAAAATCAGGCATGTTTCATTGAGGAGGACGGGGCAA
	CTTGCACCAGTGGTGCCCACACAAATCCTTCCTGGCGCTGCAGACCAATT
4000	TTTCTGGCATTCTGACTGCCGTTGCTGCTGGTCACAGAGAGCAACTATTT
	TTATCAGCCACAGGCAATTTGCTTGTAGTATTTTCCAAGTGTTGTAGGTA
	AGTATAAATGCATCGGCTCCAGAGCACTTTGAGTATACTTATTAAAAAACA
	TAAATGAAAGACAAATTAGCTTTGCTTGGGTGCACAGAACATTTTTAGTT
4200	CCAGCCTGCTTTTTGGTAGAAGCCCTCTTCTGAGGCTAGAACTGACTTTG
	ACAAGTAGAGAAACTGGCAACGGAGCTATTGCTATCGAAGGATCCTTGTT
	AACAAAGTTAATCGTCTTTTAAGGTTTGGTTTATTCATTAAATTTGCTTT
	TAAGCTGTAGCTGAAAAAGAACGTGCTGTCTTCCATGCACCAGGTGGCAG
4400	CTCTGTGCAAAGTGCTCTCTGGTCTCACCAGCCTTTTAATTGCCGGGATT
	CTGGCACGTCTGAGAGGGCTCAGACTGGCTTCGTTTGTTT
	TACTGCTTTCTGTAGACATGGCCGGTTTCTCTCCTGCAGCTTATGAAACT
	GTTCACACTGAACACTGGAACAGGTTGCCCAAGGAGGCCGTGGATGCC
4600	CCATCCCTGGAGGCATTCAAGGCCAGGCTGGATGTGGCTCTGGGCAGCCT
	GGTCTGGTGGTTGGCGATCCTGCACATAGCAGCGGGGTTGAAACTCGATG
	ATCACTGTGGTCCTTTTCAACCCAGGCTATTCTATGATTCTATGATTCAA
	CAGCAAATCATATGTACTGAGAGAGGAAACAAACACAAGTGCTACTGTTT
4800	GCAAGTTTTGTTCATTTGGTAAAAGAGTCAGGTTTTAAAATTCAAAATCT

TTTTGATGCTTTATCTTTCTCTGCCAGGACTGTGTGACAATGGGAACGAA AAAGAACATGCCAGGCACTGTCCTGGATTGCACACGCTGGTTGCACTCAG 5000 TAGCAGGCTCAGAACTGCCAGTCTTTCCACAGTATTACTTTCTAAACCTA ATTTTAATAGCGTTAGTAGACTTCCATCACTGGGCAGTGCTTAGTGAATG CTCTGTGTGAACGTTTTACTTATAAGCATGTTGGAAGTTTTGATGTTCCT GGATGCAGTAGGGAAGGACAGATTAGCTATGTGAAAAGTAGATTCTGAGT 5200 ATCGGGGTTACAAAAGTATAGAAACGATGAGAAATTCTTGTTGTAACTA ATTGGAATTTCTTTAAGCGTTCACTTATGCTACATTCATAGTATTTCCAT TTAAAAGTAGGAAAAGGTAAAACGTGAAATCGTGTGATTTTCGGATGGAA CACCGCCTTCCTATGCACCTGACCAACTTCCAGAGGAAAAGCCTATTGAA 5400 AGCCGAGATTAAGCCACCAAAAGAACTCATTTGCATTGGAATATGTAGTA TTTGCCCTCTTCCTCCCGGGTAATTACTATACTTTATAGGGTGCTTATAT GTTAAATGAGTGGCTGGCACTTTTTATTCTCACAGCTGTGGGGAATTCTG TCCTCTAGGACAGAAACAATTTTAATCTGTTCCACTGGTGACTGCTTTGT 5600 CAGCACTTCCACCTGAAGAGATCAATACACTCTTCAATGTCTAGTTCTGC AACACTTGGCAAACCTCACATCTTATTTCATACTCTCTTCATGCCTATGC TTATTAAAGCAATAATCTGGGTAATTTTTTGTTTTAATCACTGTCCTGACC CCAGTGATGACCGTGTCCCACCTAAAGCTCAATTCAGGTCCTGAATCTCT 5800 TCAACTCTCTATAGCTAACATGAAGAATCTTCAAAAGTTAGGTCTGAGGG ACTTAAGGCTAACTGTAGATGTTGTTGCCTGGTTTCTGTGCTGAAGGCCG TGTAGTAGTTAGAGCATTCAACCTCTAG

Fig. 7

SEQ ID NO: 70

1 TGCCGCCTTCTTTGATATTCACTCTGTTGTATTTCATCTCTTCTTGCCGA TGAAAGGATATAACAGTCTGTATAACAGTCTGTGAGGAAATACTTGGTAT TTCTTCTGATCAGTGTTTTTATAAGTAATGTTGAATATTGGATAAGGCTG 151 TGTGTCCTTTGTCTTGGGAGACAAAGCCCACAGCAGGTGGTGGTTGGGGT TTTTTTTTTTAAGTAAGGTGTTCTTTTTTTCTTAGTAAATTTTCTACTGGA 301 CTGTATGTTTTGACAGGTCAGAAACATTTCTTCAAAAGAAGAACCTTTTG GAAACTGTACAGCCCTTTTCTTTCATTCCCTTTTTTGCTTTCTGTGCCAAT GCCTTTGGTTCTGATTGCATTATGGAAAACGTTGATCGGAACTTGAGGTT 451 TTTATTTATAGTGTGGCTTGAAAGCTTGGATAGCTGTTGTTACACGAGAT ACCTTATTAAGTTTAGGCCAGCTTGATGCTTTATTTTTTCCCTTTGAAGT AGTGAGCGTTCTCTGGTTTTTTTCCTTTGAAACTGGTGAGGCTTAGATTT 601 TTCTAATGGGATTTTTTACCTGATGATCTAGTTGCATACCCAAATGCTTG TAAATGTTTTCCTAGTTAACATGTTGATAACTTCGGATTTACATGTTGTA TATACTTGTCATCTGTGTTTCTAGTAAAAATATATGGCATTTATAGAAAT 751 ACGTAATTCCTGATTTCCTTTTTTTTTATCTCTATGCTCTGTGTGTACAG GTCAAACAGACTTCACTCCTATTTTTATTTATAGAATTTTATATGCAGTC TGTCGTTGGTTCTTGTGTTGTAAGGATACAGCCTTAAATTTCCTAGAGCG ATGCTCAGTAAGGCGGGTTGTCACATGGGTTCAAATGTAAAACGGGCACG 901 TTTGGCTGCTGCCTTCCCGAGATCCAGGACACTAAACTGCTTCTGCACTG AGGTATAAATCGCTTCAGATCCCAGGGAAGTGCAGATCCACGTGCATATT TGCATGGATTTGTTTGGGACTTAAATTATTTTGGTAACGGAGTGCATAGG TTTTAAACACAGTTGCAGCATGCTAACGAGTCACAGCGTTTATGCAGAAG 1201 TGATGCCTGGATGCCTGTTGCAGCTGTTTACGGCACTGCCTTGCAGTGAG CATTGCAGATAGGGGTGGGTGCTTTGTGTCGTGTTCCCACACGCTGCCA CACAGCCACCTCCCGGAACACATCTCACCTGCTGGGTACTTTTCAAACCA 1351 TCTTAGCAGTAGTAGATGAGTTACTATGAAACAGAGAAGTTCCTCAGTTG GATATTCTCATGGGATGTCTTTTTTCCCATGTTGGGCAAAGTATGATAAA GCATCTCTATTTGTAAATTATGCACTTGTTAGTTCCTGAATCCTTTCTAT 1501 AGCACCACTTATTGCAGCAGGTGTAGGCTCTGGTGTGGCCTGTGTCTGTG CTTGAAGATAGTAAACAGTACTTACCTTTGATCCCAATGAAATCGAGCAT TTCAGTTGTAAAAGAATTCCGCCTATTCATACCATGTAATGTAATTTTAC ACCCCAGTGCTGACACTTTGGAATATATTCAAGTAATAGACTTTGGCCT CACCCTCTTGTGTACTGTATTTTGTAATAGAAAATATTTTAAACTGTGCA 1801 TATGATTATTACATTATGAAAGAGACATTCTGCTGATCTTCAAATGTAAG AAAATGAGGAGTGCGTGTGCTTTTATAAATACAAGTGATTGCAAATTAGT GCAGGTGTCCTTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGTAATATAAAAAGGACCAGGT GTTTTACAAGTGAAATACATTCCTATTTGGTAAACAGTTACATTTTTATG 1951 AAGATTACCAGCGCTGCTGACTTTCTAAACATAAGGCTGTATTGTCTTCC TGTACCATTGCATTTCCTCATTCCCAATTTGCACAAGGATGTCTGGGTAA 2101 ACTATTCAAGAAATGGCTTTGAAATACAGCATGGGAGCTTGTCTGAGTTG GAATGCAGAGTTGCACTGCAAAATGTCAGGAAATGGATGTCTCTCAGAAT GCCCAACTCCAAAGGATTTTATATGTGTATATAGTAAGCAGTTTCCTGAT 2251 TCCAGCAGGCCAAAGAGTCTGCTGAATGTTGTGTTGCCGGAGACCTGTAT TTCTCAACAAGGTAAGATGGTATCCTAGCAACTGCGGATTTTAATACATT

	TTCAGCAGAAGTACTTAGTTAATCTCTACCTTTAGGGATCGTTTCATCAT
2401	TTTTAGATGTTATACTTGAAATACTGCATAACTTTTAGCTTTCATGGGT
	CCTTTTTTTCAGCCTTTAGGAGACTGTTAAGCAATTTGCTGTCCAACTT
	TGTGTTGGTCTTAAACTGCAATAGTAGTTTACCTTGTATTGAAGAAATA
2551	AGACCATTTTTATATTAAAAAATACTTTTGTCTGTCTTCATTTTGACTT
	TCTGATATCCTTGCAGTGCCCATTATGTCAGTTCTGTCAGATATTCAGAC
	ATCAAAACTTAACGTGAGCTCAGTGGAGTTACAGCTGCGGTTTTGATGCT
2701	GTTATTATTTCTGAAACTAGAAATGATGTTGTCTTCATCTGCTCATCAAA
2701	CACTTCATGCAGAGTGTAAGGCTAGTGAGAAATGCATACATTTATTGATA
	CTTTTTTAAAGTCAACTTTTTATCAGATTTTTTTTTCATTTGGAAATATA
2851	TTGTTTTCTAGACTGCATAGCTTCTGAATCTGAAATGCAGTCTGATTGGC
2001	ATGAAGAAGCACACTCTTCATCTTACTTAAACTTCATTTTTGGAATGA
	AGGAAGTTAAGCAAGGGCACAGGTCCATGAAATAGAGACAGTGCGCTCAC
2001	
3001	GAGAAAGTGAACCTGGATTTCTTTGGCTAGTGTTCTAAATCTGTAGTGAG
	GAAAGTAACACCCGATTCCTTGAAAGGGCTCCAGCTTTAATGCTTCCAAA
	TTGAAGGTGGCAGCAACTTGGCCACTGGTTATTTACTGCATTATGTCTC
3151	AGTTTCGCAGCTAACCTGGCTTCTCCACTATTGAGCATGGACTATAGCCT
	GGCTTCAGAGGCCAGGTGAAGGTTGGGATGGGTGGAAGGAGTGCTGGGCT
	GTGGCTGGGGGACTGTGGGGACTCCAAGCTGAGCTTGGGGTGGGCAGCA
3301	CAGGGAAAAGTGTGGGTAACTATTTTTAAGTACTGTGTTGCAAACGTCTC
	ATCTGCAAATACGTAGGGTGTGTACTCTCGAAGATTAACAGTGTGGGTTC
	AGTAATATATGGATGAATTCACAGTGGAAGCATTCAAGGGTAGATCATCI
3451	AACGACACCAGATCATCAAGCTATGATTGGAAGCGGTATCAGAAGAGCGA
	GGAAGGTAAGCAGTCTTCATATGTTTTCCCTCCACGTAAAGCAGTCTGGG
	AAAGTAGCACCCCTTGAGCAGAGACAAGGAAATAATTCAGGAGCATGTGC
3601	TAGGAGAACTTTCTTGCTGAATTCTACTTGCAAGAGCTTTGATGCCTGGC
	TTCTGGTGCCTTCTGCAGCACCTGCAAGGCCCAGAGCCTGTGGTGAGCTG
	GAGGGAAAGATTCTGCTCAAGTCCAAGCTTCAGCAGGTCATTGTCTTTGC
3751	TTCTTCCCCCAGCACTGTGCAGCAGAGTGGAACTGATGTCGAAGCCTCCT
	GTCCACTACCTGTTGCTGCAGGCAGACTGCTCTCAGAAAAAGAGAGCTAA
	CTCTATGCCATAGTCTGAAGGTAAAATGGGTTTTAAAAAAAGAAAACACAA
3901	AGGCAAAACCGGCTGCCCCATGAGAAGAAAGCAGTGGTAAACATGGTAGA
0000	AAAGGTGCAGAAGCCCCCAGGCAGTGTGACAGGCCCCTCCTGCCACCTAG
	AGGCGGGAACAAGCTTCCCTGCCTAGGGCTCTGCCCGCGAAGTGCGTGT
4051	TCTTTGGTGGGTTTTGTTTGGCGTTTTGGTTTTTGAGATTTAGACACAAGGG
1001	AAGCCTGAAAGGAGGTGTTGGGCACTATTTTGGTTTGTAAAGCCTGTACT
	TCAAATATATTTTGTGAGGGAGTGTAGCGAATTGGCCAATTTAAAATA
4201	AAGTTGCAAGAGTTGAAGGCTGAGTAGTTGAGAGGGTAACACGTTTAAT
4201	GAGATCTTCTGAAACTACTGCTTCTAAACACTTGTTTGAGTGGTGAGACC
	TTGGATAGGTGAGTGCTCTTGTTACATGTCTGATGCACTTGCTTG
42E1	TTCCATCCACATCCATGCATTCCACATCCACGCATTTGTCACTTATCCCA
4351	
	TATCTGTCATATCTGACATACCTGTCTCTTCGTCACTTGGTCAGAAGAAA
	CAGATGTGATAATCCCCAGCCGCCCCAAGTTTGAGAAGATGGCAGTTGCT
4501	TCTTTCCCTTTTTCCTGCTAAGTAAGGATTTTCTCCTGGCTTTGACACCT
	CACGAAATAGTCTTCCTGCCTTACATTCTGGGCATTATTTCAAATATCTT
	TGGAGTGCGCTGCTCTCAAGTTTGTGTCTTCCTACTCTTAGAGTGAATGC
4651	TCTTAGAGTGAAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGATGTTGGCCGCAGTTCTCTGAT
	GAACACCTCTGAATAATGGCCAAAGGTGGGTGGGTTTCTCTGAGGAAC
	GGGCAGCGTTTGCCTCTGAAAGCAAGGAGCTCTGCGGAGTTGCAGTTATT
4801	TTGCAACTGATGGTGGAACTGGTGCTTAAAGCAGATTCCCTAGGTTCCCT

	GCTACTTCTTTTCCTTCGGCAGTCAGTTTATTTCTGACAGACA
	CCACCCCACTGCAGGCTTAGAAAGTATGTGGCTCTGCCTGGGTGTGTTA
4951	CAGCTCTGCCCTGGTGAAAGGGGATTAAAACGGGCACCATTCATCCCAAA
	CAGGATCCTCATTCATGGATCAAGCTGTAAGGAACTTGGGCTCCAACCTC
	AAAACATTAATTGGAGTACGAATGTAATTAAAACTGCATTCTCGCATTCC
5101	TAAGTCATTTAGTCTGGACTCTGCAGCATGTAGGTCGGCAGCTCCCACTT
	TCTCAAAGACCACTGATGGAGGAGTAGTAAAAATGGAGACCGATTCAGAA
	CAACCAACGGAGTGTTGCCGAAGAAACTGATGGAAATAATGCATGAATTG
5251	TGTGGTGGACATTTTTTTAAATACATAAACTACTTCAAATGAGGTCGGA
0201	GAAGGTCAGTGTTTTATTAGCAGCCATAAAACCAGGTGAGCGAGTACCAT
	TTTTCTCTACAAGAAAACGATTCTGAGCTCTGCGTAAGTATAAGTTCTC
5401	CATAGCGGCTGAAGCTCCCCCTGGCTGCCTGCCATCTCAGCTGGAGTGC
0101	AGTGCCATTTCCTTGGGGTTTCTCTCACAGCAGTAATGGGACAATACTTC
	ACAAAAATTCTTTCCTGTCATGTGGGATCCCTACTGTGCCCTCCT
5551	GGTTTTACGTTACCCCCTGACTGTTCCATTCAGCGGTTTGGAAAGAGAAA
3331	AAGAATTTGGAAATAAAACATGTCTACGTTATCACCTCCTCCAGCATTTT
	GGTTTTTAATTATGTCAATAACTGGCTTAGATTTGGAAATGAGAGGGGGG
5701	TGGGTGTATTACCGAGGAACAAAGGAAGGCTTATATAAACTCAAGTCTT
3/01	TATTTAGAGAACTGGCAAGCTGTCAAAAACAAAAAGGCCTTACCACCAAA
	TTAAGTGAATAGCCGCTATAGCCAGCAGGGCCAGCACGAGGGATGGTGCA
F0 F1	CTGCTGGCACTATGCCACGGCCTGCTTGTGACTCTGAGAGCAACTGCTTT
5851	GGAAATGACAGCACTTGGTGCAATTTCCTTTGTTTCAGAATGCGTAGAGC
6001	GTGTGCTTGGCGACAGTTTTTCTAGTTAGGCCACTTCTTTTTTCCTTCTC
6001	TCCTCATTCTCCTAAGCATGTCTCCATGCTGGTAATCCCAGTCAAGTGA
	CGTTCAAACAATGAATCCATCACTGTAGGATTCTCGTGGTGATCAAATCT
	TTGTGTGAGGTCTATAAAATATGGAAGCTTATTTATTTTTCGTTCTTCCA
6151	TATCAGTCTTCTCTATGACAATTCACATCCACCACAGCAAATTAAAGGTG
	AAGGAGGCTGGTGGGATGAAGAGGGTCTTCTAGCTTTACGTTCTTCCTTC
	CAAGGCCACAGGAAAATGCTGAGAGCTGTAGAATACAGCCTGGGGTAAGA
6301	AGTTCAGTCTCCTGCTGGGACAGCTAACCGCATCTTATAACCCCTTCTGA
	GACTCATCTTAGGACCAAATAGGGTCTATCTGGGGTTTTTGTTCCTGCTG
	TTCCTCCTGGAAGGCTATCTCACTATTTCACTGCTCCCACGGTTACAAAC
6451	CAAAGATACAGCCTGAATTTTTTCTAGGCCACATTACATAAATTTGACCT
	GGTACCAATATTGTTCTCTATATAGTTATTTCCTTCCCCACTGTGTTTAA
	CCCCTTAAGGCATTCAGAACAACTAGAATCATAGAATGGTTTGGATTGGA
6601	AGGGGCCTTAAACATCATCCATTTCCAACCCTCTGCCATGGGCTGCTTGC
	CACCCACTGGCTCAGGCTGCCCAGGGCCCCATCCAGCCTGGCCTTGAGCA
	CCTCCAGGGATGGGGCACCCACAGCTTCTCTGGGCAGCCTGTGCCAACAC
6751	CTCACCACTCTCTGGGTAAAGAATTCTCTTTTTAACATCTAATCTAAATCT
	CTTCTCTTTTAGTTTAAAGCCATTCCTCTTTTTTCCCGTTGCTATCTGTCC
	AAGAAATGTGTATTGGTCTCCCTCCTGCTTATAAGCAGGAAGTACTGGAA
6901	GGCTGCAGTGAGGTCTCCCCACAGCCTTCTCTCTCCAGGCTGAACAAGC
	CCAGCTCCTTCAGCCTGTCTTCGTAGGAGATCATCTTAGTGGCCCTCCTC
	TGGACCCATTCCAACAGTTCCACGGCTTTCTTGTGGAGCCCCAGGTCTGG
7051	ATGCAGTACTTCAGATGGGGCCTTACAAAGGCAGAGCAGATGGGGACAAT
	CGCTTACCCCTCCTGCTGGCTGCCCCTGTTTTGATGCAGCCCAGGGTAC
	TGTTGGCCTTTCAGGCTCCCAGACCCCTTGCTGATTTGTGTCAAGCTTTT
7201	CATCCACCAGAACCCACGCTTCCTGGTTAATACTTCTGCCCTCACTTCTG
• •	TAAGCTTGTTTCAGGAGACTTCCATTCTTTAGGACAGACTGTGTTACACC
	TACCTGCCCTATTCTTGCATATATACATTTCAGTTCATGTTTCCTGTAAC

7351	AGGACAGAATATGTATTCCTCTAACAAAAATACATGCAGAATTCCTAGTG CCATCTCAGTAGGGTTTTCATGGCAGTATTAGCACATAGTCAATTTGCTG
7501	CAAGTACCTTCCAAGCTGCGGCCTCCCATAAATCCTGTATTTGGGATCAG TTACCTTTTGGGGTAAGCTTTTGTATCTGCAGAGACCCTGGGGGTTCTGA
	TGTGCTTCAGCTCTGCTCTGTTCTGACTGCACCATTTTCTAGATCACCCA GTTGTTCCTGTACAACTTCCTTGTCCTCCATCCTTTCCCAGCTTGTATCT
7651	TTGACAAATACAGGCCTATTTTTGTGTTTGCTTCAGCAGCCATTTAATTC TTCAGTGTCATCTTGTTCTGTTGATGCCACTGGAACAGGATTTTCAGCAG TCTTGCAAAGAACATCTAGCTGAAAACTTTCTGCCATTCAATATTCTTAC
7801	CAGTTCTTCTTGTTTGAGGTGAGCCATAAATTACTAGAACTTCGTCACTG ACAAGTTTATGCATTTTATTACTTCTATTATGTACTTACT
7951	ACAGACACGCACATATTTTGCTGGGATTTCCACAGTGTCTCTGTGTCCTTCACATGGTTTTACTGTCATACTTCCGTTATAACCTTGGCAATCTGCCCAG
	CTGCCCATCACAAGAAAAGAGATTCCTTTTTTTATTACTTCTCTTCAGCCA ATAAACAAAATGTGAGAAGCCCAAACAAGAACTTGTGGGGCAGGCTGCCA
8101	TCAAGGGAGACAGCTGAAGGGTTGTGTAGCTCAATAGAATTAAGAAAT AATAAAGCTGTGTCAGACAGTTTTGCCTGATTTATACAGGCACGCCCCAA GCCAGAGAGGCTGTCTGCCAAGGCCACCTTGCAGTCCTTGGTTTGTAAGA
8251	TAAGTCATAGGTAACTTTTCTGGTGAATTGCGTGGAGAATCATGATGGCA GTTCTTGCTGTTTACTATGGTAAGATGCTAAAATAGGAGACAGCAAAGTA
8401	ACACTTGCTGTAGGTGCTCTGCTATCCAGACAGCGATGGCACTCGCA CACCAAGATGAGGGATGCTCCCAGCTGACGGATGCTGGGGCAGTAACAGT
0401	GGGTCCCATGCTGCTCATTAGCATCACCTCAGCCCTCACCAGCCCA TCAGAAGGATCATCCCAAGCTGAGGAAAGTTGCTCATCTTCTTCACATCA
8551	TCAAACCTTTGGCCTGACTGATGCCTCCCGGATGCTTAAATGTGGTCACT GACATCTTTATTTTTCTATGATTTCAAGTCAGAACCTCCGGATCAGGAGG
8701	GAACACATAGTGGGAATGTACCCTCAGCTCCAAGGCCAGATCTTCCTTC
	CCTTTGTTATTTTTCTTCCTGCTGTCAGGAACATTTTGAATACCAGAGA AAAAGAAAAG
8851	TAAAGGATGCAGTCCCAAATGTTCATAATCTCAGGGTCTGAAGGAGGATC AGAAACTGTGTATACAATTTCAGGCTTCTCTGAATGCAGCTTTTTGAAAGC TGTTCCTGGCCGAGGCAGTACTAGTCAGAACCCTCGGAAACAGGAACAAA
9001	TGTCTTCAAGGTGCAGCAGGAGGAAACACCTTGCCCATCATGAAAGTGAA TAACCACTGCCGCTGAAGGAATCCAGCTCCTGTTTGAGCAGGTGCTGCAC ACTCCCACACTGAAACAACAGTTCATTTTTATAGGACTTCCAGGAAGGA
9151	CTTCTTCTTAAGCTTCTTAATTATGGTACATCTCCAGTTGGCAGATGACT ATGACTACTGACAGGAGAATGAGGAACTAGCTGGGAATATTTCTGTTTGA
9301	CCACCATGGAGTCACCCATTTCTTTACTGGTATTTGGAAATAATAATTCT GAATTGCAAAGCAGGAGTTAGCGAAGATCTTCATTTCTTCCATGTTGGTG ACAGCACAGTTCTGGCTATGAAAGTCTGCTTACAAGGAAGAGGATAAAAA
9401	TCATAGGGATAATAAATCTAAGTTTGAAGACAATGAGGTTTTAGCTGCAT TTGACATGAAGAAATTGAGACCTCTACTGGATAGCTATGGTATTTACGTG TCTTTTTGCTTAGTTACTTATTGACCCCAGCTGAGGTCAAGTATGAACTC
9551	AGGTCTCTCGGGCTACTGGCATGGATTGATTACATACAACTGTAATTTTA GCAGTGATTTAGGGTTTATGAGTACTTTTGCAGTAAATCATAGGGTTAGT AATGTTAATCTCAGGGAAAAAAAAAA
9701	AATGTTAATCTCAGGGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGCCAACCCTGACAGACA

9851	${\tt GGAATTTTCTCTCCGCTGCACAGTTCCAGTCATCCCAGTTTGTACAGTTC}$
	TGGCACTTTTTGGGTCAGGCCGTGATCCAAGGAGCAGAAGTTCCAGCTAT
	GGTCAGGGAGTGCCTGACCGTCCCAACTCACTGCACTCAAACAAA
10001	${\tt AACCACAAGAGTGGCTTTTGTTGAAATTGCAGTGTGGCCCAGAGGGGCTG}$
	CACCAGTACTGGATTGACCACGAGGCAACATTAATCCTCAGCAAGTGCAA
	TTTGCAGCCATTAAATTGAACTAACTGATACTACAATGCAATCAGTATCA
10151	${\tt ACAAGTGGTTTGGCTTGGAAGATGGAGTCTAGGGGCTCTACAGGAGTAGC}$
	${\tt TACTCTCTAATGGAGTTGCATTTTGAAGCAGGACACTGTGAAAAGCTGGC}$
	$\tt CTCCTAAAGAGGCTGCTAAACATTAGGGTCAATTTTCCAGTGCACTTTCT$
10301	GAAGTGTCTGCAGTTCCCCATGCAAAGCTGCCCAAACATAGCACTTCCAA
	${\tt TTGAATACAATTATATGCAGGCGTACTGCTTCTTGCCAGCACTGTCCTTC}$
	${\tt TCAAATGAACTCAACAAACAATTTCAAAGTCTAGTAGAAAGTAACAAGCT}$
10451	${\tt TTGAATGTCATTAAAAAGTATATCTGCTTTCAGTAGTTCAGCTTATTTAT$
	${\tt GCCCACTAGAAACATCTTGTACAAGCTGAACACTGGGGCTCCAGATTAGT}$
	${\tt GGTAAAACCTACTTTATACAATCATAGAATCATAGAATGGCCTGGGTTGG}$
10601	${\tt AAGGGACCCCAAGGATCATGAAGATCCAACACCCCCGCCACAGGCAGG$
	${\tt CACCAACCTCCAGATCTGGTACTAGACCAGGCAGCCCAGGGCTCCATCCA$
	${\tt ACCTGGCCATGAACACCTCCAGGGATGGAGCATCCACAACCTCTCTGGGC}$
10751	${\tt AGCCTGTGCCAGCACCTCACCACCCTCTCTGTGAAGAACTTTTCCCTGAC}$
	${\tt ATCCAATCTAAGCCTTCCCTCCTTGAGGTTAGATCCACTCCCCTTGTGC}$
	${\tt TATCACTGTCTACTCTTGTAAAAAGTTGATTCTCCTCCTTTTTGGAAGGT}$
10901	${\tt TGCAATGAGGTCTCCTTGCAGCCTTCTTCTTCTTCTGCAGGATGAACAAGC}$
	$\tt CCAGCTCCCTCAGCCTGTCTTTATAGGAGAGGTGCTCCAGCCCTCTGATC$
	${\tt ATCTTTGTGGCCCTCCTGGACCCGCTCCAAGAGCTCCACATCTTTCCT}$
11051	${\tt GTACTGGGGGCCCCAGGCCTGAATGCAGTACTCCAGATGGGGCCTCAAAA}$
	${\tt GAGCAGAGTAAAGAGGGACAATCACCTTCCTCACCCTGCTGGCCAGCCCT}$
	$\tt CTTCTGATGGAGCCCTGGATACAACTGGCTTTCTGAGCTGCAACTTCTCC$
11201	${\tt TTATCAGTTCCACTATTAAAACAGGAACAATACAACAGGTGCTGATGGCC}$
	${\tt AGTGCAGAGTTTTTCACACTTCTTCATTTCGGTAGATCTTAGATGAGGAA}$
	$\tt CGTTGAAGTTGTGCTTCTGCGTGTGCTTCTTCCTCCTCAAATACTCCTGC$
11351	CTGATACCTCACCCCACCTGCCACTGAATGGCTCCATGGCCCCCTGCAGC
	CAGGGCCCTGATGAACCCGGCACTGCTTCAGATGCTGTTTAATAGCACAG
	TATGACCAAGTTGCACCTATGAATACACAAACAATGTGTTGCATCCTTCA
11501	$\tt GCACTTGAGAAGAGAGCCAAATTTGCATTGTCAGGAAATGGTTTAGTAA$
	TTCTGCCAATTAAAACTTGTTTATCTACCATGGCTGTTTTTATGGCTGTT
	${\tt AGTAGTGGTACACTGATGATGAACAATGGCTATGCAGTAAAATCAAGACT}$
11651	${\tt GTAGATATTGCAACAGACTATAAAATTCCTCTGTGGCTTAGCCAATGTGG}$
	TACTTCCCACATTGTATAAGAAATTTGGCAAGTTTAGAGCAATGTTTGAA
	$\tt GTGTTGGGAAATTTCTGTATACTCAAGAGGGCGTTTTTGACAACTGTAGA$
11801	${\tt ACAGAGGAATCAAAAGGGGGGTGGGAGGAAGTTAAAAGAAGAGGGCAGGTGC}$
	${\tt AAGAGAGCTTGCAGTCCCGCTGTGTGTACGACACTGGCAACATGAGGTCT}$
	$\tt TTGCTAATCTTGGTGCTTTGCTTCCTGCCCCTGGCTGCCTTAGGGTGCGA$
11951	TCTGCCTCAGACCCACAGCCTGGGCAGCAGGAGGACCCTGATGCTGCTGG
	CTCAGATGAGGAGAATCAGCCTGTTTAGCTGCCTGAAGGATAGGCACGAT
	TTTGGCTTTCCTCAAGAGGAGTTTGGCAACCAGTTTCAGAAGGCTGAGAC
12101	CATCCCTGTGCTGCACGAGATGATCCAGCAGATCTTTAACCTGTTTAGCA
	CCAAGGATAGCAGCGCTGCTTGGGATGAGACCCTGCTGGATAAGTTTTAC
	ACCGAGCTGTACCAGCAGCTGAACGATCTGGAGGCTTGCGTGATCCAGGG
12251	CGTGGGCGTGACCGAGACCCCTCTGATGAAGGAGGATAGCATCCTGGCTG
	TGAGGAAGTACTTTCAGAGGATCACCCTGTACCTGAAGGAGAAGAAGTAC

	AGCCCCTGCGCTTGGGAAGTCGTGAGGGCTGAGATCATGAGGAGCTTTAC
12401	CCTGAGCACCAACCTGCAAGAGAGCTTGAGGTCTAAGGAGTAAAAAGTCT
	AGAGTCGGGGCGCGTGGTAGGTGGCGGGGGGTTCCCAGGAGAGCCCC
	CAGCGCGGACGCCGCCGTCACTCACCGCTCCGTCTCCCCCCCC
12551	GGTCGCCTGGCGCAACCGCTGCAAGGGCACCGACGTCCAGGCGTGGATCA
	GAGGCTGCCGGCTGTGAGGAGCTGCCGCCCCGGCCCGCCC
	CCGGCCGCTTTGCGAGCGCGACGCTACCCGCTTGGCAGTTTTAAACGCAT
12701	CCCTCATTAAAACGACTATACGCAAACGCCTTCCCGTCGGTCCGCGTCTC
12,01	TTTCCGCCGCCAGGGCGACACTCGCGGGGAGGGCGGGAAGGGGCCGGG
	GGGAGCCGCGCCAACCGTCGCCCCGTGACGCACCGCCCCCCGT
12851	GACGCGGTGCGGGCCGGGGCCGTGGGGCTGAGCGCTGCGGCGGGCCG
12001	GGCCGGGCCGGGAGCTGAGCGCGCGCGCTGCGGGCGCCCCC
	CTCCGGTGCAATATGTTCAAGAGAATGGCTGAGTTCGGGCCTGACTCCGG
12001	GGGCAGGTGAAGGTGCGGCGCGGGGGGGGGGGCGGGGGGGG
T200T	CGCCCGGCGGGTGCCGGGCCTCTGCCGGCCCGGCCCGGCTCGGGCTGCT
	CGCCCGGCGCGCCCCGCCCGCCCCGCCCCGCCCCCCCCC
10151	
TOTOT	GCAAGGGCGTCACCATCGTGAAGCCGGTAGTGTACGGGAACGTGGCGCGG
	TACTTCGGGAAGAAGAGGGAGGAGGACGGCACACGCATCAGTGGACGGT
	TTACGTGAAGCCCTACAGGAACGAGGTAGGGCCCGAGCGCTCGGCCGCC
13301	GTTCTCGGAGCGCCGGAGCCGTCAGCGCCCCGCGCCTGGGTGCGCTGTGGGA
	CACAGCGAGCTTCTCTCGTAGGACATGTCCGCCTACGTGAAAAAAATCCA
	GTTCAAGCTGCACGAGAGCTACGGGAATCCTCTCCGAGGTGGGTG
13451	TCGGGGGGTTTGCTCCGCTCGGTCCCGCTGAGGCTCGTCGCCCTCATCTT
	TCTTTCGTGCCGCAGTCGTTACCAAACCGCCGTACGAGATCACCGAAACG
13551	GGCTGGGGCGAATTTGAAATCATCATCAAGATATTTTTCATTGATCCAAA
	CGAGCGACCCGTAAGTACGCTCAGCTTCTCGTAGTGCTTCCCCCGTCCTG
	GCGGCCCGGGGCTGGCTGCTGCTGCCGGTCACAGTCCCGCCAGCC
13701	GCGGAGCTGACTGAGCTCCCTTTCCCGGGACGTGTGCTCTGTGTTCGGTC
	${\tt AGCGAGGCTATCGGGAGGGCTTTGGCTGCATTTGGCTTCTCTGGCGCTTTATGGGGGGGG$
	GCGCAGGAGCACGTTGTGCTACGCCTGAACTACAGCTGTGAGAAGGCCGT
13851	GGAAACCGCTCTCAAACTGATTTATTGGCGAAATGGCTCTAAACTAAATC
	GTCTCCTCTTTGGAAATGCTTTAGAGAAGGTCTCTGTGGTAGTTCTTA
	TGCATCTATCCTAAAGCACTTGGCCAGACAATTTAAAGACATCAAGCAGC
14001	ATTTATAGCAGGCACGTTTAATAACGAATACTGAATTTAAGTAACTCTGC
	TCACGTTGTATGACGTTTATTTTCGTATTCCTGAAAGCCATTAAAATCCT
	GTGCAGTTGTTTAGTAAGAACAGCTGCCACTGTTTTGTATCTAGGAGATA
14151	ACTGGTGTTTCCCTACAGTTCTCAAGCTGATAAAACTCTGTCTTTGTATC
	TAGGTAACCCTGTATCACTTGCTGAAGCTTTTTCAGTCTGACACCAATGC
	AATCCTGGGAAAGAAACTGTAGTTTCTGAATTCTATGATGAAATGGTAI
14301	GAAAATTTTAATGTCAACCGAGCCTGACTTTATTTAAAAAAAA
11001	TGGTGCTGTATTTTGGTCCTTCCTTAGATATTTCAAGATCCTACTGCC
	ATGATGCAGCAACTGCTAACGACGTCCCGTCAGCTGACACTTGGTGCTTA
11151	CAAGCATGAAACAGAGTGTAAGTGCAAAATGAGGATACCTTCGCCGACCG
TAAOT	TCATTCACTACTAATGTTTTCTGTGGGATGTGATCGTACAGTGAGTTTGG
1 4 6 0 1	CTGTGTGAAATTTGAATAGCTTGGTATTGGCAGTGATGACGTGATCGATC
T400T	CCTTGCTTATCATGTTTGAAATGAAGTAGAATAAATGCAGCCTGCTTTAT
	TTGAGATAGTTTGGTTCATTTTATGGAATGCAAGCAAAGATTATACTTCC
4	TCACTGAATTGCACTGTCCAAAGGTGTGAAATGTGTGGGGGATCTGGAGGA
14751	CCGTGACCGAGGGACATTGGATCGCTATCTCCCATTTCTTTTGCTGTTAC
	CAGTTCAGATTTTCTTTTCACCTAGTCTTTAATTCCCAGGGTTTTGTTTT

TTCCTTGGTCATAGTTTTTGTTTTTCACTCTGGCAAATGATGTTGTGAAT 14901 TACACTGCTTCAGCCACAAAACTGATGGACTGAATGAGGTCATCAAACAA ACTTTTCTTCTTCCGTATTTCCTTTTTTTTCCCCCACTTATCATTTTTAC TGCTGTTGTTGAGTCTGTAAGGCTAAAAGTAACTGTTTTTGTGCTTTTTCA TTTAAAGATAATTCATGTTTCTTCTTCTTTTTTTGCCACCACAGTTGCAGA TCTTGAAGTAAAAACCAGGGAAAAGCTGGAAGCTGCCAAAAAGAAAACCA 15201 GTTTTGAAATTGCTGAGCTTAAAGAAAGGTTAAAAGCAAGTCGTGAAACC ATCAACTGCTTAAAGAGTGAAATCAGAAAACTCGAAGAGGATGATCAGTC TAAAGATATGTGATGAGTGTTGACTTGGCAGGGAGCCTATAATGAGAATG 15351 AAAGGACTTCAGTCGTGGAGTTGTATGCGTTCTCCCAATTCTGTAACGG AGACTGTATGAATTTCATTTGCAAATCACTGCAGTGTGTGACAACTGACT TTTTATAAATGGCAGAAAACAAGAATGAATGTATCCTCATTTTATAGTTA 15501 AAATCTATGGGTATGTACTGGTTTATTTCAAGGAGAATGGATCGTAGAGA CTTGGAGGCCAGATTGCTGCTTGTATTGACTGCATTTGAGTGGTGTAGGA ACATTTTGTCTATGGTCCCGTGTTAGTTTACAGAATGCCACTGTTCACTG 15651 TTTTGTTTTGTATTTTACTTTTTCTACTGCAACGTCAAGGTTTTAAAAAGT GTTTGGGCTTCAAGTATTATTGTTAACAGCAAGTCCTGATTTAAGTCAGA 15801 GGCTGAAGTGTAATGGTATTCAAGATGCTTAAGTCTGTTGTCAGCAAAAC AAAAGAGAAAACTTCATAAAATCAGGAAGTTGGCATTTCTAATAACTTCT TTATCAACAGATAAGAGTTTCTAGCCCTGCATCTACTTTCACTTATGTAG 15951 TTGATGCCTTTATATTTTGTGTGTTTTGGATGCAGGAAGTGATTCCTACTC TGTTATGTAGATATTCTATTTAACACTTGTACTCTGCTGTGCTTAGCCTT 16051 TCCCCATGAAAATTCAGCGGCTGTAAATCCCCCTCTTCTTTTGTAGCCTC ATACAGATGGCAGACCCTCAGGCTTATAAAGGCTTGGGCATCTTCTTTAC TGCTTTGAGATTCTGTGTTGCAGTAACCTCTGCCAGAGAGGAGAAAAGCC 16201 CCACAAACCTCATCCCCTTCTTCTATAGCAATCAGTATTACTAATGCTTT GAGAACAGAGCACTGGTTTGAAACGTTTGATAATTAGCATTTAACATGGC TTGGTAAAGATGCAGAACTGAAACAGCTGTGACAGTATGAACTCAGTATG 16351 GAGACTTCATTAAGACAAACAGCTGTTAAAATCAGGCATGTTTCATTGAG CTGCAGACCAATTTTTCTGGCATTCTGACTGCCGTTGCTGCTGGTCACAG 16501 AGAGCAACTATTTTTATCAGCCACAGGCAATTTGCTTGTAGTATTTTCCA AGTGTTGTAGGTAAGTATAAATGCATCGGCTCCAGAGCACTTTGAGTATA CTTATTAAAAACATAAATGAAAGACAAATTAGCTTTGCTTGGGTGCACAG 16651 AACATTTTTAGTTCCAGCCTGCTTTTTGGTAGAAGCCCTCTTCTGAGGCT AGAACTGACTTTGACAAGTAGAGAAACTGGCAACGGAGCTATTGCTATCG 16751 AAGGATCCTTGTTAACAAAGTTAATCGTCTTTTAAGGTTTGGTTTATTCA TTAAATTTGCTTTTAAGCTGTAGCTGAAAAAGAACGTGCTGTCTTCCATG 16851 CACCAGGTGGCAGCTCTGTGCAAAGTGCTCTCTGGTCTCACCAGCCTTTT AATTGCCGGGATTCTGGCACGTCTGAGAGGGCTCAGACTGGCTTCGTTTG TTTGAACAGCGTGTACTGCTTTCTGTAGACATGGCCGGTTTCTCTCCTGC 17001 AGCTTATGAAACTGTTCACACTGAACACTGGAACAGGTTGCCCAAGGA GGCCGTGGATGCCCCATCCCTGGAGGCATTCAAGGCCAGGCTGGATGTGG CTCTGGGCAGCCTGGTCTGGTGGTTGGCGATCCTGCACATAGCAGCGGGG 17151 TTGAAACTCGATGATCACTGTGGTCCTTTTCAACCCAGGCTATTCTATGA AGTGCTACTGTTTGCAAGTTTTGTTCATTTGGTAAAAGAGTCAGGTTTTA

TCTTTGGGGTTCTTTTTGATGCTTTATCTTTCTCTGCCAGGACTGTGTGA CAATGGGAACGAAAAAGAACATGCCAGGCACTGTCCTGGATTGCACACGC 17451 TGGTTGCACTCAGTAGCAGGCTCAGAACTGCCAGTCTTTCCACAGTATTA CTTTCTAAACCTAATTTTAATAGCGTTAGTAGACTTCCATCACTGGGCAG TGCTTAGTGAATGCTCTGTGTGAACGTTTTACTTATAAGCATGTTGGAAG 17601 TTTTGATGTTCCTGGATGCAGTAGGGAAGGACAGATTAGCTATGTGAAAA GTAGATTCTGAGTATCGGGGTTACAAAAAGTATAGAAACGATGAGAAATT CTTGTTGTAACTAATTGGAATTTCTTTAAGCGTTCACTTATGCTACATTC 17751 ATAGTATTTCCATTTAAAAGTAGGAAAAGGTAAAACGTGAAATCGTGTGA TTTTCGGATGGAACACCGCCTTCCTATGCACCTGACCAACTTCCAGAGGA AAAGCCTATTGAAAGCCGAGATTAAGCCACCAAAAGAACTCATTTGCATT 17901 GGAATATGTAGTATTTGCCCTCTTCCTCCCGGGTAATTACTATACTTTAT AGGGTGCTTATATGTTAAATGAGTGGCTGGCACTTTTTATTCTCACAGCT GTGGGGAATTCTGTCCTCTAGGACAGAAACAATTTTAATCTGTTCCACTG 18051 GTGACTGCTTTGTCAGCACTTCCACCTGAAGAGATCAATACACTCTTCAA TGTCTAGTTCTGCAACACTTGGCAAACCTCACATCTTATTTCATACTCTC TTCATGCCTATGCTTATTAAAGCAATAATCTGGGTAATTTTTGTTTTAAT 18201 CACTGTCCTGACCCCAGTGATGACCGTGTCCCACCTAAAGCTCAATTCAG GTCCTGAATCTCTTCAACTCTCTATAGCTAACATGAAGAATCTTCAAAAG TTAGGTCTGAGGGACTTAAGGCTAACTGTAGATGTTGTTGCCTGGTTTCT 18351 GTGCTGAAGGCCGTGTAGTAGTTAGAGCATTCAACCTCTAGAAGAAGCTT GGCCAGCTGGTCGACCTGCAGATCCGGCCCTCGAGGGGGGGCCCGGTACC CAGCTTTTGTTCCCTTTAGTGAGGGTTAATTTCGAGCTTGGCGTAATCAT 18501 GGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAC AACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGT GAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGG 18651 GAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGA GGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCT 18801 TAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGA GCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGC GTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCT 18951 CAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTT CCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTAC CGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATA 19101 GCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTG GGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGG TAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGG 19251 CAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCT ACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGT ATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTG 19401 GTAGCTCTTGATCCGGCAAACAAACCACCGCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTT GTTTGCAAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCC TTTGATCTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTT 19551 AAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTT TTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAAC TTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGA 19701 TCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATA ACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACC

19851	$\tt CCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTATCCGCCTCCATC$
	${\tt CAGTCTATTAATTGTTGCCGGGAAGCTAGAGTAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAA}$
	${\tt TAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTCACGCT}$
20001	${\tt CGTCGTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGA}$
	GTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCC
	${\tt TCCGATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTA}$
20151	${\tt TGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTT}$
	${\tt TCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCG}$
	${\tt GCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCAC}$
20301	$\verb ATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGA $
	${\tt AAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCAC}$
	${\tt TCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTG}$
20451	GGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCG
	${\tt ACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCTTTTCAATATTATTGAAG}$
	${\tt CATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTT}$
20601	AGAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCA
	$\tt CCTAAATTGTAAGCGTTAATATTTTGTTAAAATTCGCGTTAAATTTTTGT$
	${\tt TAAATCAGCTCATTTTTTAACCAATAGGCCGAAATCGGCAAAATCCCTTA}$
20751	${\tt TAAATCAAAAGAATAGACCGAGATAGGGTTGAGTGTTGCCAGTTTGGA}$
	ACAAGAGTCCACTATTAAAGAACGTGGACTCCAACGTCAAAGGGCGAAAA
	${\tt ACCGTCTATCAGGGCGATGGCCCACTACGTGAACCATCACCCTAATCAAG}$
20901	$\verb"TTTTTGGGGTCGAGGTGCCGTAAAGCACTAAATCGGAACCCTAAAGGGA"$
	$\tt GCCCCGATTTAGAGCTTGACGGGGAAAGCCGGCGAACGTGGCGAGAAAG$
	${\tt GAAGGGAAGAAGCGAAAGGAGCGGGCGCTAGGGCGCTGGCAAGTGTAGC}$
21051	GGTCACGCTGCGCGTAACCACCACACCCGCCGCGCTTAATGCGCCGCTAC
	AGGGCGCGTCCCATTCGCCATTCAGGCTGCGCAACTGTTGGGAAGGGCGA
	${\tt TCGGTGCGGGCCTCTTCGCTATTACGCCAGCTGGCGAAAGGGGGATGTGC}$
21201	${\tt TGCAAGGCGATTAAGTTGGGTAACGCCAGGGTTTTCCCAGTCACGACGTT}$
	${\tt GTAAAACGACGGCCAGTGAATTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGAATTG}$
21301	GAGCTCCACCGCGGTGGCGGCCGCTCTAG

Fig. 8

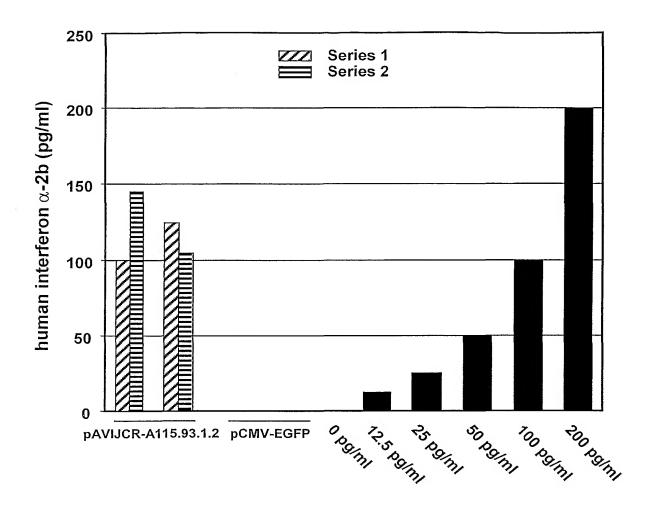


Fig. 9

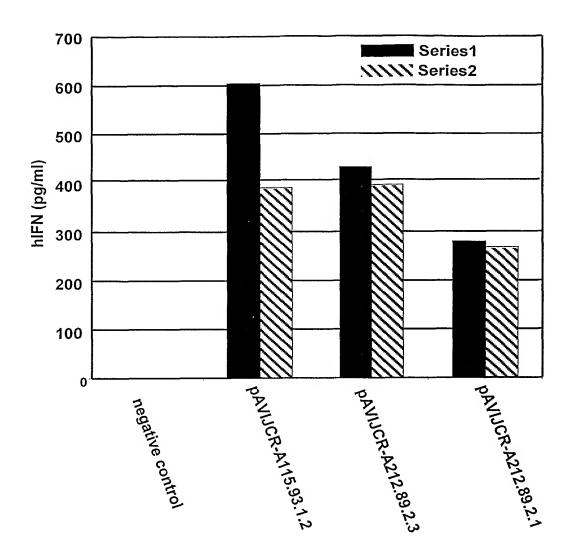
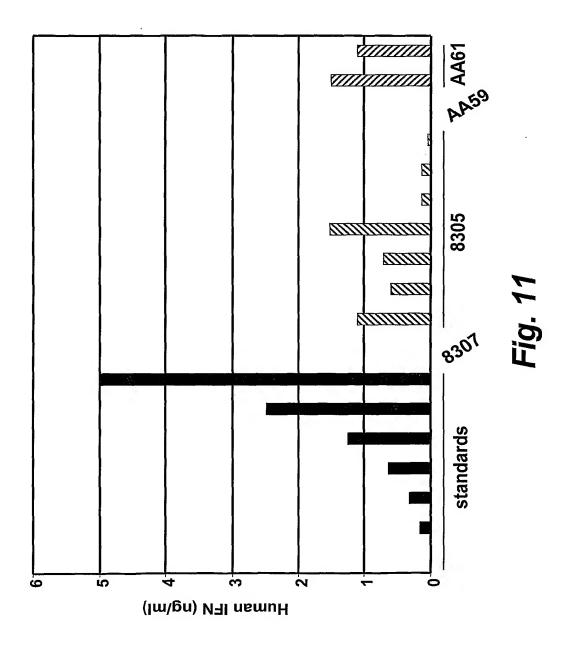


Fig. 10



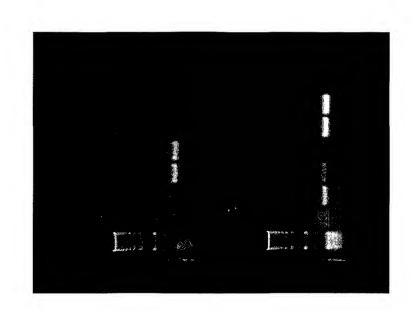


Fig. 12